GAS REGIONAL INVESTMENT PLAN 2014-2023 european network of transmission system operators Southern Corridor **GRIP ANNEX B: INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS**

























LING projects FID

LNG-F-147	Revythoussa (2nd upgrade)					FID
LNG Terminal						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION			
Promoter	DESFA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Co	mmon Interest	Public Financing	35%
Operator	DESFA S.A.	In PCI list ?		No	Private Financing	15%
		IGAs	None		Multilateral Financing	50%
		Web Link	www.desfa.gr			
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 30.04.2010	Year Funding Granted Not approved (G176/10)		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q1	Regasification facility	Revythoussa LNG Terminal
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2011 Q1	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+2.10
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2013 Q3	Storage capacity (m3)	+95,000
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q1	Send-out (mcm/d)	+5.68
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Ship size (m3)	260,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	Yes

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Revythoussa	Yes	entry	67.40	LNG Terminals Greece	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The projects consists of:

- the upgrading of the send-out capacity from 1,000 to 1,400 m3/h (from 14.14 to 19.82 Nm3/d)
- the upgrading of the storage capacity from 130,000 m3 to 225,000 m3 with the addition of a 3rd tank
- the increase of maximum ship size from 140,000 to 260,000 m3

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (BG- RO), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (GR), N-1 Regional (BG- RO), The LNG Terminal at Revythoussa plays significant role regarding the Security of Supply of gas in Greece and contributes to the stable operation of NNGS. The project will enhance the above attitudes along with its flexibility for serving more shippers. It will also increase the storage capacity of the terminal. Both above benefits will also be felt by BG and RO through the reverse flow arrangements or new North-South interconnections.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
Greek State and EU funds (NSRF 2007-2013)		Loan application submitted to EIB in July 2013

LNG projects non-FID

LNG-N-011		Brindisi LNG					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING			
Promoter	BG Group	TEN-E Project ?	Priority Project	Public Financing	-		
Operator	BG Group	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.brindisilng.it				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2013 Q4	Regasification facility	
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+8.00
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction		Storage capacity (m3)	+320,000
Exemption granted ?	Yes	Commissioning	2017 Q4	Send-out (mcm/d)	+25.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Ship size (m3)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Brindisi	No	exit	275.00	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

No data made available by sponsor

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, SoS:

o Gas for the Project is intended to be sourced from BG's LNG supply portfolio. The Project should therefore increase the number of supply sources to the Italian market and reduce the EU's dependence on a few large suppliers (Russia and Algeria). This will enhance the security of supply not only to Italy but also to the Southern European region.

o The development of the Brindisi LNG project will provide an alternative mechanism to pipelines at a national and European level for the transportation of gas into the EU.

o The investment in the Terminal will also support wider infrastructure enhancement in the SNAM Rete Gas national transportation network.

Market Integration (Increase of competition):

o The project will allow the entry of new operators into the Italian wholesale gas market and will provide the power generators, industrial users and the retail gas market with important alternative sources to the incumbent gas wholesaler. The project will therefore promote competition in both the wholesale and retail markets, whilst constituting an important investment in Italian gas infrastructure.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-062	2 Alexa	Alexandroupolis Independent Natural Gas System - LNG Section						
LNG Terminal								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING				
Promoter	Gastrade S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	30%			
Operator	Gastrade S.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	70%			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q2	Regasification facility	Alexandroupolis INGS LNG - FSRU
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q4	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+3.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q1	Storage capacity (m3)	+170,000
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q2	Send-out (mcm/d)	+16.80
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Ship size (m3)	170,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Alexandropolis LNG	Yes	exit	187.50	LNG Terminals Greece	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project comprises an offshore floating LNG terminal (FSRU) including mooring, flex risers, PLEM, etc. located permanently in the Sea of Thrace, NE Greece.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (SEE+Serbia+FYROM), Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Greece), N-1 Regional (SEE+Serbia+FYROM), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-082	2	LNGRV					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N .	FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	LNG Hrvatska d.o.o.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Not applicable	End of permitting phase		Regasification facility	LNG RV Croatia
Considered Tariff Regime	Not applicable	FID		Expected volume (bcm/y)	+2.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Storage capacity (m3)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2017	Send-out (mcm/d)	+5.50
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Ship size (m3)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
LNG RV (Regasification Vessel) to Croatia	Yes	exit	60.50	LNG Terminals Croatia	Hub Croatia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The LNG RV will be situated in Omišalj on the island of Krk, Republic of Croatia.

It is considered a part of the Energy Community Gas Ring, which is the concept of gasification for the entire region, proposed by the WB Study and accepted by the Gas Fora of the Energy Community.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Croatia, markets of Central and Western Europe (Austria, Slovenia, Hungary, Slovakia, Check Republic) as well as the Balkan countries (Serbia, B&H, Montenegro...)), Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (for Croatia), N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-08	5	api nòva energia S.r	Non-FID				
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS			GENERAL INFORMATION			FINANCING	
Promoter		API Nova Energia S.r.l.	TEN-E Project ?	Project ? Project of Common Interest		Public Financing	-
Operator		API Nova Energia S.r.l.	In PCI list ?	No		Private Financing	100%
			IGAs	None		Multilateral Financing	-
			Web Link	apinovaenergia.gruppoapi.com/Gas-Power/Terminale-GNL/			
			TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 24.04.2009 28.02.2011	Year Funding Granted 2010 Not yet		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2012 Q1	Regasification facility	api nòva energia S.r.l. – LNG off-shore regasification terminal of Falconara Marittima (Ancona, Italy)
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014 Q3	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+4.00
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction	2015 Q3	Storage capacity (m3)	+150,000
Exemption granted ?	Not yet	Commissioning	2018 Q1	Send-out (mcm/d)	+25.90
% Exemption in entry direction	100%	Last completed Phase :	Permitting	Ship size (m3)	150,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Falconara Marittima	No	exit	284.90	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project envisages the utilization of

(i) an off-shore mooring structure, Single Point Mooring type, located 16 km off the coast and currently used for the crude oil discharge for the Falconara Marittima refinery, to be adapted in order to allow also the mooring of Floating Storage Regasification Unit (FSRU) vessels and the discharge of regasified natural gas in the national gas network through a new off-shore and on-shore 20 km long connection pipeline, and

(ii) one or more FSRU vessels for the onboard regasification of LNG and the discharge through the SPM of regasified natural gas. Regasification operations shall be performed directly onboard the FSRU vessels, that shall load LNG either from liquefaction plants abroad or via transhipment from LNG carriers away from the SPM. No on-shore fixed LNG storage facilities shall be installed: the regasified gas shall be transported to the coast through a new submarine pipeline and shall then be redirected to a regulation and metering station for the connection with the existing national transport network, located close to the landing point.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-088	3	LNG Medgas Terminal S.r.l.					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS	ORS G		GENERAL INFORMATION				
Promoter	Sorgenia S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Priorit	y Project	Public Financing	-	
Operator	LNG Medgas Terminal S.r.l.	In PCI list ?	No		Private Financing	_	
		IGAs	None		Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.sorgenia.com / www.gruppoiren.it				
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 02.12.2008	Year Funding Granted 2010			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	(probably) Regulated	End of permitting phase	2012 Q1	Regasification facility	LNG Medgas Terminal S.r.l.
Considered Tariff Regime	(probably) Regulated	FID	2014 Q4	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+12.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q1	Storage capacity (m3)	+640,000
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2008 Q1	Send-out (mcm/d)	+32.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Permitting	Ship size (m3)	270,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Medgas Terminal LNG	No	exit	361.90	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

New large LNG Terminal of Gioia Tauro, in southern Italy.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Development of Italy as a gas hub and possibility to become an exporting country.), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy), N-1 Regional, N-1 criteria completion (regional level): a region is not yet formally defined; the LNG Medgas Terminal will however bring advantages at both national level and at regional level, considering the nature of a LNG project. It will contribute to the satisfaction of the European and Italian gas needs. Furthermore, the LNG Terminal of Gioia Tauro, by guaranteeing the possibility of buying LNG worldwide, will mitigate the European geopolitical risk, in particular for Italy which is highly dependent on Russian and Algerian imports. This aspect is in line with the specific criteria of the security of supply.

The position of Gioia Tauro is extremely strategic both for cargoes coming from the Suez Channel and from Atlantic basin. In the eventuality of disruptions in gas supplies from North African countries, the Gioia Tauro LNG Terminal would play a crucial role in allowing the supply of natural gas from alternative sources, without affecting the distribution chain that, from the Calabria region, provides natural gas to the rest of Italy and potentially also to Northern Europe.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-129	9	Aegean LNG Import Terminal					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING			
Promoter	DEPA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	DEPA S.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2014 Q3	Regasification facility	Regasification facility is integrated at the FSRU
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014 Q3	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+5.00
Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	Construction	2014 Q4	Storage capacity (m3)	+170,000
Exemption granted ?	Not yet	Commissioning	2016 Q1	Send-out (mcm/d)	+14.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Ship size (m3)	150,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	Yes

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Aegean LNG	Yes	exit	154.00	LNG Terminals Greece	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The LNG import terminal will be a FSRU, located at the North-Eastern (Northern Aegean) area of Greece, with a capacity of 3-5 bcm/y. It will supply LNG directly to Greece and, further north, to Bulgaria and Romania.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, N-1 National, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Being located in the North of Greece it will provide more balanced LNG supply in the country than the existing Revythousa terminal. The upgrading of the pipline network could be facilitated by creating an additional access point in this particular geographical area. Will make available small quantities of LNG for industrial/commercial applications and for its use as a transportation fuel for road, rail and marine applications. The availability of LNG in the South-Eastern Balkan area will increase the use of Natural Gas for electricity production and other big industrial applications, reducing substantially the GHG emissions. As a LNG storage facility, the project will respond to daily increases in demand (short term resilience).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-198	1	Porto Empedocle LNG					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING			
Promoter	Nuove Energie S.r.l.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	_		
Operator	Nuove Energie S.r.l.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.enel.it/it-IT/eventi_news/news/terminale-di- rigassificazione-di-porto- empedocle/p/090027d9819310b8				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2012 Q1	Regasification facility	Porto Empedocle LNG
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014 Q3	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+8.00
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction	2015 Q3	Storage capacity (m3)	+320,000
Exemption granted ?	Yes	Commissioning	2018 Q1	Send-out (mcm/d)	+23.10
% Exemption in entry direction	100%	Last completed Phase :	Permitting	Ship size (m3)	155,000
% Exemption in exit direction	100%			Reloading ability ?	Yes

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Porto Empedocle LNG	Yes	exit	254.10	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The planned Porto Empedocle LNG Terminal will be located in Italy, in the Sicily Region, cadastral area of Porto Empedocle, for which the promoter received a thirty-year concession. It will consist of:

- two underground storage tanks of 160,000 of m³ of capacity each,
- vaporiser pumps and other treatment facilities required to process LNG and
- a breakwater with mooring jetty and unloading arms.

The LNG Terminal at Porto Empedocle will offer:

- a nominal yearly regasification capacity of 8 billion m3;
- will be able to receive LNG tankers up to 155,000 m3 of capacity.

The LNG Terminal will be able to inject the gas at the standard grid pressure (around 70 bar) and will be connected to the transmission system operated by SnamReteGas by means of a pipeline section specifically built by SnamReteGas.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, The LNG terminal will provide some storage capacity within its tanks, allowing to provide flexibility to the system in an area where gas storage is not currently present.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

LNG-N-21	7	Zaule - LNG Terminal in Trieste (Italy)					
LNG Terminal							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATIO	N	FINANCING			
Promoter	Gas Natural Rigassificazione Italia	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	gasNatural Rigassificazione S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.rigassificatoretrieste.gasnatural.com/it/128508535 7074/inizio.html				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2014 Q2	Regasification facility	Zaule LNG Terminal (Trieste - Italy)
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2015 Q1	Expected volume (bcm/y)	+8.00
Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	Construction	2015 Q4	Storage capacity (m3)	+280,000
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018 Q4	Send-out (mcm/d)	+24.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Ship size (m3)	145,000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Reloading ability ?	No

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Zaule LNG (Trieste)	No	exit	264.00	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Onshore regasification terminal with 8 bcm/y capacity. Storage capacity: 2 x 140,000 m3; Send-out capacity: 1,075,000 Sm3/hour. Single jetty and maximum vessel size of 145,000 m3.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Italy and North and Central Europe), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy), N-1 Regional (Region South - North), Back-up for renewables, Power-togas, Decontamination of part of Trieste Industrial Harbour. Boost in economic activity in the city, province and region.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

Transportation projects FID

TRA-F-016	5	Slovakia - Hungary interconnection					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION FINANCING				
Promoter	eustream, a.s.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	16%		
Operator	eustream, a.s.	In PCI list?	Yes	Private Financing	84%		
		IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.eustream.sk/en_transmission-system/en_sk-hu- interconnector				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2012 Q1	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2010 Q1	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+18.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2012 Q2	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2015 Q1	Expected Load Factor	+0.80
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Balassagyarmat	Yes	exit	127.40	Hub Slovakia	Hub Hungary (SK-HU Interconnector)
	Yes	entry	50.90	Hub Hungary	Hub Slovakia
				(SK-HU Interconnector)	

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Creation of a missing interconnection between SK and HU and thus increase the Security of Supply in CEE region, and enhance market integration and functionality.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (CEE region), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Slovakia, Hungary), N-1 Regional (CEE region), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
Interconnector Slovakia – Hungary: EEPR: € 3.3 mil.	eustream, a.s.	

TRA-F-017	7	System Enhancements - Eustream					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING			
Promoter	eustream, a.s.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	eustream, a.s.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	100%		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.eustream.sk.				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2009 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2010 Q1	Total Pipeline Length (km)	not appliccable
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2010 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2017	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	

PROJECTED CAPACITY INCREASES						
Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone	

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT						
Modernization and Upgrade (i.e. redesign, increase, of integrity and flexibility	ty) of the network and replacement of technologies in order to meet environment	ental norms.				
EXPECTED BENEFITS						
Security of Supply, Market integration, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-ga	Security of Supply, Market integration, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Modernization and upgrade of the network and replacement of technologies due to environmental norms.					
COMMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT FINANCING						
Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing				
	eustream, a.s.					

TRA-F-029		RO-BG Interconnection				
Pipeline including CS	Same project as TRA-F-059					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING		
Promoter	Transgaz	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	37%	
Operator	Transgaz	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	63%	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.transgaz.ro			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2011 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2010 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+25.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2013 Q2	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2014 Q2	Expected Load Factor	+1.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Ruse (BG) / Giurgiu (RO)	Yes	exit	14.38	Hub Romania	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
	Yes	entry	14.38	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Hub Romania

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The projects consists in linking the GIORGIU gas metering station (GMS), on the Romanian side, with the Ruse GMS on the Bulgarian side with a 25 km, DN 500 pipeline. It includes a crossing under Danube river. The design pressure is 40 bar and the annual capacity 1.5 bcm/y. Same project as TRA-F-059.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, Diversification of sources of energy, routes and supplies; increasing the degree of interconnectivity between the gas transmission systems of the two countries; safety, reliability and interoperability of interconnected energy networks, including enabling bidirectional gas flows; contribution to the establishment of the South-Eastern European regional gas market.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-F-139	Integrati	FID			
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	1	FINANCING	
Promoter	Transgaz	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-
Operator	Transgaz	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	www.transgaz.ro		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS 1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2010	Total Pipeline Length (km)
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016	Expected Load Factor
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Permitting	Diameter (range) (mm)
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Isaccea (RO) - Orlovka (UA)	Yes	entry	147.00	Transit Ukraine	Hub Romania

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project implies the construction of a connection pipeline between the DN 1000 Pipeline (Transit 1 Bulgaria) and the Romanian Transmission System, with the possibility to meter the natural gas volumes transmitted in both directions. The project is currently under reassessment.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (RO, BG, UKR), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Power-to-gas, Biogas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-F-142		FID			
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING	
Promoter	Transgaz	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	50%
Operator	Transgaz	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	50%
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	www.transgaz.ro		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2010	Total Pipeline Length (km)	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2013	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Commissioning	Diameter (range) (mm)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Negru Voda I	Yes	entry	168.00	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Trans-Balkan Pipeline (Romania)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Upgrades of technical installation currently existing at the GMS Negru Voda in order to ensure reverse flow capacity with the possibility to measure such capacity.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Romania, Bulgaria, Ukraine), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Power-to-gas, Biogas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-F-148	Slovak-l	Slovak-Hungarian interconnector (Vecsés-Szada-Balassagyarmat)						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING				
Promoter	Magyar Gaz Tranzit Zrt.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	MGT Hungarian Gas Transit Ltd.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-			
		IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	regulated	End of permitting phase	2014	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+110
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2013	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	no	Commissioning	2015 Q1	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Balassagyarmat	Yes	entry	127.40	Hub Slovakia	Hub Hungary (SK-HU Interconnector)
	Yes	exit	50.90	Hub Hungary (SK-HU	Hub Slovakia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Hungarian section 92 km. Slovak section 18 km. PN 75 bar. Bidirectional transportation possibility.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-F-195	;	AGRI Pipeline - Hungarian section				
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING		
Promoter	Magyar Gaz Tranzit Zrt.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	MGT Hungarian Gas Transit Ltd.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_	
		IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	_	
		Web Link				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION
Considered TPA Regime	Not applicable	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS 1
Considered Tariff Regime	Not applicable	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)
Exemption granted ?	no	Commissioning	2023	Expected Load Factor
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :		Diameter (range) (mm)
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)

PROJECTED CAPACITY INCREASES					
Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT					
The project is in feassibility phase.					
EXPECTED BENEFITS					
Security of Supply, Market integration					
COMMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT FINANCING					
Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing			

TRA-F-213	3	Support to the North West market					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Promoter	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	http://www.snamretegas.it/en/services/Thermal_Year_2 013_2014/Ten-year-Plan/index.html				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+370
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2015 Q4	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Supply contract	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1200
% Exemption in exit direction –		The project consists of sub projects that are in different stages of progress		Diameter (range) (inches)	48"

54.00

Hub Italia

Hub Switzerland

Yes

exit

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Griespass (CH) / Passo Gries (IT)

Project title changed since TYNDP 2013-2022 publication. The project consists in new on-shore pipelines in the north of Italy and it permits to increase the flexibility of the gas transmission and the security of supply in the north-west area of Italy, allowing a first step of export capacity.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market Integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of routes, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (Increase of competition), Flexibility of the system, reducing of GHG emissions.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-F-214	s	Support to the North West Market and bidirectional cross-border flows							
Pipeline including CS									
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATIO	DN .	FINANCING					
Promoter	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A	. TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-				
Operator	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A	. In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-				
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-				
		Web Link	http://www.snamretegas.it/en/services/Thermal_Year_2 013_2014/Ten-year-Plan/index.html						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+80.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+95.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2017 Q4	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1200
% Exemption in exit direction –		The project consists of sub projects that are in different stages of progress		Diameter (range) (inches)	48"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Griespass (CH) / Passo Gries (IT)	Yes	exit	375.00	Hub Italia	Hub Switzerland

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Project title changed since TYNDP 2013-2022 publication. The project consists in new on-shore pipelines and new compressor stations in the north of Italy and it permits to increase the flexibility of the gas transmission and the security of supply in the north-west area of Italy and it makes available additional export capacity over the project "Support to the North West market".

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market Integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of routes, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (Increase of competition), Flexibility of the system, reducing of GHG emissions.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

Transportation projects non-FID

TRA-N-007	Dev	elopment for new in	mports from the South (Adriatica I	Line)	Non-FID
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION			
Promoter	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-
Operator	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	http://www.snamretegas.it/en/services/Thermal_Year_2 013_2014/Ten-year-Plan/index.html		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+430
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+33.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	+0.65
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1200
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	48"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
New Entry Point in South Italy	Yes	entry	264.00	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Project title changed since TYNDP 2013-2022 publication. The project consists in new on-shore pipeline and compressor station along the center-south of Italy that will allow the increase of transport capacity at new or existing Entry Points in south Italy. The implementation plan and, in particular, the FID could be influenced by other projects creating a new entry point in southern Italy, in the context of the Southern Gas Corridor.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (Increase of competition), Flexibility of the system.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-00	8		Non-FID			
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING		
Promoter		Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-
Operator		Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-
			IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
			Web Link	http://www.snamretegas.it/en/services/Thermal_Year_2 013_2014/Ten-year-Plan/index.html		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+120
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+100
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2021	Expected Load Factor	+0.65
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1400
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	56"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
	No	entry	350.00		

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Project title changed since TYNDP 2013-2022 publication. The project consists in new on-shore pipeline and in a new compressor station in the north east of Italy to permit the increase of transport capacity at new or existing Entry Points in that area.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (Increase of competition), Flexibility of the system.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-00	9	Additional Southern Developments						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION						
Promoter	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link	http://www.snamretegas.it/en/services/Thermal_Year_2 013_2014/Ten-year-Plan/index.html					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+850
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+165
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2021	Expected Load Factor	+0.65
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800 - 1200
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32" - 48"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
New Entry Point in South Italy	Yes	entry	264.00	LNG Terminals Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Project title changed since TYNDP 2013-2022 publication. The project consists in new on-shore and off-shore pipelines and in development of compressor stations along the center-south of Italy to permit the increase of transport capacity at new or existing Entry Points in south Italy.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, N-1 National (ITALY), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (Increase of competition), Flexibility of the system.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-01	o	Pos		Non-FID		
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION			
Promoter	IGI Poseidon S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	TEN-E Project ? Project of European Interest		Public Financing	-
Operator	IGI Poseidon S.A.	In PCI list?	,	Yes	Private Financing	-
IGI Poseidon S.A. is a Joint	Venture of	IGAs	6		Multilateral Financing	-
50% DEPA S.A. and	Holding NV, a 100% subsidiary of Edison SpA	Web Link	www.igi-p	oseidon.com		
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 23.04.2003 15.06.2005	Year Funding Granted 2003 2006		
			06.07.2009	2010		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2014 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+210
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction	2015 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MV	+100
Exemption granted ?	Yes	Commissioning	2019 Q2	Expected Load Factor	+1.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	89%			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Komotini - GR / IGI Poseidon	No	exit	252.50	ITGI Poseidon (Greece)	Hub Greece
Otranto - IT / IGI Poseidon	No	exit	329.40	ITGI Poseidon (Greece)	Hub Italia
Komotini - GR / IGI Poseidon	No	entry	329.40	Hub Greece	ITGI Poseidon (Greece)
Otranto - IT / IGI Poseidon	No	entry	252.50	Hub Italia	ITGI Poseidon (Greece)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Offshore pipeline, including compressor station, from Western Greece to Southern Italy

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Greece (SEE) and Italy), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy, Greece), N-1 Regional (NSI East Gas), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Biogas, Connecting diversified natural gas reserves not yet linked to Europe, providing diversification of gas supply sources, routes and supplier counterparts. The project promoters, being not gas producer, have strong interest in minimising the gas supply cost. In addition, being the project multi source, the promoters aim to foster competition among producers to supply competitive gas.

Moreover, the project, providing new diversified gas supplies from new counterparts, route and sources, will boost the liquidity of the Italian market contributing to the development of a hub with transparent price signals. This will also benefit Greece, that will be linked for the first time with an accessible gas trading hub.

The Project will support the creation of a more liquid market in Italy and create an excess of gas availability, also contributing to the security of supply of other regions such as the North South Interconnection in WE through the reverse flow of the Transit gas pipeline.

The possible use in Reverse Flow of Poseidon pipeline, not involving transit in non-eu countries, significantly contributes to security of supply of SEE. The project promoters, being not gas producer, have strong interest in minimising the gas supply cost. In addition, being the project multi source, the promoters aim to foster competition among gas producers to supply competitive gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-01	2	GALSI Pipeline							
Pipeline including CS									
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING					
Edison SpA	21%	TEN-E Project ?	Project of European Interest	Public Financing	-				
SONATRACH	42%	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-				
Sfirs SpA	12%	IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	-				
Hera Trading Srl	10%	Marie I timb							
Enel Produzione SpA	16%	Web Link	www.galsi.it						
Promoter	Edison								
Operator	Galsi S.p.A.								

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q1	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+861
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction	2015 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+151
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2018 Q1	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 650 to 1200
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	26" to 48"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Porto Botte (Galsi)	Yes	exit	244.00	GALSI (Algeria International)	Hub Italia (Sardinia)
Algerian Coast (Galsi)	Yes	entry	244.00	Supplier Algeria	GALSI (Algeria International)
Olbia (Galsi)	Yes	entry	244.00	Hub Italia (Sardinia)	GALSI (Italia National)
	Yes	exit	30.50	GALSI (Italia National)	Hub Italia (Sardinia)
Piombino (Galsi)	Yes	exit	244.00	GALSI (Italia National)	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Gas pipeline project aiming to create a new link between Algeria and Italy via Sardinia

EXPECTED BENEFITS

- Security of Supply, Market integration (The Galsi project represents an opportunity to bring natural gas to Sardinia island, currently not connected to the Italian gas network. Through GALSI, new entrants will be able to develop and/or consolidate their market positions in the Italian gas market through an independent infrastructure).

Similar benefits could potentially be further extended to Corsica, through the Cyrénée Project, improving thereby cohesion within Europe). - Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (On the basis of the "Transportation Capacity Multi – Annual" as published in Snam web site, in the year of commissioning of Galsi project, the largest gas supply infrastructure to Italy – in terms of transportation capacity – will be the Trans Austrian Gas pipeline (TAG) with a firm capacity of 107,000,000 Sm3/day at the entry point of Tarvisio.

Therefore, in the event of technical or political disruption of the TAG pipeline, additional capacities could be made available by maximizing the gas flow in the Galsi pipeline, to an extent that will depend upon the then prevailing operating conditions).

- The Galsi project will improve security of supply in Italy and Europe, providing for a new and more efficient route for Algerian gas to reach the centre of Italian gas consumption (located in northern Italy) and further on the northern European markets. In the longer term, with the development of new projects interconnecting different gas sources in Africa (e.g. new Algerian shale gas or TSGP project for Nigerian gas), the Galsi pipeline could provide a highly strategic diversification of gas supply routes to European markets and their supply flexibility.
- The Galsi project will contribute to the creation of an Italian gas hub for gas supply to Europe which, through the increase of gas liquidity, will enable the export of major gas volumes from Italy to other European markets through the development of reverse flow capacities.
- Reduction of GHG emissions (The Galsi project complies with sustainable development guidelines, i.e. the promotion of the substitution of high pollutant fossil fuels with a low pollutant such as natural gas, the improvement of efficiency in the electricity production by switching from other fossil fuels to natural gas, and the penetration of the use of natural gas in industrial/residential and tertiary sector).
- Support back-up of renewable energy (a significant quota of electricity generation in Italy (today ~50%) is represented by CCGTs whose utilization is increasingly shifting towards a back-up of RES, in the light of their dramatic increase witnessed in these last years).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-014	4	Komotini-Thesprotia pipeline					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION			FINANCING		
Promoter	DESFA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest		Public Financing	-	
Operator	DESFA S.A.	In PCI list ?	Υ	es	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs		1	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.desfa.gr				
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 01.04.2003	Year Funding Granted 2004			
			01.04.2005	2013			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	613
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+58.20
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning		Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Diametre (range) (mm)	DN 1050
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diametre (range) (inches)	42"

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

High pressure pipeline, with a capacity of 9 bcm/y, from Komotini to Thesprotia area, in Western Greece, near the Ionian coast where it will supply with gas the compressor station of the project TRA-N-010. The project also includes two compressor stations (in Komotini and in the Thessaloniki area) and an operation and maintenance centre.

This project is on hold following the selection of TAP by the Shah Deniz II Consortium. Moreover DESFA has proposed to the Greek Regulatory Authority for Energy to have it deleted from the 10-year Development Plan.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Western Greece), Diversification of sources, The project, together with Poseidon project (sponsored by DEPA and Edison) will establish an energy corridor between Asian, Middle Eastern and Eastern Mediterranean gas sources and European consumers. The project aims at enhancing the diversification of supply sources at a European level and contributing to the improvement of the Security of Supply level in the region of South Eastern Europe.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-018		Városföld-Ercsi-Győr					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Promoter	FGSZ Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	FGSZ Ltd.	In PCI list?	Yes	Private Financing	100%		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.fgsz.hu				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE	1st phase	2nd phase	TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2021 Q4	2022 Q4		
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2020 Q2	2020 Q2		
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2021 Q3	2022 Q3		
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2022 Q4	2023 Q4		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Planned		DN 1000
% Exemption in exit direction	-					40"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector HU-AT	Yes	exit	153.00	Hub Hungary	Hub Austria
	Yes	entry	153.00	Hub Austria	Hub Hungary
Mosonmagyarovar	Yes	exit	153.00	Hub Hungary	Hub Austria
	Yes	entry	25.00	Hub Austria	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Pipeline between Városföld-Ercsi and Győr nodes, PN 100. This project will enable the Mosonmagyarovar interconnection point to reach its full capacity of 153 GWh/d from Austria to Hungary. It will also enable the Mosonmagyarovar interconnection point to realize reverse flow capacity up to 153 GWh/d from Hungary to Austria.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Increase AT/HU border capacity, Security of Supply of Western Hungary, new power plant supply, Reverse fllow HU>AT, Increase capacity Sk>HU and HU>SK, Create capacity RO>AT), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-021	Bidirectiona	l Austrian-Czech	Non-FID			
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING		
Promoter	Gas Connect Austria GmbH & Net4Gas (CZ)	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Co	mmon Interest	Public Financing	-
Operator	Gas Connect Austria GmbH & Net4Gas (CZ)	In PCI list ?	,	⁄es	Private Financing	-
		IGAs	N	one	Multilateral Financing	_
		Web Link	http://www.gasconnect.at/en/Unser-Netz/Projekte/BACI			
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 27.02.2012	Year Funding Granted 2013		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+58.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+24.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Reinthal - Bidirectional Austrian-Czech Interconnector	Yes	entry	255.13	Hub Czech Republic	Hub Austria
	Yes	exit	255.13	Hub Austria	Hub Czech Republic

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The first pipeline connecting the Austrian and the Czech Markets. The BACI will be a new infrastructure directly connecting the Austrian and Czech market. It will be connected to the existing Czech transmission system via CS Břeclav (NET4GAS, s.r.o.) and to the Austrian transmission system via Baumgarten (GAS CONNECT AUSTRIA GmbH). The BACI will enable capacity transmission for the first time between these two member states and it will facilitate better market integration and security of gas supply also for adjacent countries like Hungary, Poland, Germany, Italy, France, Slovenia, Croatia and Slovakia due to the creation of additional transportation opportunities. The project will also increase the overall flexibility of the Czech, Austrian and also Polish system by diversification of gas supply routes and by connecting UGS in the Czech Republic and Austria.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

- Security of Supply, Market integration (Austrian Market, Czech Market), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Austria, Czech Republic), N-1 Regional (CEE Region), o Security of Supply
- Extension of transport capacity of Russian gas to the West
- Integration of Nord Stream off- and on-Shore in the European gas infrastructure.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-03	5	Tauerngasleitung Gas Pipeline Project *							
Pipeline including CS									
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	I		FINANCING				
Promoter	Tauerngasleitung GmbH	TEN-E Project ?	oject ? Project of common interest		Public Financing	-			
Operator	Tauerngasleitung GmbH	In PCI list ?	,	es es	Private Financing	70%			
		IGAs	IGAs None		Multilateral Financing	30%			
* On 2.4.2014 the sponsor's shareholders announced that they intended to amend the sponsor's ownership structure through a tendering process. The TGL GmbH was liquidated on 11.4.2014		Web Link	www.tauerngasleitung.at						
<u>.</u>	·	TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 28.04.2010	Year Funding Granted 2011					
			26.04.2006	2007					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+290
Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	Construction	2015 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+66.00
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018 Q4	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 900
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	36"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Haiming (bayernets) - DE / Burghausen (Transit) - TGL	Yes	entry	180.74	Hub Germany (NCG)	Tauerngas Leitung (Austria)
Haiming (bayernets) - DE / Burghausen (Austrian Hub) - TGL	Yes	entry	148.61	Hub Germany (NCG)	Hub Austria
Haiming (bayernets) - DE / Burghausen (Transit) - TGL	Yes	exit	30.14	Tauerngas Leitung (Austria)	Hub Germany (NCG)
Tarvisio - IT / Arnoldstein (Transit) - TGL	Yes	exit	314.96	Tauerngas Leitung (Austria)	Hub Italia
Haiming (bayernets) - DE / Burghausen-Auerbach (Austrian Storage) - TGL	Yes	exit	136.65	Storage Austria	Hub Germany (NCG)
Haiming (OGE) - DE / Burghausen-Auerbach (Austrian Storage) - TGL	Yes	entry	143.82	Hub Germany (NCG)	Storage Austria
Haiming-Oberkappel (OGE) - DE / Burghausen (Transit) - TGL	Yes	exit	33.82	Tauerngas Leitung (Austria)	Hub Germany (NCG)
Tarvisio - IT / Arnoldstein (Transit) - TGL	Yes	entry	65.40	Hub Italia	Tauerngas Leitung (Austria)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Pipeline (incl. compressor stations) in North-South direction, linking the German and Italian transmission systems. TGL allows feed significant volumes from different sources from South-East regions towards Central Europe.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Biogas, SoS: Investments will be necessary, especially in cross-border gas transmission capacity, with a view to diversifying sources of supply, and gas transmission systems in general, especially where capacities may be needed in an emergency to supply areas with capacity shortfalls. The TGL is in line with these objectives, which focus mainly on security of supplies. Market Integration: By linking the Central European (Southern Germany) with the South-East European (mainly Italy) natural gas market, the TGL increases interoperability between gas markets in Europe which are still separate, develop new natural gas sources for these markets and therefore significantly improve competition within a European single market for natural gas. Diversification of European natural gas supplies: By creating the infrastructure required for a functioning North-South/South-North system to develop the North African and Middle East supply region, including liquefied natural gas (LNG) for the Mediterranean region, the TGL will reduce dependence on individual suppliers in the North and East.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
	Own financing 30%. Loans 70% of which 70-80% from commercial banks and the rest from multilateral financing	20-30% of 70% of the overall external financing needs

TRA-N-051		Trans Adriatic Pipeline							
Pipeline including CS									
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı		FINANCING				
Promoter	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline AG	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Co	mmon Interest	Public Financing	-			
Operator	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline AG	In PCI list ?	١	res es	Private Financing	30%			
		IGAs		4	Multilateral Financing	70%			
		Web Link	www.trans-adriatic-pipeline.com						
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 16.05.2005	Year Funding Granted 2009					
			21.04.2004	2008					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2016 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2013 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+871
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction	2015 Q2	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+180
Exemption granted ?	Yes	Commissioning	2019 Q1	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	100%	Last completed Phase :	FID	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1200
% Exemption in exit direction	100%			Diameter (range) (inches)	48"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Melendugno - IT / TAP	Yes	exit	337.00	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)	Hub Italia
Komotini (DESFA) - GR / TAP	No	exit	243.00	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)	Hub Greece
Kipi (TR) / Kipi (TAP)	Yes	entry	337.00	Trans-Anatolian Pipeline (Turkey)	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)
Melendugno - IT / TAP	Yes	entry	243.00	Hub Italia	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The Trans Adriatic Pipeline (TAP) will transport natural gas from Kipoi in Greece near the Greek/Turkish border, via Albania and across the Adriatic Sea, to Italy's southern Puglia region in Province of Lecce. In its upstream part, TAP will interconnect with TANAP which is linked further to the east with systems in Turkey, to secure access to the Shah Deniz natural gas field in Azerbaijan and tie into Italy's gas transportation grid operated by Snam Rete Gas in the province of Lecce.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Italy, Greece and Albania), with the potential to further integrate the Western Balkans (Croatia) and broader South Eastern Europe area (Bulgaria, FYROM, Serbia, Hungary, Romania, Slovenia, Austria)), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, Back-up for renewables, TAP represents the pipeline chosen to transport gas from the Shah Deniz 2 field to EU borders and beyond. TAP will directly support the development of competition in the Italian, Greek, Albania and European gas markets. In addition to promoting diversification of routes and supply sources, TAP will also support diversification of counterparts (and shippers), as new players enter the markets together with completely new sources of gas.

The entry of new counterparts in the Italian market will also directly contribute to the development of the Italian gas hub and overall liquidity of the Italian market, as well as to liquidity and development of markets in Greece and South Eastern Europe and the Balkans.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
	Shareholders financing to amount to 30% of total project costs.	External debt financing to amount to 70% of total project costs. The lenders group envisaged by TAP at this stage includes Multilaterals, ECAs and commercial banks.

TRA-N-05	3		Non-FID				
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS			GENERAL INFORMATION			FINANCING	
Promoter	,	White Stream	TEN-E Project ?	TEN-E Project ? Priority Project		Public Financing	30%
Operator	,	White Stream	In PCI list ?	Y	es	Private Financing	30%
			IGAs	2		Multilateral Financing	40%
			Web Link	http://www.white-stream.com/			
			TEN-E Requests	Date of Request	Year Funding Granted		
				30.06.2008 31.08.2007	2011 2009		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2016 Q1	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2	
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2016 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+1,250	
Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	Construction	2016 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+375	
Exemption granted ?	Not yet	Commissioning	2019 Q4	Expected Load Factor	+0.95	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1050	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	42"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
White Stream into Romania (RO)	No	exit	505.00	Supplier Azerbaijan	Hub Romania

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The WS pipeline will transport gas produced in the Caspian area from Georgia to the EU. It will branch off an existing pipeline from Azerbaijan to Georgia and will include an onshore pipeline to the Black Sea Georgian coast where a major compressor station will provide the high pressue required to transmit gas to Romania, across the Black Sea.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables.

- o Security of Supply
- o Extension of transport capacity of Russian gas to the West
- o Integration of Nord Stream off- and on-Shore in the European gas infrastructure

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-054		Trans-Mediterranean Gas Pipeline							
Pipeline including CS	expected to be merged with pro	pected to be merged with project TRA-N-189 sponsored by DEPA							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING					
Promoter	Ministry of Cyprus	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-				
Operator	Cygas	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-				
		IGAs	2	Multilateral Financing	-				
		Web Link							

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2015 Q1	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1	
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2015 Q1	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+1,400	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q2	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+111.00	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2018 Q2	Expected Load Factor	+0.90	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Market test	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector CY-GR (Trans-Mediterranean)	Yes	exit	222.49	Hub Cyprus	Hub Greece
	Yes	entry	47.68	Hub Greece	Hub Cyprus

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Transmission pipeline for the transport of natural gas from the Levantine Basin into Greece's National Gas Transmission System, through Cyprus.

Gas could be then transported, using existing or new/upgraded transmission networks/pipelines, through mainland Greece to the Central Eastern and South Eastern Europe (not part of current project).

The proposed gas transmission pipeline will have a total length of around 1,400km and could allow for reverse flow. Other relevant project infrastructure (facilities) includes three compressor stations – one located onshore Cyprus, the second onshore Crete (Greece) and the third onshore mainland Greece.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Mediterranean and South-Eastern Europe), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Cyprus), N-1 Regional (South-Eastern Europe), Biogas, Project has significant impact on cross-border transmission capacity between Greece and Cyprus.

Project establishes a new connection and contributes to the interconnection of Cyprus with the European Grid, through Greece, thus also eliminating the isolation of Cyprus from the Internal Energy Market (by allowing for reverse flow). Project provides for additional capacity able to cover peak demand and daily demand, as well as for reverse flow.

Enhanced flexibility is also offered since the project involves gas transmission through an additional route, source and counterpart.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
Project Financing structure not yet finalized	Project Financing structure not yet finalized	Project Financing structure not yet finalized

TRA-N-061		Ercsi-Szazhalombatta						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION FINANCING					
Promoter	FGSZ Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	FGSZ Ltd.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2022 Q3	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2021 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+11.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2022 Q2	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2023 Q4	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Vecsés MGT / FGSZ	Yes	exit	51.00	Hub Hungary	Hub Hungary (SK-HU Interconnector)
	Yes	entry	25.50	Hub Hungary	Hub Hungary
				(SK-HU Interconnector)	

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

New pipeline between Ercsi and Szazhalombatta nodes, on the pipeline ring surrounding Budapest.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Security of Supply of Budapest region, New power plant supply at Budapest region, Increase capacity Sk>HU and HU>SK), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-063	Alexar	Alexandroupolis Independent Natural Gas System - Pipeline Section						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING				
Promoter	Gastrade S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	30%			
Operator	Gastrade S.A.	In PCI list?	Yes	Private Financing	70%			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q2	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+29.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q2	Expected Load Factor	+0.30
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 750
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	30"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Alexandropolis LNG	Yes	exit	268.00	LNG Terminals Greece	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project is a 29 km gas transmission pipeline connecting the Alexandroupolis LNG import terminal (Project LNG-N-062) to the Greek Natural Gas Transmission System. The pipeline has a 25 km subsea and a 4 km onshore sections.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (SEE+Serbia+FYROM), Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Greece), N-1 Regional (SEE+Serbia+FYROM), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-066	Interconnection	Interconnection Croatia/Bosnia & Herzegovina (Slobodnica- Bosanski Brod-Zenica)					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	1	FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	2	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+6.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2018	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 700
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	28"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Slobodnica- Bosanski Brod-Zenica	Yes	exit	44.00	Hub Croatia	Hub Bosnia & Herzegovina

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

This project is complementary to the project TRA-N-224. The two projects together have a length of 136 km. TRA-N-066, having a length of 6 km (from Slobodnica (HR) to Brod (BH) will be built and operated by Plinacro. TRA-N-223 with a length of 130 km (from Brod to Zenica) will be built and operated by BH Gas. The pipeline will be part of the Energy Community Ring. It goes from Slavonski Brod (Slobodnica) in Croatia, after crossing the Sava river to Bosanski Brod in Bosnia & Herzegovina with furter extension to Zenica in central Bosnia & Herzegovina.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Market integration, Reverse Flows, N-1 Regional (for Bosnia & Herzegovina), Back-up for renewables, the project will establish a new interconnection as well as a new entry point and transmission route for the needs of BH, thus enhancing the security of supply and diversifying the supply routes for Bosnia & Herzegovina.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-068	3	Ionian Adriatic Pipeline					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Sponsors include (in addit	•	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
the Albanian Ministry of Economy, Trade and Energy, the Montenegro Ministry of Economy,		In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
the Bosnia & Herzegovina Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Relations		IGAs	2	Multilateral Financing	-		
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	Web Link					
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	vveo Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE			TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase			# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID			Total Pipeline Length (km)	+540	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		2015	Total Compressor Power (MW)		
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning		2020	Expected Load Factor		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :		Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800	
% Exemption in exit direction	-		Feasibility study to be	completed in 2014	Diameter (range) (inches)	32"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline - IAP / AB	Yes	exit	30.00	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)	Hub Albania
Trans-Adriatic Pipeline - TAP / Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline - IAP	Yes	entry	150.00	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)
Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline - IAP / Split - HR	Yes	entry	75.00	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)	Hub Croatia
Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline - IAP / ME	Yes	exit	15.00	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)	Hub Montenegro
Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline - IAP / BH	Yes	exit	30.00	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)	Hub Bosnia & Herzegovina

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The pipeline will cross the territory along the Adriatic coast from Fieri in Albania via Montenegro to Split in Croatia and will be linked to the existing Croatian gas transmission system (main direction Bosiljevo – Split).

The Ionian-Adriatic pipeline is considered a part of the Energy Community Gas Ring, which is the concept of gasification for the entire region, proposed by the WB Study and accepted by the Gas Fora of the Energy Community.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Market Integration benefits for Croatia and the region (Albania, Montenegro, Bosnia & Herzegovina and neighbouring countries), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional (Balkan region), Back-up for renewables.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-070	Interconnection	Interconnection Croatia/Serbia Slobodnica - Sotin (Croatia) - Bačko Novo Selo (Serbia)					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+102
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2018	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2023	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Slobodnica - Sotin (HR) / Bačko Novo Selo (RS)	Yes	exit	176.00	Hub Croatia	Hub Serbia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Covering Croatia and Serbia, connecting the Croatian gas transmission system to the Serbian gas transmission system Slobodnica - Sotin (Croatia) - Bačko Novo Selo (Serbia).

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of routes, N-1 Regional (For Serbia), Back-up for renewables, It will be new entry point and transmission route for the needs of Serbia.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-07!	LNG m	ain gas transit pi	Non-FID			
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS			GENERAL INFORMATION			
Promoter	Plina	cro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-
Operator	Plina	cro Ltd	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_
			IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_
			Web Link	www.plinacro.hr		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	5
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+308
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2017	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800 - 1000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32" - 40"

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The pipeline will be construted on the territory of Croatia from the gas node Zlobin via Bosiljevo, Sisak, the gas node Kozarac to Slobodnica. It will be the "backbone" of the Croatian gas system.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Croatia, Hungary, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Serbia), Reverse Flows, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (for Croatia), Back-up for renewables.

This main transit gas pipeline is the future strategic gas transmission connector of great significance and is an integral part of the North – South European Corridor designated the North-South (Baltic – Adriatic) Gas Connection. Its purpose is linking the Polish and Croatian LNG (Liquefied Natural Gas) solutions under the umbrella of the European Commission (EC). This project is foreseen under the Gas Forum administered by the Energy Community Secretariat, and although in Croatia, is regionally significant. The main transit gas pipeline Zlobin-Bosiljevo-Sisak-Kozarac-Slobodnica:

- is a continuation of the existing Hungarian Croatian interconnection (gas pipeline Varosföld-Dravaszerdahely-Donji Miholjac-Slobodnica)
- will be connected to the future Ionian Adriatic Pipeline (IAP)
- will be connected to the future LNG installation in Omišalj.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-083		International Pi	International Pipeline Omišalj - Casal Borsetti				
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+220
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2027	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	40"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Casalborsetti	No	entry	506.00	Hub Italia	Hub Croatia
	No	exit	506.00	Hub Croatia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Covering the therritory from the gas node Omišalj on the island of Krk (Croatian Gas Transmission System) via Adriatic Sea to Casal Borsetti (Italian Gas Transmission System). The project is at its prefeasibility phase and is not expected to be completed within the time covered by the present GRIP.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (For Croatia), N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, It will be new cross border transmission between Croatia and Italy; fits in the idea of Adriatic Gas Ring.

Multilateral financing

TRA-N-086	Interconnecti	Interconnection Croatia/Slovenia (Bosiljevo - Karlovac - Lučko - Zabok - Rogatec)					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	5	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2017	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+296	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)		
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018	Expected Load Factor	+0.90	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500 - 700	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20" - 28"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Rogatec	No	exit	165.00		
	Yes	entry	165.00	Hub Slovenia	Hub Croatia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Upgrading of the existing interconnection Croatia/Slovenia

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (croatian market and the markets in CEE region), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (for Croatia and Slovenia), N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, It will significantly increase the capacity of the interconnection of the Croatian and Slovenian gas transmission systems in this direction. It will increase the capacity along the route, providing enhanced access to Baumgarten and to the Italian gas market, for gas supplied through LNG terminals on the Croatian coast or through IAP.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-090	LNG evacu	LNG evacuation pipeline Omišalj - Zlobin - Rupa (Croatia) / Jelšane (Slovenia)					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	· ·	FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+103.60
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2017	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	42"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Rupa (HR) / Jelšane (SI)	Yes	exit	506.00	Hub Croatia	Hub Slovenia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The pipeline will cross the territory from the LNG installation in Omišalj, on the island of Krk, to Rupa in Slovenia and will be linked to the Slovenian gas transmission system.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (croatian market, slovenian market and the markets in CEE region and Italy), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (for Croatia and Slovenia), N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, It will be significantly increase the capacity of the interconnection of the Croatian and Slovenian gas transmission systems in this direction. It will increase the capacity along the route, provide enhanced access to Baumgarten and Italian gas market. The project will significantly increase the flexibility of the system for Croatia.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-123		Városföld CS					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Promoter	FGSZ Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	FGSZ Ltd.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.fgsz.hu				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2022 Q1	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2020 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)		
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2022 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+5.70	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2023 Q4	Expected Load Factor		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned			
% Exemption in exit direction	-					

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Mosonmagyarovar	Yes	exit	153.00	Hub Hungary	Hub Austria
	Yes	entry	153.00	Hub Austria	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Compressor station extension by 5.7 MW

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Market integration (Increase AT/HU border capacity, Security of Supply of Western Hungary, New power plant supply in Budapest region, Reverse fllow HU>AT, Create capacity RO>AT).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-126		Reverse flow on the interconnector Romania - Hungary					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Promoter	Transgaz	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Transgaz	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.transgaz.ro				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+167.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MV	+22.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Csanadpalota	Yes	exit	12.60	Hub Romania	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project will provide a supply capacity from Romania to Hungary of 1.75 bcm/y at a pressure of 40 bar. The project will comprise two compressor stations at Hateg an Horia and a pipeline section, from Bacia to Recas via Hateg and Jupa. The project is now part of a larger project named "Development on the Romanian territory of the National Transmission System along the corridor Bulgaria-Romania-Hungary-Austria".

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (RO and HU markets), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Power-to-gas, Biogas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-128		Compressor Station Kipi					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION FINA				
Promoter	DESFA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Co	mmon Interest	Public Financing	-	
Operator	DESFA S.A.	In PCI list ?	١	'es	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs	N	one	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.desfa.gr				
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request 01.04.2005	Year Funding Granted 2013			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014	Total Pipeline Length (km)		
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015	Total Compressor Power (MV	+56.10	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	+0.90	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED	Diameter (range) (mm)		
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)		

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Kipi (TR) / Kipi (GR)	No	entry	374.00	Hub Turkey (Imports)	Hub Greece
	No	entry	204.00	Hub Turkey (Imports)	Hub Greece
	Yes	entry	102.00	Hub Turkey (Imports)	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project aims at increasing the Transported Capacity of the Greek gas transmission system in order to make possible the transmission of natural gas to the Greek and European markets with the use of downstream transmission systems of natural gas.

The compressor power has three possible values depending on the pipeline systems that will be connected to the Greek transmission system.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (GR-IT-BG-RO), Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (GR), N-1 Regional (GR-IT-BG-RO).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-132		AGRI Pipeline - Romanian section (East-West Pipeline)					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING			
Promoter	Transgaz	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Transgaz	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.transgaz.ro				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+850
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	+42.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2019	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
East-West Pipeline RO-HU (AGRI)	Yes	exit	168.00	Hub Romania	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Not available at present, since the project is in a reassessment phase. New data are expected to be available within the next edition of the TYNDP (2015-2024).

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (RO, HU and HU neighbours), Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (For RO, N-1 increases from 1.65 to 1.73), Power-to-gas, Biogas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-13	37	Interconn	Non-FID		
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION FI		FINANCING	
Promoter	Bulgarian Ministry of Economy and Energy (MEE)	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	99%
Operator	Bulgartransgaz EAD	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-
		IGAs	3	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	www.bulgartransgaz.bg		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	ECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+155	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015	Total Compressor Power (MW)		
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2015	Expected Load Factor		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 700	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	28"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector BG RS	Yes	entry	51.00	Hub Serbia	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
	Yes	exit	51.00	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Hub Serbia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

This is the first interconnection between the gas transmission systems of Serbia and Bulgaria. The project establishes a connection between the Bulgarian and Serbian gas markets that currently are not connected.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, The projects listed above should enhance the system flexibility and contribute to the security of supply within the region (increased interconnection between Bulgaria and Serbia).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing
Competitiveness of the Bulgarian Economy Operational Programme		

TRA-N-14	0	Interconnection Turkey-Bulgaria					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ч	FINANCING			
Promoter	Bulgartransgaz EAD	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Bulgartransgaz EAD	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	2	Multilateral Financing	_		
		Web Link	http://www.bulgartransgaz.bg/en/index.php				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME	IIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Not applicable	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2	
Considered Tariff Regime	Not applicable	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+205	
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)		
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016	Expected Load Factor		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1000	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	40"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector ITB (Turkey - Bulgaria)	Yes	entry	92.00	Hub Turkey (Imports)	Hub Bulgaria

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The interconnection is foreseen to be built as a development to the existing connection of Bulgartransgaz EAD and Botas S.A. – Turkey systems by creating the technical opportunity for enabling bi-directional physical flow of natural gas between both systems. Thus a significantly greater security of gas supply to Bulgaria can be achieved, meeting the N-1 security standard and diversification of natural gas supply sources. Preliminary plans are for a staged project development.

Currently design activities for the 20 km pipeline section, from CS Lozenets to Nedialsko are underway.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional (Central and Eastern Europe, South Eastern Europe, Balkan Region), The interconnection Turkey-Bulgaria is a key project whose realization shall lead to the increase of the security of supply and the opportunity for diversification of gas supply not only to Bulgaria, but to the Central and South-Eastern Europe region as well. The project contributes directly to the diversification of gas sources: alternative gas producers - countries from the Caspian region, Turkish LNG terminals and Middle East.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-149		Interconnector Greece Bulgaria - IGB					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING			
Promoter	ICGB a.d.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	ICGB a.d.	In PCI list?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.icgb.eu				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2014 Q3	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2	
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2014 Q3	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+182	
Applied for Exemption ?	Yes	Construction	2015 Q1	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+10.00	
Exemption granted ?	Not yet	Commissioning	2016 Q3	Expected Load Factor		
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 800	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	32"	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Stara Zagora - IGB / BG	Yes	entry	82.00	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Interconnector Greece-Bulgaria (Bulgaria)
	Yes	exit	82.00	Interconnector Greece-Bulgaria	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
Komotini - TAP / IGB	Yes	exit	82.00	Interconnector Greece-Bulgaria	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)
	Yes	entry	82.00	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)	Interconnector Greece-Bulgaria (Bulgaria)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

An onshore natural gas pipeline that will connect Komotini in Greece to Stara Zagora in Bulgaria. The IGB pipeline is being developed by ICGB AD, with shareholders IGI-Poseidon S.A. and Bulgarian Energy Holding EAD.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Hungary, FYROM, Serbia), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Greece, Bulgaria), N-1 Regional (NSI East Gas), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, The project will contribute significantly in the itegration of the market area, specifically the South Eastern Europe, and will allow to alleviate to a great extend the dependency of countries in the area to a single source/counterpart. Taking into account that the objective of the project is to bring additional import quantities of natural gas in Bulgaria and South Eastern Europe it significantly improves the resilience of the system in both short (the additional quantities will be able to cover daily peak demands) and long term.

Specifically for the long term, the diversification in route, supply source as well as counterparts will have a great positive impact on the resilience of the system and will be able to cater to any forecasted increase in demand over the coming years.

The impact of the project in the systems flexibility under disruption (n-1 rule) will be significant taking into account that it will create a new interconnections carrying gas from a new source allowing new counterparts to enter the market. A possible disruption in any of the other import sources (including the regional disruption of Russian gas) will not affect this one having a great positive impact on the remaining flexibility of the system.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-18	7	South Stream Project (Onshore Section)					
Pipeline including CS Includes projects TRA-F196, TRA-N-308, TRA-N-309 and TRA-N-310							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	I	FINANCING			
• •	by 6 Joint Ventures established in Bulgaria, Hungary and Austria by Gazprom (51% in Serbia	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
and 50% elsewhere) and	the local TSO or the State or a State company. A	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	100%		
7 th JV established in Greece concerns the southern branch of the project that is presently on hold.		IGAs	7	Multilateral Financing	-		
Promoter	Gazprom	Web Link	http://www.south-stream.info/				
Operator	See" Description of the Project"	WED LINK	nitp.//www.south-stream.inio/				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2013 Q4	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	8
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2012 Q4	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+1,924.90
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2012 Q4	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+828
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2015 Q4	Expected Load Factor	+0.90
% Exemption in entry direction	100%	Last samulated Phase	FID in Bulgaria & Serbia	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1400
% Exemption in exit direction	100%	Last completed Phase :	Planned elsewhere	Diameter (range) (inches)	56"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
South Stream into Slovenia (SI)	Yes	exit	104.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Slovenia
South Stream into Croatia (HR)	Yes	exit	90.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Croatia
South Stream from Russia (RU)	Yes	entry	2,109.00	Supplier Russia (Mainland)	South Stream (Russia)
South Stream into Bosnia (BH)	Yes	exit	18.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Bosnia & Herzegovina
South Stream into Bulgaria (BG)	Yes	exit	563.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
South Stream into Serbia (RS)	Yes	exit	251.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Serbia
South Stream (Bata, Nagykanizsa) (HU)	Yes	exit	224.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Hungary
South Stream into Austria (AT)	Yes	exit	670.00	South Stream (Russia)	Hub Austria

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Major infrastructure project (pipeline incl. compressor stations). Project operators are:

- South Stream Bulgaria AD
- South Stream d.o.o.
- South Stream Hungary Zrt.
- South Stream Slovenia LLC
- South Stream Austria GmbH
- South Stream Greece S.A.
- South Stream Croatia LLC to be incorporated

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of routes, Power-to-gas, o Interruptible supplies during peak demands.

- o Contribution to satisfaction of natural gas demand in Europe
- o Considerable number of EU Member States involved
- o Significant cross-border importance
- o Contribution to the economies of the countries involved

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-188	3	Reverse flow at	GR-BG border (Greek part)	FID	
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING	
Promoter	DESFA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	_
Operator	DESFA S.A.	In PCI list?	Yes	Private Financing	100%
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	www.desfa.gr		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2013 Q3	Total Pipeline Length (km)	
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction	2013 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MV	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2014 Q2 *	Expected Load Factor	+0.80
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Construction	Diameter (range) (mm)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-	* This date refers to the 1st phase of the project.		Diameter (range) (inches)	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Kulata (BG) / Sidirokastron (GR)	Yes	exit	33.50	Hub Greece	Bulgarian Transit (Bulgaria GTNTT)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project consists, in its first phase, of interventions at the Sidirokastro Border Metering Station to allow the reverse flow and metering of gas. Similar (and more extended) interventions have taken place at various points of the Bulgarian network that were completed before end 2013. In a second phase, scheduled for 2017, the reverse flow capacity will increase to approximately 70 GWh/d when the compressor station of Nea Messimvria (GR) will become bidirectional.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (BG-RO), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 Regional (BG-RO).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-189		East Med					
Pipeline including CS	expected to be merged with pro	pected to be merged with project TRA-N-054					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Promoter	DEPA S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	DEPA S.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase	2016 Q2	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2016 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+3,250
Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	Construction	2016 Q4	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+780
Exemption granted ?	Not yet	Commissioning	2019 Q1	Expected Load Factor	+1.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1050
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	42"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector CY-GR (Trans-Med)	Yes	exit	29.00	Hub Greece	Hub Cyprus
	Yes	entry	237.00	Hub Cyprus	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

An offshore natural gas pipeline connecting the offshore natural gas fields in Levantine Basin (Cyprus, Israel) to South Eastern Europe (Bulgaria) or to Italy via Greece. Same project as TRA-N-054 sponsored by the Government of Cyprus.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Bulgaria, Romania, Hungary, FYROM, Serbia, Albania, BiH, Montenegro), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Bulgaria), N-1 Regional (NSI East Gas), Back-up for renewables.

The main objective of the project is to capitalise on the recent offshore discoveries of natural gas in the Eastern Mediterranean. As a direct result the pipeline will constitute a new source for Europe which diversifies the supply source, the supply route and the counterparts to Europe with a capacity of around 8-9bcm/y. Furthermore, the project aims to avoid other transit countries which are part of the current Southern Gas Corridor options and further minimise the security of supply risk. The diversification of supply source and route will enhance significantly the security of supply of Europe, specifically affecting the Southern Gas Corridor Group, the NSI South Eastern and Central Europe Group and the NSI Western Europe Group.

The project will promote the integration of the market and gas to gas competition and will complement the existing options of the Southern Gas Corridor.

Furthermore the project will alleviate the isolation of at least one MS (i.e. Cyprus) as well as possibly contribute to the alleviation of isolations within a MS (as an example the pipeline may allow the opportunity to alleviate the isolation of Crete from the rest of the Greek national gas grid).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-190		Poland - Slovakia interconnection				
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION FINANCING			
Promoter	eustream, a.s.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Co	mmon Interest	Public Financing	
Operator	eustream, a.s.	In PCI list ?	Υ	'es	Private Financing	
		IGAs	N	one	Multilateral Financing	
		Web Link	www.eustream.sk/en_transmission-system/en_pl-sk- interconnector			
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request Year Funding Granted 28.02.2011 2012			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2015 Q3	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2015 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+106
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2016 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2019 Q1	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1000
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	40"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector PL - SK	Yes	entry	143.70	Hub Poland	Hub Slovakia
	Yes	exit	290.50	Hub Slovakia	Hub Poland

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Interconnection between Slovak and Polish transmission systems increasing the Security of Supply in CEE region & contributing to establishing a well-functioning internal gas market.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (CEE region), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Poland, Slovakia, Hungary), N-1 Regional (CEE region), Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-221		TANAP - Trans Anatolian Natural Gas Pipeline Project					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Sponsors are: Socar (68%), BP (12%) and	BOTAŞ (15%)						
Promoter	Socar	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	TANAP TSO	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_		
		IGAs	1	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.tanap.com				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID	2013 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+1,900
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2017 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+650.00
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018 Q1	Expected Load Factor	+0.95
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 1200 or 1400
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	48" or 56"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Türkgözü	Yes	entry	536.00	Supplier Azerbaijan	Trans-Anatolian Pipeline (Turkey)
Esksisehir and Thracian region	No	exit	201.00		
Kipi (TR) / Kipi (TAP)	Yes	exit	335.00	Trans-Anatolian Pipeline (Turkey	Trans-Adriatic Pipeline (Greece)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

TANAP intends to transport the natural gas to be produced in Shah Deniz-2 field and other fields of Azerbaijan (and possibly other countries) through Turkey to Europe.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-224		Gaspipeline Zenica - Brod				
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING		
Promoter	BH Gas d.o.o.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	BH Gas d.o.o.	In PCI list?	No	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated (e.g. Exemption)	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+130.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2023	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The starting point of the Bosanski Brod – Zenica gas pipeline is in close vicinity of Bosanski Brod where it should be connected to the high-pressure gas pipeline leading from Zagreb via Kutina to Slavonski Brod (TSO – Plinacro) in the Republic of Croatia and further, with project TRA-N-066 to be implemented by Plinacro, the pipeline will cross the Sava river and will arrive to Bosanski Brod.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 Regional, Power-to-gas.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-286		Romanian-Hungarian reverse flow Hungarian section				
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING		
Promoter	FGSZ Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	FGSZ Ltd.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2015 Q2	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2015 Q1	Total Pipeline Length (km)	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MW)	+13.50
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2017 Q2	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Csanadpalota	Yes	entry	51.20	Hub Romania	Hub Hungary
	Yes	entry	12.60	Hub Romania	Hub Hungary
	No	entry	76.85	Hub Romania	Hub Hungary
	No	exit	76.85	Hub Hungary	Hub Romania

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

New compressor station at Csanádpalota, with three compressor units of 4.5 MW each, to increase the capacity of the IP Csanádpalota in the direction RO->HU. There is a complementarity of this project with the project TRA-N-126 at the Romanian side.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (RO and HU markets), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-298	Rehabilitation	Rehabilitation, Modernization and Expansion of the National Transmission System			
Pipeline including CS					
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ч	FINANCING	
Promoter	Bulgartransgaz EAD	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-
Operator	Bulgartransgaz EAD	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link	http://www.bulgartransgaz.bg/en/index.php		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION
Considered TPA Regime	Not applicable	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS
Considered Tariff Regime	Not applicable	FID	2015	Total Pipeline Length (km)
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2017	Expected Load Factor
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :		Diameter (range) (mm)
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

A set of activities involving rehabilitation, modernisation and expansion of the existing national gas transmission infrastructure with a view to guaranteeing the possibility of the national gas transmission system to ensure the transport of sufficient natural gas volumes through the territory of the country using the planned new interconnections to other countries from the region of South Eastern, Central and Eastern Europe and in the context of the large cross-border gas projects in the region. The project mostly include compressor stations modernisation (CS Valchi Dol and CS Polski Senovets) as well as in-line inspections, complete overhauls and replacement of gas pipeline sections of the main gas pipelines that are part of the annularly built gas transmission system and construction regulating lines at the exits of gas pipeline branches off the main and transit gas pipeline to enhance its reliability, security and capacity.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional (Central and Eastern Europe, South Eastern Europe, Balkan Region), The modernisation, rehabilitation and expansion of the existing gas transmission network are directly linked to the planned new interconnections with Greece (IGB), Romania (IBR), Turkey (ITB) and Serbia (IBS), the integration of the national and the transit gas transmission system on the territory of Bulgaria and the development of the large cross-border gas projects in the region. The efficient use of the new entry and exit points from/to Bulgartransgaz gas transmission networks is directly linked to the technical possibilities of the existing gas transmission infrastructure on the territory of Bulgaria to ensure sufficient capacity and suitable technical conditions to accommodate the transport of the planned new natural gas quantities and to the available storage capacity and the expansion of the gas storage facility in Chiren unique on the territory of the country.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-302		Interconnection Croatia-Bosnia & Herzegovina (South)				
Pipeline including CS						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING		
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	3
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+29.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

PROJECTED	

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Posušje	Yes	exit	45.00	Ionic-Adriatic Pipeline (Croatia)	Hub Bosnia & Herzegovina

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

South Interconnection of Croatia and Bosnia & Herzegovina. The pipeline will be a branch from the planned regional Ionic Adriatic Pipeline - IAP along the routing: Zagvorzd-Imotski.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, N-1 National (for BH), N-1 Regional, The aim of the project is to establish a new supply route for BH providing a diversified and reliable natural gas supply.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-303	Interconnection (Interconnection Croatia-Bosnia and Herzegovina (Licka Jesenica-Rakovica-Trzac-Bosanska Krupa with branches to Bihać and Velika Kladuša)						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING				
Promoter	Plinacro Ltd	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	Plinacro Ltd	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	_			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link	www.plinacro.hr					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	2
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+30.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2023	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Rakovica (HR) / Trzac (BH)	Yes	exit	45.00	Hub Croatia	Hub Bosnia & Herzegovina

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Interconnection Croatia-Bosnia & Herzegovina on route Licka Jesenica-Rakovica in Croatia to border with Bosnia & Herzegovina. Bosnian part is from Trzac to Bosanska Krupa with branches to Bihać and Velika Kladuša.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Diversification of sources, N-1 National (for BH), N-1 Regional, The aim of the project is to assess the feasibility of providing gas supply to the Una-Sana Canton in BH from the Croatian gas supply network. This supply network will be from the Lička Jesenica gas transmission node in Croatia via Lika to the HR/BH border and from there to Bosanska Krupa with brances to Bihać and velika Kladuša in Una-Sana Canton. The extension of the gas transmission in Croatia to the border with BH will allow additional gasification in the part of Croatia along the pipeline route.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

TRA-N-325		Slovenian-Hungarian interconnector					
Pipeline including CS							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Promoter	FGSZ Natural Gas Transmission	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	FGSZ Natural Gas Transmission	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link	www.fgsz.hu				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2016 Q3	# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2015 Q2	Total Pipeline Length (km)	+41.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2016 Q3	Total Compressor Power (MV	+7.50
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2017 Q4	Expected Load Factor	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector SI-HU	Yes	exit	45.25	Hub Hungary	Hub Slovenia
	Yes	entry	45.25	Hub Slovenia	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Establishment of the first pipeline connection between Hungary and Slovenia.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Establish SI/HU border capacity, Security of Supply of Western Hungary and Slovenia), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

	Plinovodi projects cluster 1								
Code	Name	Technical information	FID status	Commissioning	TEN-E	PCI project			
TRA-F-097	M2/1 Trojane Vodice	Pipeline 34 km	FID	2014	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-F-096	CS Kidričevo (3rd unit)	Compressor station 3.50 MW	FID	2014	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-N-094	CS Kidričevo (2nd phase)	Compressor station 30 MW	non-FID	2016	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-N-102	CS Vodice II	Compressor station 30 MW	non-FID	2023	TEN-E 2013	No			
TRA-N-109	M1/3 Slovenian - Austrian border crossing	Pipeline 0.2 km	non-FID	2023	Not part of TEN-E	No			
GENERAL INFOR	MATION								
Promoter	Plinovodi	THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME							
Operator	Plinovodi	Considered TPA Regime	Regulated						
		Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated						
		Applied for Exemption ?	No						

www.plinovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN-2014-2023.pdf

Web Link

These projects aim at increasing the import capacity from Austria by removing bottlenecks in the central east-west corridor of Slovenia's transmission system.

- The first phase, comprising 3 FID projects to be commissoned in 2014, consists in extending the C/S at Kidričevo for the purpose of existing pipelines M1 and M2 and increase of capacity to direction Vodice with a new parallel pipeline M2/1.
- The second phase comprises a non-FID project, the further extension of the C/S at Kidričevo for the purpose of increasing capacity of M1/1 and M2/1 to Vodice, planned to be commissioned in 2016. The third phase, comprising 2 non-FID projects to be commissioned in 2023, consists in the addition of a new C/S at Vodice and additional border crossing at Murfeld/Ceršak to ensure adjustment to the operating parameters of the transmission system of the Austrian TSO.

	Plinovodi projects cluster 2								
Code	Name	Technical information	FID status	Commissioning	TEN-E	PCI project			
TRA-F-110	MRS Šempeter - reconstruction	Border metering station	FID	2014	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-N-092	CS Ajdovščina (3rd unit)	Compressor station 5 MW	non-FID	2016	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-N-108	M3 reconstruction (Ajdovščina - Šempeter / Gorizia)	Pipeline 31 km	non-FID	2023	TEN-E 2010, 2013	No			
GENERAL INFORM	AATION .								
	MATION								
Promoter	Plinovodi	THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME							
Operator	Plinovodi	Considered TPA Regime	Regulated						
		Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated						
Web Link w	ww.plinovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN-2014-2023.pdf	Applied for Exemption ?	No						
AACD FILIK MA	www.piiiiovoui.3i/ wp-content/ upioau3/ 2011/ 03/ NW-2014-2023.pui								

These projects aim at increasing the cross-border capacity of the connection with Italy and adjusting the operating parametres to the ones of the Italian transmission system.

- The first phase comprises the FID project of the reconstruction of the Border metering station (for reverse flow), to be commissioned in 2014.
- The second phase comprises a non-FID project, the extension of the C/S at Ajdovščina for the increase of capacity of the existing pipeline to Italy, planned to be commissioned in 2016.
- The third phase comprises the non-FID project of the pipeline increasing the capacity of the existing M3 pipeline to Italy on the section from Ajdovščina to šempeter looping between Ajdovščina and Šempeter, planned to be commissioned in 2023.

Plinovodi projects cluster 3									
Code	Name	Technical information	FID status	Commissioning	TEN-E	PCI project			
TRA-N-107	M6 Ajdovščina - Lucija (section Osp-Koper)	Pipeline 73 km (section length 12,5 km)	non-FID	2023 (2016)	TEN-E 2011	No			
TRA-N-114	R61 Lucija - Sečovlje	Pipeline 10 km	non-FID	2021	Not part of TEN-E	No			
GENERAL INFORMATION									
Promoter	Plinovodi	THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME							
Operator	Plinovodi	Considered TPA Regime	Regulated						
		Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated						
Web Link w	ww.plinovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN-2014-2023.pdf	Applied for Exemption ?	No						

These projects aim at providing gas supply capacity to the coastal region (all municipalities in the region) and by the same opportunity establish two new interconnection points:

- one with the Italian TSO at Osp (SI) / San Dorligo della Valle (IT) with an import capacity of 6,10 GWh/d,
- one with the Croatian TSO at Sečovlje with an import capacity of 2,31 GWh/d, possibly upgraded later to 5,08 GWh/d (the lower capacity was taken into account for the network modeling)

The implementation of these projects depends on whether there will be an expression of interest by potential users of the system.

Plinovodi projects cluster 4									
Code	Name	Technical information	FID status	Commissioning	TEN-E	PCI project			
TRA-N-099	M3/1a Gorizia/Šempeter - Ajdovščina	Pipeline 29 km	non-FID	2017	TEN-E 2011	Yes			
TRA-N-262	M3/1b Ajdovščina - Kalce	Pipeline 24 km	non-FID	2017	TEN-E 2011	Yes			
TRA-N-261	M3/1c Kalce - Vodice	Pipeline 47 km	non-FID	2017	TEN-E 2011	Yes			
TRA-N-093	CS Ajdovščina (2nd phase)	Compressor station 20 MW	non-FID	2023	Not part of TEN-E	No			
TRA-N-101	M8 Kalce - Jelšane	Pipeline 51 km	non-FID	2023	TEN-E 2012	Yes			

GENERAL INFORMATION

Promoter	Plinovodi	THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		
Operator	Plinovodi	Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated with the exce	ption of the CS Ajdovščina
		Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated with the exce	eption of the CS Ajdovščina
		Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet	
Web Link www.plin	inovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN-2014-2023.pdf			

DESCRIPTION AND BENEFITS OF THE PROJECT

These projects aim at providing the necessary capacity to the Slovenian transmission system for the transportation of gas delivered either from the planned Krk terminal in Croatia or through the planned IAP pipeline, to Slovenia and Italy. The cross-border capacity at Šempeter/Gorizia would increase by 102 GWh/d or (with the addition of the 2nd phase C/S) by 340 GWh/d.

Their implementation depends on the implementation of either of the above upstream projects.

TRA-N-112		Plinovodi projects cluster 5: R15/1 Lendava - Kidričevo						
Pipeline including CS								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION			FINANCING			
Promoter	Plinovodi d.o.o.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest		Public Financing	-		
Operator	Plinovodi d.o.o.	In PCI list ?	Yes		Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	1 www.plinovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN- 2014-2023.pdf		Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link						
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request	Year Funding Granted				
			01.04.2010 Not yet					
			27.02.2012	Not yet				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		# of Pipelines, nodes, CS	1
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Total Pipeline Length (km)	+70.00
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Total Compressor Power (MW)	
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018	Expected Load Factor	+0.70
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned	Diameter (range) (mm)	DN 500
% Exemption in exit direction	-			Diameter (range) (inches)	20"

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Interconnector SI-HU	Yes	entry	38.00	Hub Hungary	Hub Slovenia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Interconnector with the transmission system of the Hungarian TSO.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional.

Multilateral financing

Plinovodi projects cluster 6									
Code	Name	Technical information	FID status	Commissioning	TEN-E	PCI project			
TRA-N-098	M9a Lendava - Kidričevo	Pipeline 72 km and Compressor station 80 MW	non-FID	2016	TEN-E 2011	No			
TRA-N-100	M10 Vodice - Rateče	Pipeline 79 km	non-FID	2017	TEN-E 2010, 2011	No			
TRA-N-263	M9b Kidričevo - Vodice	Pipeline 115 km and Compressor station 60 MW	non-FID	2018	TEN-E 2012	No			
GENERAL INFO	DAMATION								
GENERAL INFO	NIVIATION								
Promoter	Plinovodi	THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME							
Operator	Plinovodi	Considered TPA Regime	Negotiated						
		Considered Tariff Regime	Negotiated						
Web Link	www.mlinescedi.ci/sun_content/sunleeds/2004/00/DN 2014/2022 mlf	Applied for Exemption ?	Not yet						
WED LINK	www.plinovodi.si/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/RN-2014-2023.pdf								

These projects aim at providing additional supply to the Slovenian gas market, but mainly represent a substantial transit capacity to the Slovenian transmission system from Hungary to Italy, establishing two new Interconnection Points:

- one at the Slovenian-Hungarian border (Lendava) with an entry capacity of 288 GWh/d, possibly increasing to 819 GWh/d and
- one at the Slovenian-Italian border (Tarvisio) with an exit capacity of 819 Gwh/d.

The implementation of the project depends on the existence of corresponding upstream (within Hungary) transmission capacity.

5 UGS projects FID

UGS-F-236		San Potito e Cotignola						
Storage Facility								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING				
Promoter	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2009 Q2	Storage facility	San Potito e Cotignola	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2006 Q3	Working volume (mcm)	+868	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2010 Q2	Injectability (mcm/d)	+6.80	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2013 Q2	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+6.80	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Commissioning			
% Exemption in exit direction	-					

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - IT - Snam Rete Gas/Edison	Yes	entry	74.80	Hub Italia	Storage Italia
	Yes	exit	74.80	Storage Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

New storage installation east of Bologna.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, (Increase of competition).

The Italian Storage facilities is a market characterized by absence of a different operators, low level of development new storage capacity by the major operator (with the 97% market share). The Italian UGS projects will enhance the level of competition and security of supply at national level.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-F-259		Bordolano						
Storage Facility								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING				
Promoter	STOGIT	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	STOGIT	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	—			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link	www.stogit.it/en/activities/Innovation-and- research/Progetto_Bordolano.html					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2013 Q4	Storage facility	Bordolano
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2006 Q2	Working volume (mcm)	+1,136
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2013 Q4	Injectability (mcm/d)	+14.20
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2015 Q4	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+18.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

PROJECTED CAPACITY INCREASES					
Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone

Depleted gas fields on-shore (new fied) in Northern Italy.							
EXPECTED BENEFITS							
Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (increase of competition and market liquidity), Increased flexibility of the system.							
COMMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT FINANCING							
Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing					

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

UGS-F-260	9	System Enhancements - Stogit - on-shore gas fields					
Storage Facility							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING			
Promoter	STOGIT	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	STOGIT	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q2	Storage facility	Stogit Enhancements and New Developments	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2006 Q2	Working volume (mcm)	+2,003.70	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2012 Q4	Injectability (mcm/d)		
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q4	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+22.20	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FID			
% Exemption in exit direction	-					

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project envisages the development of the following depleted on-shore gas fields (all of them in Northern Italy with one exception - in Central Italy):

- Settala
- Fiume Treste
- Minerbio
- Ripalta
- Ex strategic storage

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, Back-up for renewables, Power-to-gas, Market Integration (increase of competition and market liquidity), Increased flexibility of the system.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

6 UGS projects non-FID

UGS-N-07	6	Underground G	Underground Gas Storage at South Kavala			
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING	
Promoter	Hellenic Republic Asset Development Fund (HRADF)	TEN-E Project ?	TEN-E Project ? Project of Common Interest		Public Financing	-
Operator	To be defined	In PCI list ?	١	'es	Private Financing	-
		IGAs	N	one	Multilateral Financing	-
		Web Link				
		TEN-E Requests	Date of Request Year Funding Granted 29.02.2012 Not yet			
			28.02.2011	Not yet		

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	-	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	Underground Gas Storage at South Kavala
Considered Tariff Regime	-	FID	2015 Q2	Working volume (mcm)	+360
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2016 Q1	Injectability (mcm/d)	+5.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2018	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+4.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - GR - DESFA/South Kavala	Yes	entry	55.00	Hub Greece	Storage Greece
	Yes	exit	44.00	Storage Greece	Hub Greece

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project is aiming to the conversion of the South Kavala offshore natural gas reservoir to an Underground Gas Storage facility.

- The South Kavala field is an almost depleted reservoir, which is a turbistic sand package at a depth of 1,720 m, contained between a sequence of evaporites.
- The license for the development and operation of the UGS of South Kavala will be attributed through a tender procedure, expected to be launched by the Hellenic Republic Asset Development Fund (HRADF) to which the rights over the field have been transferred by the State. The right to exploit the nearly depleted gas field of South Kavala is held, until 2014, by Energean Oil & Gas S.A.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Diversification of sources, N-1 National (GR), N-1 Regional (GR-BG-RO).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-138	8	UGS Chiren Expansion					
Storage Facility							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N .	FINANCING			
Promoter	Bulgartransgaz EAD	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Bulgartransgaz EAD	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_		
		Web Link	http://www.bulgartransgaz.bg/en/index.php				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	UGS Chiren
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014	Working volume (mcm)	+450
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction		Injectability (mcm/d)	+5.80
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2017	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+5.80
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - BG - Chiren - Bulgartransgaz	Yes	exit	65.00	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Storage Bulgaria (NGTS)
	Yes	entry	65.00	Storage Bulgaria (NGTS)	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
	Yes	entry	65.00	Storage Bulgaria (NGTS)	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)
	Yes	exit	65.00	Hub Bulgaria (NGTS)	Storage Bulgaria (NGTS)

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project for expansion of the existing gas storage facility Chiren consists of staged capacity increse of the gas storage facility – higher stored gas volumes, higher pressures in the gas reservoir and reaching higher average daily withdrawal and injection flow rates.

Two options of reaching maximum capacities are mainly under consideration:

- up to 130 bar fomation pressure, active gas 720 mcm and daily production and withdrawal flow 10 mcm.
- up to 150 bar formation pressure, active gas 1,000 mcm and daily production and withdrawal flow 10 mcm.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Description of the benefits: Chiren UGS is the only storage facility on the territory of Bulgaria and it plays a key role in ensuring the security of gas supply as well as compensating the seasonal swings in gas consumption in the region.

The expansion of Chiren UGS will secure additional natural gas storage capacity and increase the injection and withdrawal flow rate, thus improving on one hand the security of gas supply in the region and compliance with the N-1 standard and contributing to developing the natural gas trade in the region on the other.

The realization of the gas interconnections projects and the improvement of market integration in the region will create the opportunity for different traders to use the storage capacity thus increasing market competition on one hand and the benefits for natural gas customers.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-141	Constru	Construction of new gas storage facility on the territory of Bulgaria				
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING		
Promoter	Bulgartransgaz EAD	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-	
Operator	Bulgartransgaz EAD	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	http://www.bulgartransgaz.bg/en/index.php			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	Not defined yet
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Working volume (mcm)	
Applied for Exemption ?	Not relevant	Construction		Injectability (mcm/d)	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2020	Deliverability (mcm/d)	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Provision is made for the construction of new gas storage facility on the territory of Bulgaria with a view to ensuring security of supply and a stimulus to gas market liberalisation. The project is in an early phase therefore different opportunities for the construction of a new gas storage in suitable geological structures are considered - in salt caverns, depleted gas field (inland or offshore) or aquifer.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, N-1 National, N-1 Regional, (Central Eastern Europe, South Eastern Europe, Balkan Region).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-209		Pusztaederics - Compressor System Reconstruction				
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N	FINANCING		
Promoter	Hungarian Gas Storage Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-	
Operator	Hungarian Gas Storage Ltd.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2013 Q1	Storage facility	Pusztaederics
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2012 Q4	Working volume (mcm)	+340
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2013 Q2	Injectability (mcm/d)	+2.50
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2014-16	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+2.90
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Construction		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - HU - FGSZ/E.ON Hungary	Yes	exit	31.90	Storage Hungary	Hub Hungary
	Yes	entry	27.50	Hub Hungary	Storage Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

To significantly increase the operational reliability and flexibility of storage services in the very crucial part of the North/South Corridor in the Region towards Slovenia, Croatia and Serbia. Also to generate ~20% increased daily injection peak (0.5 Mm3/d) and off season operation.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Market integration, Diversification of routes.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-233		Depomures Storage Project				
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	V	FINANCING		
Promoter	Depomures S.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	Depomures S.A.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	_	
	(59% subsidiary of GDF-Suez)	IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link				

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2014 Q2	Storage facility	Depomures
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q2	Working volume (mcm)	+300
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2014 Q3	Injectability (mcm/d)	+2.30
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q2	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+2.30
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d) From Zone To Zone

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Revamping of an existing underground gas storage. Construction of own compression facilities in order to be able to perform independent and "best-in-class" storage activities, together with an increase of the storafe capacity from 300 to 400 mcm, (and further to 600 mcm during a second phase) and of the withdrawal rates.

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (The project will contribute to improve seasonal and peak flexibility in Romania and the neighbouring ountries), N-1 National (The storage extension will increase deliverability by 4 mcm/day. This could be used by Romania, Bulgaria or Greece).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-234	ı	Zsa	Non-FID			
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS			GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING	
Promoter	Hungarian Gas S	Storage Ltd.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of Common Interest	Public Financing	-
Operator	Hungarian Gas	Storage Ltd.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-
			IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_
			Web Link			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2015 Q3	Storage facility	Zsana
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2015 Q4	Working volume (mcm)	+2,140
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2016 Q1	Injectability (mcm/d)	+17.20
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2017 Q1	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+28.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Market test		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

PROJECTED CAPACITY INCREASES					
Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - HU - FGSZ/E.ON Hungary	Yes	entry	189.20	Hub Hungary	Storage Hungary
	Yes	exit	308.00	Storage Hungary	Hub Hungary

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT						
The project aims at enabling a more flexible operation enabling the injectability to be as low as 0.24 Mm3/d.						
EXPECTED BENEFITS	EXPECTED BENEFITS					
Market integration, Diversification of routes.						
COMMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT FINANCING						
Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing				

UGS-N-235		Nuovi Sviluppi Edison Stoccaggio					
Storage Facility							
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION		FINANCING			
Promoter	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-		
Operator	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-		
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-		
		Web Link					

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	Nuovi Sviluppi Edison Stoccaggio
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Working volume (mcm)	+1,000
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Injectability (mcm/d)	+10.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2018 Q4	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+10.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Planned		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - IT - Snam Rete Gas/Edison	Yes	entry	110.00	Hub Italia	Storage Italia
	Yes	exit	110.00	Storage Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project consists mainly of a number of wells infilling and repowering activities in the existing plants of Cellino (Central Italy) and Collalto (Northern Italy).

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, (Increase of competition):

The Italian Storage facilities is a market characterized by absence of a different operators, low level of development new storage capacity by the major operator (with the 97% market share). The Italian UGS projects will enhance the level of competition and security of supply at national level.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-237	,	Palazzo Moroni						
Storage Facility								
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	N .	FINANCING				
Promoter	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-			
Operator	Edison Stoccagio S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	-			
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-			
		Web Link						

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION		
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	Palazzo Moroni	
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Working volume (mcm)	+66.00	
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction		Injectability (mcm/d)	+1.00	
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q2	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+1.00	
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	FEED			
% Exemption in exit direction	-					

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
UGS - IT - Snam Rete Gas/Edison	Yes	entry	11.00	Hub Italia	Storage Italia
	Yes	exit	11.00	Storage Italia	Hub Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

The project consists mainly of a number of wells infilling and repowering activities in the existing plants of Cellino (Central Italy) and Collalto (Northern Italy).

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration, (Increase of competition):

The Italian Storage facilities is a market characterized by absence of a different operators, low level of development new storage capacity by the major operator (with the 97% market share). The Italian UGS projects will enhance the level of competition and security of supply at national level.

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-242		Cornegliano UGS				
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	1	FINANCING		
Promoter	ITAL Gas Storage S.r.l.	TEN-E Project ?	Project of European Interest	Public Financing	-	
Operator	ITAL Gas Storage S.r.l.	In PCI list ?	Yes	Private Financing	100%	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	-	
		Web Link	www.italgasstorage.it			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase	2012 Q1	Storage facility	Cornegliano UGS
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID	2014 Q3	Working volume (mcm)	+1,300
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2015 Q3	Injectability (mcm/d)	+27.00
Exemption granted ?	No	Commissioning	2018 Q1	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+27.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Permitting		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

Interconnection	Modelled	Direction	Capacity (GWh/d)	From Zone	To Zone
Cornegliano	Yes	exit	297.00	Storage Italia	Hub Italia
	Yes	entry	297.00	Hub Italia	Storage Italia

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Ital Gas Storage will construct a new gas storage facility located in Lombardy (Italy). The facility will have a working gas volume of 1.3 billion cubic meters (+10% of actual Italian capacity). The maximum injection and withdrawal rate from the facility will be 27 million cubic meters per day (+10% of actual capacity).

EXPECTED BENEFITS

Security of Supply, Market integration (Italy, Southern Europe, Central Europe), Reverse Flows, Diversification of sources, Diversification of routes, N-1 National (Italy), N-1 Regional (West), Back-up for renewables, Cornegliano UGS will contribute to the development of reverse gas flow from South Europe to Central Europe and North Europe by providing shippers with an important source of flexibility and gas modulation at relatively low cost (the national tariff in Italy is the lowest in Europe).

Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

UGS-N-288	В	Grottole-Ferrandina Gas Storage				
Storage Facility						
SPONSORS		GENERAL INFORMATION	ı	FINANCING		
Promoter	Geogastock	TEN-E Project ?	Not part of TEN-E	Public Financing	-	
Operator	Geogastock S.p.A.	In PCI list ?	No	Private Financing	80%	
		IGAs	None	Multilateral Financing	_	
		Web Link	www.geogastock.it			

THIRD-PARTY ACCESS REGIME		SCHEDULE		TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Considered TPA Regime	Regulated	End of permitting phase		Storage facility	Grottole-Ferrandina
Considered Tariff Regime	Regulated	FID		Working volume (mcm)	+1,000
Applied for Exemption ?	No	Construction	2014 Q2	Injectability (mcm/d)	+10.00
Exemption granted ?	Not relevant	Commissioning	2016 Q1	Deliverability (mcm/d)	+10.00
% Exemption in entry direction	-	Last completed Phase :	Permitting		
% Exemption in exit direction	-				

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT		
Depleted gas field in Southern Italy. Phase 1 (already authorized): workover of	of 14 existing wells, construction of a new compressor station, revamping the pi	pelines network. Phase 2 (not yet approved): drilling of 10 new wells.
EXPECTED BENEFITS		
Security of Supply.		
COMMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT FINANCING		
Public financing	Private financing	Multilateral financing

From Zone

To Zone

Modelled Direction Capacity (GWh/d)

PROJECTED CAPACITY INCREASES

Interconnection



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