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## ENTSOG AS4 Profile

3

**FINAL Version 4.0 – 2025-01-27**

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5 **This document provides only specific technical information given for indicative purposes**  
6 **and, as such, it can be subject to further modifications. The information contained in the**  
7 **document is non-exhaustive as well as non-contractual in nature and closely connected with**  
8 **the completion of the applicable process foreseen by the relevant provisions of Commission**  
9 **Regulation (EU) 2015/703 of 30 April 2015 establishing a network code on interoperability**  
10 **and data exchange rules.**

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## 80 **1 Introduction**

81 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/703 of 30 April 2015 establishing a network code on  
82 interoperability and data exchange rules published on 30 April 2015 by the European  
83 Commission (EC) specifies that *“The following common data exchange solutions shall be used*  
84 *[for the communication] protocol: AS4”* [CR2015/703] for document-based exchanges. This  
85 document defines an ENTSOG AS4 Profile that aims to support cross-enterprise collaboration  
86 in the gas sector using secure and reliable exchange of business documents based on the AS4  
87 standard [AS4], now also standardized internationally as part two of the ISO 15000 series [ISO  
88 15000-2]. This is done by providing an ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler profile and a usage profile for  
89 the AS4 communication protocol that allow actors in the gas sector to deploy AS4  
90 communication platforms in a consistent and interoperable way. This document also specifies  
91 a mechanism to manage certificate exchanges and updates for AS4 using ebCore Agreement  
92 Update [ebcore-au-v1.0].

93 The main goals of this profile are to:

- 94 • Support exchange of EDIG@S XML documents and other payloads [EDIG@S].
- 95 • Support business processes of Transmission System Operators for gas, as well as future  
96 business processes.
- 97 • Leverage previous experience with AS2 as described in the EASEE-gas implementation  
98 guide [EGMTP].
- 99 • Provide security guidance based on state-of-the-art best practices.
- 100 • Provide suppliers of AS4-enabled B2B communication solutions with guidance  
101 regarding the required AS4 functionality.
- 102 • Align with similar profiles of AS4 developed by other user communities, in particular  
103 the eDelivery AS4 Building Block [eDeliveryAS4].
- 104 • Facilitate management and exchange of certificates for AS4 by users deploying the  
105 profile.

106 This version 4.0 is the first major update of the ENTSOG AS4 profile since the last version 3.6,  
107 which was published in 2018. It retains all the core functionality of the last version 3.6. The  
108 main changes relate to the message layer security section, where some selected algorithms  
109 have been replaced by more state-of-the-art secure algorithms. These changes intend to  
110 enable continued secure use of ENTSOG AS4 in the coming years. These changes also provide  
111 continued alignment of ENTSOG AS4 with the version 2.0 of the European Commission’s  
112 eDelivery AS4 profile, published on 5 December 2024. Due to the changes in algorithms, this  
113 version of ENTSOG AS4 is not compatible with previous versions.

114 This profile adopts document conventions common in technical specifications for Internet  
115 protocols and data formats. The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL",  
116 "SHALL", "NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in  
117 this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

## 118 **2 AS4 Profile**

119 This specification defines the ENTSOG AS4 profile as the selection of a specific conformance  
120 profile of the AS4 standard [AS4], which is profiled further for increased consistency and  
121 ease of configuration, and an AS4 Usage Profile that defines how to use a compliant  
122 implementation for gas industry document exchange. Section 2.1 describes the AS4  
123 ebHandler Conformance Profile, of which this profile is an extended subset. Section 2.2  
124 describes the feature set that conformant products are REQUIRED to support. Section 2.3 is  
125 a usage guide that describes configuration and deployment options for conformant  
126 products. Section 2.4 describes how certificates for use with AS4 configurations for this  
127 profile can be exchanged and managed using ebCore Agreement Update [ebcore-au-v1.0].

### 128 **2.1 AS4 and Conformance Profiles**

#### 129 **2.1.1 AS4 Standard**

130 This ENTSOG AS4 profile is based on the AS4 Profile of ebMS 3.0 Version 1.0. OASIS Standard  
131 [AS4]. AS4 itself is based on other standards, in particular on OASIS ebXML Messaging  
132 Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Features OASIS Standard [EBMS3], which in turn is based  
133 on various Web Services specifications. AS4 is also part 2 of the ISO 15000 series [ISO 15000-  
134 2].

135 The OASIS Technical Committee responsible for maintaining the AS4, ebMS 3.0 Core and  
136 other related specifications is tracking and resolving issues in the specifications, which it  
137 intends to publish as a consolidated Specification Errata. Implementations of the ENTSOG  
138 AS4 Profile SHOULD track and implement resolutions at [https://tools.oasis-  
139 open.org/issues/browse/EBXMLMSG](https://tools.oasis-open.org/issues/browse/EBXMLMSG).

#### 140 **2.1.2 AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile**

141 The AS4 standard [AS4] defines multiple conformance profiles, which define specific  
142 functional subsets of the version 3.0 ebXML Messaging, Core Specification [EBMS3]. A  
143 conformance profile corresponds to a class of compliant applications. This version of the  
144 ENTSOG AS4 Profile is based on an extended subset of the **AS4 ebHandler Conformance  
145 Profile** and a Usage Profile. It aims to support gas business processes such as Capacity  
146 Allocation Mechanism and Nomination, in which documents are to be transmitted securely  
147 and reliably to Receivers with a minimal delay.

### 148 **2.2 ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler Feature Set**

149 The ENTSOG AS4 feature set is, with some exceptions, a subset of the feature set of the AS4  
150 ebHandler Conformance Profile. This section selects specific options in situations where the  
151 AS4 ebHandler provides more than one option. This section is addressed to providers of AS4  
152 products and can be used as a checklist of features to be provided in AS4 products. The  
153 structure of this chapter mirrors the structure of the ebMS3 Core Specification [EBMS3].

154 Compared to the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile, this profile adds, or updates, some  
155 functionality:

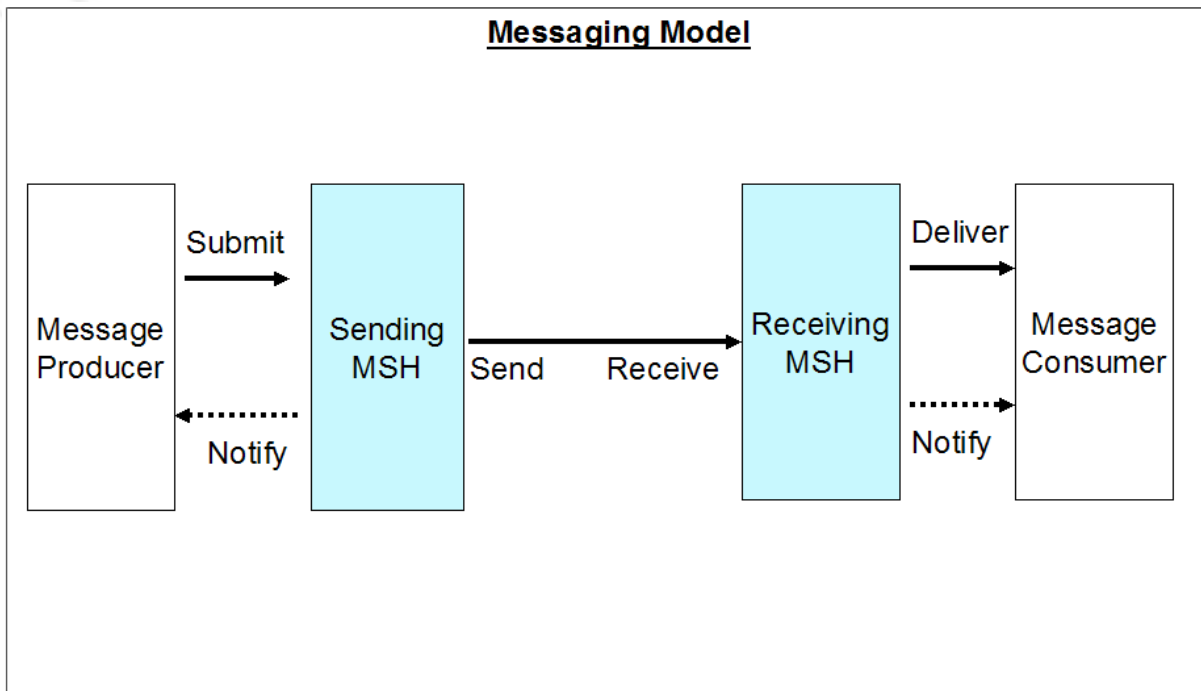
- 156 • There is an added recommendation to support the Two Way Message Exchange  
157 Pattern (MEP) (cf. section 2.2.1).
- 158 • Transport Layer Security processing, if handled in the AS4 handler, is profiled (cf.  
159 section 2.2.6.1).
- 160 • Algorithms specified for securing messages at the Message Layer are updated to  
161 current guidelines (cf. section 2.2.6.2).

162 It also relaxes some requirements:

- 163 • Support for **Pull** mode in AS4 will only be REQUIRED when business processes  
164 determine that **Pull** mode exchanges are necessary (cf. section 2.2.2).
- 165 • All payloads are exchanged in separate MIME parts (cf. section 2.2.3.2).
- 166 • Asynchronous reporting of receipts and errors is not REQUIRED (cf. sections 2.2.4,  
167 2.2.5).
- 168 • WS-Security support is limited to the X.509 Token Profile (cf. section 2.2.6.2).

### 169 2.2.1 Messaging Model

170 This profile constrains the channel bindings of message exchanges between two AS4  
171 Message Service Handlers (MSHs), one of which acts as Sending MSH and the other as the  
172 Receiving MSH. The following diagram (from [EBMS3]) shows the various actors and  
173 operations in message exchange:



174  
175 **Figure 1 AS4 Messaging Model**



176 Business applications or middleware, acting as *Producer*, *Submit* message content and  
177 metadata to the Sending MSH, which packages this content and sends it to the Receiving  
178 MSH of the business partner, which in turn *Delivers* the message to another business  
179 application that *Consumes* the message content and metadata. Subject to configuration,  
180 Sending and Receiving MSH may *Notify Producer* or *Consumer* of particular events. Note that  
181 there is a difference between *Sender* and *Initiator*. For **Push** exchanges, the Sending MSH  
182 initiates the transmission of the message. For **Pull** exchanges, the transmission is initiated by  
183 the Receiving MSH.

184 The AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile is the AS4 conformance profile that provides  
185 support for Sending and Receiving roles using **Push** channel bindings. Support is REQUIRED  
186 for the following Message Exchange Pattern:

- 187 • *One Way / Push*

188 For **PMode.MEP**, support is therefore REQUIRED for the following values:

- 189 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay>

190 While the AS4 ebHandler does not require support for the Two-Way MEP, support for this  
191 MEP may be added in future versions of this ENTSSOG AS4 profile (see section 2.3.1.3). A  
192 message handler that supports Two Way MEPs allows the Producer submitting a message  
193 unit to set the optional *RefToMessageId* element in the *MessageInfo* section in support of  
194 request-response exchanges. For **PMode.MEP**, support is therefore RECOMMENDED for the  
195 following value:

- 196 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/twoWay>

197 For **PMode.MEPbinding**, support is REQUIRED for:

- 198 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push>

199 Note that these values are identifiers only and do not resolve to content on the OASIS site.

## 200 2.2.2 Message Pulling and Partitioning

201 Business processes currently under consideration for this version of this profile are time-  
202 critical and considered only supported by the **Push** channel binding, because it allows the  
203 *Sender* to control the timing of transmission of the message. Future versions of this profile  
204 MAY also support business processes with less time-critical timing requirements. These  
205 future uses could benefit from the ebMS3 **Pull** feature. For **PMode.MEPbinding**, applications  
206 SHOULD therefore also support:

- 207 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/pull>

208 This allows implementations of this profile to also support the following Message Exchange  
209 Patterns:

- 210 • *One Way / Pull*
- 211 • *Two Way / Push-and-Pull*

212 • *Two Way / Pull-and-Push*

213 • *Two Way / Pull-and-Pull*

214 Note that any compliant AS4 ebHandler is REQUIRED to support the first of these options.

215 That requirement is relaxed in this profile. The other three options combine Two Way

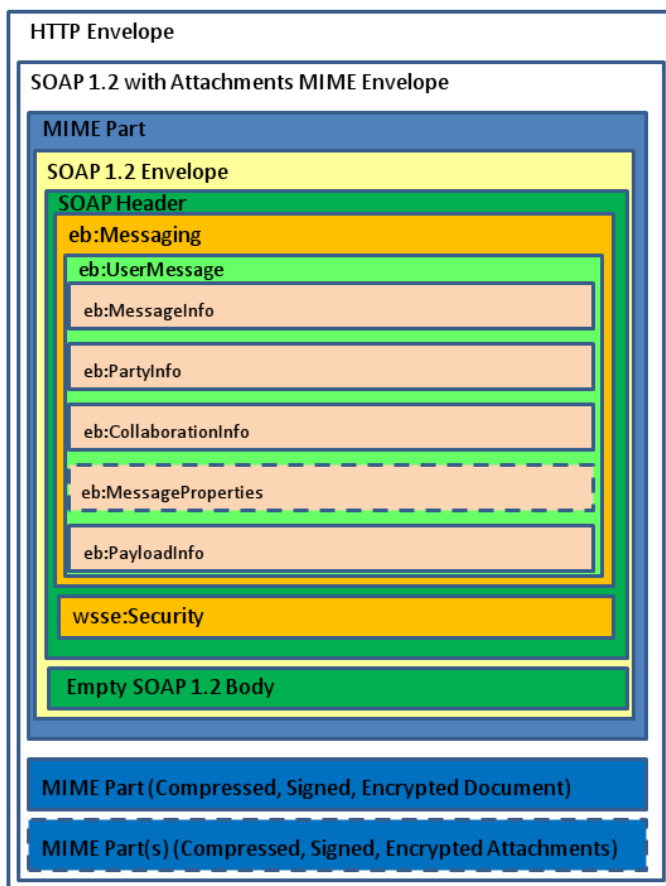
216 exchanges (see section 2.2.1) with the **Pull** feature.

### 217 2.2.3 Message Packaging

218 The AS4 message structure (see Figure 2) provides a standard message header that

219 addresses B2B requirements and offers a flexible packaging mechanism based on SOAP and

220 MIME enveloping. Dashed line style is used for optional message components.



221

222 **Figure 2 AS4 Message Structure**

223 The SOAP envelope SHOULD be encoded as UTF-8 (see [EBMS3], section 5.1.2.5). If the SOAP

224 envelope is correctly encoded in UTF-8 and the character set header is set to UTF-8,

225 receivers MUST support the presence of the Unicode Byte Order Mark (BOM; see [BP20],

226 section 3.1.2).

### 227 2.2.3.1 UserMessage

228 AS4 defines the ebMS3 **Messaging** SOAP header, which envelopes **UserMessage** XML  
229 structures, which provide business metadata to exchanged payloads. In AS4, ebMS3  
230 messages other than receipts or errors carry a single **UserMessage**. The ENTSOG AS4 profile  
231 follows the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile in requiring full configurability for “General”  
232 and “BusinessInfo” P-Mode parameters as per sections 2.1.3.1 and 2.1.3.3 of [AS4].

233 A compliant product MUST allow the Producer, when submitting messages, to set a value for  
234 **AgreementRef**, to select a particular P-Mode. A compliant product, acting as Receiver, MUST  
235 take the value of the AS4 **AgreementRef** header into account when selecting the applicable  
236 P-Mode. It MUST be able to send and receive messages in which the optional *pmode*  
237 attribute of **AgreementRef** is not set.

238 The ebMS3 and AS4 specifications do not constrain the value of **MessageId** beyond  
239 conformance to the Internet Message Format [RFC2822], which requires the value to be  
240 unique. Products can do this by including a UUID string in the *id-left* part of the identifier set  
241 using randomly (or pseudo-randomly) chosen values.

242 As in the AS4 ebHandler profile, support for **MessageProperties** is REQUIRED in this profile.

### 243 2.2.3.2 Payloads

244 Section 5.1.1 of the ebMS3 Core Specification [EBMS3] requires implementations to process  
245 both non-multipart (simple SOAP) messages and multipart (SOAP-with-attachments)  
246 messages, and this is a requirement for the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile. Due to the  
247 mandatory use of the AS4 compression feature in this profile (see section 2.2.3.3), XML  
248 payloads MAY be converted to binary data, which is carried in separate MIME parts and not  
249 in the SOAP Body. AS4 messages based on this profile always have an empty SOAP Body.

250 The ebMS3 mechanism of supporting “external” payloads via hyperlink references (as  
251 mentioned in section 5.2.2.12 of [EBMS3]) MUST NOT be used.

### 252 2.2.3.3 Message Compression

253 The AS4 specification defines payload compression as one of its additional features. Payload  
254 compression is a useful feature for many content types, including XML content.

- 255 • The parameter **PMode[1].PayloadService.CompressionType** SHOULD be specified  
256 and set to the value *application/gzip*. (Note that GZIP is the only compression type  
257 currently supported in AS4).

258 Mandatory use of the AS4 compression feature is consistent with earlier practices for gas  
259 B2B data exchange, such as the EASEE-gas AS2 profile [EGMTP]. Compressed payloads are in  
260 separate MIME parts.

261 The **PartInfo** element in the message header that relates to a compressed payload part  
262 MUST have a **Property** element with its name attribute set to the value *CompressionType*.  
263 The content type of a compressed payload part MUST be *application/gzip*. Presence of this  
264 part property is an indicator to the Receiving MSH that the Sending MSH has compressed a

265 payload part. The receiving AS4 MSH MUST decompress any payload part(s) compressed by  
266 the Sending MSH before delivering the message.

267 When compression, signature and/or encryption are required, AS4 specifies that any  
268 attached payload(s) MUST be compressed prior to being signed and encrypted. As AS4  
269 compression is functionality of the AS4 MSH, the use of XML signature in the WS-Security for  
270 signature and signature verification applies to compressed payload data, not to the  
271 uncompressed payload data submitted by the Producer and delivered to the Consumer. The  
272 output of GZIP compression varies depending on implementation or parameters settings.  
273 When using AS4 compression, Sender and Receiver SHOULD store compressed payload data  
274 for the duration of the period during which access to the source data is needed to handle  
275 any non-repudiation disputes.

#### 276 2.2.4 Error Handling

277 This profile specifies that errors MUST be reported and transmitted synchronously to the  
278 Sender and SHOULD be reported to the Consumer.

- 279 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse** MUST be set to the  
280 value *true*.
- 281 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer**  
282 SHOULD be set to the value *true*.

#### 283 2.2.5 Reliable Messaging and Reception Awareness

284 This profile specifies that non-repudiation receipts MUST be sent synchronously for each  
285 message type.

- 286 • The parameter **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.NonRepudiation** MUST be set to the  
287 value *true*.
- 288 • The parameter **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern** MUST be set to the  
289 value *Response*.

290 In this profile, the use of the AS4 Reception Awareness feature is REQUIRED. This feature  
291 provides a built-in *Retry* mechanism that can help overcome temporary network or other  
292 issues and detection of message duplicates.

- 293 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness** MUST be set to *true*.
- 294 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry** MUST be set to *true*.
- 295 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection** MUST be set to  
296 *true*.

297 The parameters **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry.Parameters** and related  
298 **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection.Parameters** are sets of parameters  
299 configuring retries and duplicate detection. These parameters are not fully specified in [AS4]  
300 and implementation-dependent. Products MUST support configuration of parameters for  
301 retries and duplicate detection.

302 Reception awareness errors generated by the Sender MUST be reported to the Submitting  
303 application:

- 304 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.MissingReceiptNotifyProducer**  
305 MUST be set to *true*.
- 306 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo** MUST NOT be set.  
307 There is no support for reporting sender errors to a third party.

## 308 2.2.6 Security

309 AS4 message exchanges can be secured at multiple communication layers: the network  
310 layer, the transport layer, the message layer and the payload layer. The first and last of these  
311 are not normally handled by B2B communication software and therefore out of scope for  
312 this section. Transport layer security is addressed, even though its functionality MAY be  
313 offloaded to another infrastructure component.

314 This section provides parameter settings based on multiple published sets of best practices.  
315 It is noted that after publication of this document, vulnerabilities may be discovered in the  
316 security algorithms, formats and exchange protocols specified in this section. Such  
317 discoveries MUST lead to revisions of this specification.

### 318 2.2.6.1 Transport Layer Security

#### 319 2.2.6.1.1 Use of TLS

320 When using AS4, Transport Layer Security (TLS) provides content confidentiality and  
321 authentication. Server authentication, using a server certificate, allows the client to make  
322 sure the HTTPS connection is set up with the right server. When a message is pushed, the  
323 Sending MSH authenticates the HTTPS server of the Receiving MSH.

324 TLS can be directly handled by the AS4 message handler or be off-loaded to some  
325 infrastructure component. In the following, we refer to the TLS processing component as TLS  
326 implementation. For every TLS implementation conformant with this profile, the following  
327 rules shall apply:

- 328 • TLS versions and cipher suites MUST follow international and national minimum  
329 standard requirements and best practices such as [ECRYPT CSA], [NIST 800-52r2], [BSI  
330 TR-02102-2] and [RFC9325]. The decision which, if any, of these publications to  
331 follow is not specified in this profile as it may depend on other international, national  
332 and/or sectorial regulation or other factors.
- 333 • It MUST be possible to configure the accepted TLS version(s) in the TLS  
334 implementation.
- 335 • It MUST be possible to configure accepted TLS cipher suites in the TLS  
336 implementation. Note that naming conventions and recommendations for suites are  
337 specific to TLS versions.

338 **2.2.6.1.2 TLS Versions**

339 Implementations conformant with this profile:

- 340 • MUST NOT use SSL 3.0, TLS 1.0 and 1.1.
- 341 • MUST therefore at a minimum support TLS 1.2 [RFC5246]. TLS 1.2 is considered  
342 sufficient and offers good cryptographic primitives. With proper configuration of  
343 cipher suites it is considered sufficient for many years.
- 344 • SHOULD support the use of TLS 1.3 [RFC8446]. Note that [NIST 800-52r2] requires  
345 support for TLS 1.3 as from January 1, 2024.

346 **2.2.6.1.3 TLS Cipher Suites**

347 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following TLS 1.3 cipher  
348 suites:

- 349 • TLS\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- 350 • TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 351 • TLS\_AES\_128\_CCM\_SHA256

352 These cipher suites are recommended by [BSI TR-02102-2] and [NIST 800-52r2]. Note that  
353 [ECRYPT CSA] does not make any explicit restrictions regarding TLS 1.3 cipher suites.  
354 [RFC9325] recommends to follow the recommendations from [RFC8446].

355 In addition, TLS\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256 may be used [RFC8446].

356 For TLS 1.2, this profile recommends the usage of Perfect Forward Secure (PFS) cipher suites.  
357 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following TLS 1.2 cipher  
358 suites:

- 359 • TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 360 • TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- 361 • TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM
- 362 • TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM
- 363 • TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 364 • TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256

365 These cipher suites are compatible with the recommendations of [BSI TR-02102-2], [NIST  
366 800-52r2], [ECRYPT CSA] and [RFC9325].

367 Further cipher suites may be used when following specific regulations. For example, [ECRYPT  
368 CSA] recommends the usage of Camellia for record layer encryption. [BSI TR-02102-2], [NIST  
369 800-52r2], and [ECRYPT CSA] recommend the usage of TLS\_DHE\_\* cipher suites.

370 **2.2.6.1.4 Supported Groups for (EC)DH Key Exchange**

371 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following elliptic curves:

- 372 • secp256r1
- 373 • secp384r1
- 374 • secp521r1
- 375 • x25519
- 376 • x448

377 When using Finite Field Diffie Hellman, at least ffdhe3072 should be used.

378 **2.2.6.1.5 Certificate Key Lengths**

379 Implementations conformant with this profile MUST use RSA, ECDSA, or EdDSA X.509  
380 certificates. For RSA certificates, keys larger than 3000 bits are mandatory. For ECDSA, keys  
381 larger than 250 bits are REQUIRED.

382 **2.2.6.1.6 TLS Client Authentication**

383 Transport Layer client authentication authenticates the Sender (when used with the Push  
384 MEP binding) or Receiver (when used with Pull). Since this profile uses WS-Security for  
385 message authentication, the use of client authentication at the Transport Layer can be  
386 considered redundant. Whether or not client authentication is to be used depends on the  
387 deployment environment. To support deployments that do require client authentication,  
388 implementations MUST allow Transport Layer client authentication to be configured for an  
389 AS4 HTTPS endpoint. Mutual Authentication or “two way” TLS Authentication is a  
390 combination of client and server authentication.

391 **2.2.6.2 Message Layer Security**

392 **2.2.6.2.1 Use of WS-Security**

393 To provide message layer protection for AS4 messages, this profile REQUIRES the use of the  
394 following Web Services Security version 1.1.1 OASIS specifications, profiled in ebMS3.0  
395 [EBMS3] and AS4 [AS4]:

- 396 • Web Services Security SOAP Message Security [WSSSMS].
- 397 • Web Services Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile [WSSX509].
- 398 • Web Services Security SOAP Message with Attachments (SwA) Profile [WSSSWA].

399 The X.509 Certificate Token Profile supports the signing and encryption of AS4 messages.  
400 This profile REQUIRES the use of X.509 tokens for message signing and encryption, for all AS4  
401 exchanges. The AS4 option of using Username Tokens, which is supported in the AS4  
402 ebHandler Conformance Profile, MUST NOT be used. The AS4 message MUST be signed prior  
403 to being encrypted (see section 7.6 of [EBMS3]).

#### 404 **2.2.6.2.2 Message Signing**

405 AS4 message signing is based on the W3C XML Signature recommendation used by WS-  
406 Security. AS4 can be configured to use specific digest and signature algorithms based on  
407 identifiers defined in this recommendation. At the time of publication of the AS4  
408 specification [AS4], the current version of W3C XML Signature was the June 2008, XML  
409 Signature, Second Edition specification [XMLDSIG]. The current version is the April 2013,  
410 Version 1.1 specification [XMLDSIG1] which defines important new algorithm identifiers. In  
411 addition, the Ed25519 algorithm is available based on [RFC8410] and [RFC9231].

412 This AS4 profile uses the following AS4 parameters and values:

- 413 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Sign]** parameter MUST be set in accordance with section  
414 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 of [AS4].
- 415 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Signature.HashFunction]** parameter MUST be set to  
416 <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256>.
- 417 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Signature.Algorithm]** parameter MUST be set to  
418 <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#eddsa-ed25519>.

419 This AS4 profile anticipates an update to the OASIS AS4 specification to reference this newer  
420 version of the XML Signature specification.

421 The use of XML Signature in AS4 provides Non Repudiation of Origin (NRO) at Message  
422 Exchange level.

423 A sending AS4 MSH performs security processing and constructs the **ds:Signature** header as  
424 follows:

- 425 1. The message parts that are to be signed (header, empty body and MIME parts) are  
426 selected in accordance with AS4.
- 427 2. Message digests are computed for all parts following [WSSSWA] using  
428 <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256>. A **ds:SignedInfo** section is created that  
429 contains a **ds:Reference** element for each signed message part containing the  
430 respective message digest value.
- 431 3. The message is signed using sender's signing key, determined from the applicable P-  
432 Mode using the <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#eddsa-ed25519>  
433 algorithm.
- 434 4. The signature related security headers are placed under a **ds:Signature** element.

435 The receiving AS4 MSH processes the secured message containing this security header as  
436 follows:

- 437 1. Once the message parts have been decrypted successfully, the recipient processes  
438 the **ds:Reference** elements. It recalculates the digests for the signed parts and  
439 validates that their digest values match the specified values.



440 2. It then validates the signature value by using the public key from the sender  
441 certificate.

442 Note that the usage of the Ed25519 curve implies that the message signer has an EdDSA  
443 certificate using the Ed25519 curve to sign AS4 messages. This certificate is signed by a CA  
444 that might use a different signing algorithm (RSA or ECDSA). This profile does not prescribe  
445 any algorithms for CAs. When issuing certificates, the CA uses its key to sign the certificate  
446 data for the party that requests the certificate. The signed data in the certificate includes the  
447 public key of the requesting party. Interoperability is not an issue as the type of public key of  
448 the requesting party is not relevant for the signing of the certificate as for the CA signature,  
449 because that signed public key is just data.

### 450 2.2.6.2.3 Message Encryption

451 For encryption, WS-Security leverages the W3C XML Encryption recommendation used by  
452 WS-Security. The following AS4 parameters configure this feature:

- 453 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Encryption.Encrypt]** parameter MUST be set in  
454 accordance with section 5.1.6 and 5.1.7 of [AS4].
- 455 • The parameter **PMode[.Security.X509.Encryption.Algorithm]** MUST be set to  
456 <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm>. This is the algorithm used as value  
457 for the Algorithm attribute of **xenc:EncryptionMethod** on **xenc:EncryptedData**. This  
458 means that in this profile, AES MUST NOT be used in CBC mode.

459 As specified in section 5.1.6 of [AS4] and in [https://issues.oasis-](https://issues.oasis-open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111)  
460 [open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111](https://issues.oasis-open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111), when XML Encryption is used, all and only payload MIME  
461 parts MUST be encrypted. The **eb:Messaging header** and any of its sub-elements MUST NOT  
462 be encrypted at message layer. Note that this header remains encrypted at transport layer.

463 In WS-Security, there are three mechanisms to reference a security token (see section 3.2 in  
464 [WSSX509]). The ebMS3 and AS4 specifications do not constrain this; neither do they  
465 provide a P-Mode parameter to select a specific option. For interoperability,  
466 implementations SHOULD therefore implement all three options. It is RECOMMENDED that  
467 implementations allow configuration of security token reference type, so that a compatible  
468 type can be selected for a communication partner. Note that as BinarySecurityToken is the  
469 most widely implemented option for security token references in AS4 implementations,  
470 implementations SHOULD implement this option. To allow certificate chain validation, the  
471 ValueType attribute SHOULD be set to the X509PKIPathv1 URI.

472 In this version of this AS4 profile, message encryption is based on the X25519 key agreement  
473 algorithm as specified in section 5.6 of [XMLENC1].

- 474 • For the key agreement method <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#x25519>  
475 MUST be used. This is the algorithm used as value for the Algorithm attribute of  
476 **xenc:AgreementMethod** in **ds:KeyInfo**.

- 477 • When using X25519 public keys, the originator key info is included as a  
478 **dsig11:DEREncodedKeyValue** element. The ASN.1 content of that element  
479 references the OID 1.3.101.110 for X25519.
- 480 • To derive the AES 128 data encryption key, the [http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-](http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#hkdf)  
481 [more#hkdf](http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#hkdf) algorithm defined in [RFC9231] is used on the agreed shared secret. This  
482 identifier is used as a value for the *Algorithm* attribute of  
483 **xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod** in **xenc:AgreementMethod**.

484 A sending AS4 MSH performs security processing and message encryption as follows:

- 485 1. For key agreement related information, an **xenc:AgreementMethod** element is  
486 created.
- 487 2. The sender generates an ephemeral X25519 key pair. The public key MUST be DER-  
488 encoded and placed in a **dsig11:DEREncodedKeyValue** element in the  
489 **xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo** sub-element of **xenc:AgreementMethod**.
- 490 3. The recipient's static public key information is determined from the applicable P-  
491 Mode. If the public key information has been shared as an X.509 certificate it MUST  
492 be referenced using a **wsse:SecurityTokenReference** element placed in the  
493 **xenc:RecipientKeyInfo** sub-element of **xenc:AgreementMethod**.
- 494 4. A shared secret is constructed from the sender and recipient keys using X25519 key  
495 agreement.
- 496 5. The sender uses HKDF, <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#hkdf>, to derive  
497 an encryption key from the shared secret, a Salt, and an Info value. For hashing it  
498 uses the <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlsig-more#hmac-sha256> algorithm. The  
499 length of the key is 16 bytes. The HKDF parameter information is placed under  
500 **xenc:AgreementMethod** in a **dsig-more:HKDFParams** sub-element.
- 501 6. A random AES symmetric key is generated and used to encrypt the MIME payload  
502 parts using the <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm> algorithm  
503 following [WSSSWA].
- 504 7. The AES key created in step 6 is securely wrapped (encrypted) using the derived key  
505 created in step 5 using the <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128>  
506 algorithm. The result of the key wrapping is included as content in the  
507 **xenc:CipherValue** element.
- 508 8. The constructed **xenc:AgreementMethod** element is placed under a **ds:KeyInfo**  
509 element under an **xenc:EncryptedKey** element.
- 510 9. An **xenc:EncryptedData** element is added for each encrypted part as a child of the  
511 **wsse:Security** element.
- 512 10. In each of these **xenc:EncryptedData** elements the encrypted key is referenced by  
513 using its identifier as the value of the URI attribute of a **wsse:Reference** in a  
514 **wsse:SecurityTokenReference** sub-element.

515 11. An **xenc:ReferenceList** is added under the **xenc:EncryptedKey** element listing the  
516 encrypted parts using their identifiers.

517 12. The **xenc:EncryptedKey** element is in turn placed as a child of the **wsse:Security**  
518 element.

519 Note that this eDelivery AS4 profile anticipates the **dsig-more:HKDFParams** element  
520 proposed in [RFC9231bis].

521 After message encryption, the **xenc:EncryptedKey** element representing the encryption key  
522 data and the **xenc:EncryptedData** elements representing the encrypted data are available  
523 for processing in the **wsse:Security** header and the MIME part content is encrypted.

524 The receiving AS4 MSH processes the secured message containing these two encryption  
525 related security headers as follows:

- 526 1. It identifies the **xenc:ReferenceList** in the **xenc:EncryptedKey** element and the  
527 **xenc:EncryptedData** elements to find the parts that are to be decrypted.
- 528 2. For each **xenc:EncryptedData** element, using the **wsse:SecurityTokenReference**, it  
529 finds the encryption key reference information.
- 530 3. In the referenced **xenc:EncryptedKey** element it processes the  
531 **xenc:AgreementMethod** element in the **ds:KeyInfo**. Using the  
532 **xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo** public key value and the private key identified by  
533 **xenc:RecipientKeyInfo**, it performs the ephemeral-static X25519 key agreement to  
534 obtain the X25519 shared secret key.
- 535 4. Using the shared secret key and the HKDF parameters specified on the **dsig-**  
536 **more:HKDFParams** element, it can unwrap the AES symmetric encryption key  
537 needed to decrypt the data.
- 538 5. With this key, it uses AES-GCM to decrypt data referenced in **xenc:EncryptedData**.

539 In the base implementation, X25519 is used in so-called ephemeral-static mode: the sender  
540 creates an a shared secret key based on a short-lived sender key agreement key in  
541 combination with a long-lived recipient key agreement key configured as part of the AS4 P-  
542 Mode and unique random values for the Salt and Info key derivation parameters.

543 Optionally, sender or recipient MAY use ebCore Certificate Update to update the static key  
544 frequently, as explained below in section 2.4 below.

545 When using HKDF, applications SHOULD use random (or pseudo-random) salts as they  
546 contribute significantly to the security of HKDF. The Info parameter MAY be left empty, set  
547 to an application specific value or set to another random (or pseudo-random) value.

548 Note that an X25519 private/public key pair can only be used for key agreement, not for  
549 signing. It is therefore not possible to create a self-signed certificate or a certificate signing  
550 request for an X25519 public key. To share a X25519 public key using a certificate, it MUST  
551 be included in a certificate signed using a valid signing key.

552 **2.2.6.2.4 Sample Security Header**

553 The resulting WS-Security header covering signing and encryption might look as follows:

```

554 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
555 <wssc:Security xmlns:env="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
556   xmlns:wssc="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
557   xmlns:wssell="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.1.xsd"
558   xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
559   xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
560   xmlns:dsig-more="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#"
561   xmlns:dsig11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmldsig11#"
562   xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
563   xmlns:xenc11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#"
564   env:mustUnderstand="true">
565   <xenc:EncryptedKey xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
566     wsu:Id="EK-6263cc2e-e01a-4bd2-a2f3-39f9c74e82ab">
567     <xenc:EncryptionMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128"/>
568     <ds:KeyInfo>
569       <xenc:AgreementMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#x25519">
570         <xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#hkdf">
571           <dsig-more:HKDFParams>
572             <dsig-more:PRF
573               Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#hmac-sha256"/>
574             <dsig-more:Salt>xWdTey4T6awUJkp0NPZNVTa2JQkWukC0Uk+qaeEpn4Y=</dsig-
575 more:Salt>
576             <dsig-more:Info>dGVzdC1pbmZvLWRhdGE=</dsig-more:Info>
577             <dsig-more:KeyLength>16</dsig-more:KeyLength>
578           </dsig-more:HKDFParams>
579         </xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod>
580       <xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
581         <dsig11:DEREncodedKeyValue>MCowBQYDK2VuAyEAX9737D4yIsyDF0tGeaJm4FrSjy16UzKVdUEFtsrTCy8=</dsig11:DERE
582 ncodedKeyValue>
583         </xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
584         <xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
585           <wsse:SecurityTokenReference
586             xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
587 wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd">
588             <wsse:KeyIdentifier
589               EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
590 soap-message-security-1.0#Base64Binary"
591               ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-
592 token-profile-1.0#X509SubjectKeyIdentifier"
593             > ENCODED </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
594           </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
595         </xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
596       </xenc:AgreementMethod>
597     </ds:KeyInfo>
598   <xenc:CipherData>
599     <xenc:CipherValue>10ygsWqNDMJi8AUWz0MhIuyyE/GjfHY3</xenc:CipherValue>
600   </xenc:CipherData>
601   <xenc:ReferenceList>
602     <xenc:DataReference URI="#ED-ad394cf3-a2c0-442e-9943-f01cea6782cb"/>
603   </xenc:ReferenceList>
604 </xenc:EncryptedKey>
605 <xenc:EncryptedData
606   Id="ED-ad394cf3-a2c0-442e-9943-f01cea6782cb" MimeType="application/gzip"
607   Type="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SWAPProfile-1.1#Attachment-Content-Only">
608   <xenc:EncryptionMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm"/>
609   <ds:KeyInfo>
610     <wsse:SecurityTokenReference
611       wssell:TokenType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-soap-message-security-
612 1.1#EncryptedKey">
613       <wsse:Reference URI="#EK-6263cc2e-e01a-4bd2-a2f3-39f9c74e82ab"/>
614     </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
615   </ds:KeyInfo>
616   <xenc:CipherData>
617     <xenc:CipherReference URI="cid:1400668830234@seller.eu">
618     <xenc:Transforms>
619       <ds:Transform xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
620         Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SWAPProfile-
621 1.1#Attachment-Ciphertext-Transform"
622       />
623

```

```

624         </xenc:Transforms>
625     </xenc:CipherReference>
626 </xenc:CipherData>
627 </xenc:EncryptedData>
628 <wsse:BinarySecurityToken
629   EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-message-security-
630 1.0#Base64Binary"
631   ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-
632 1.0#X509v3"
633   wsu:Id="X509-48b6d459-777b-4226-81bd-df327f37b30c"
634   > ENCODED
635 </wsse:BinarySecurityToken>
636
637 <ds:Signature xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
638   Id="SIG-adddc058-ddac-4437-8902-ab37cf037ca4">
639   <ds:SignedInfo>
640     <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#">
641       <ec:InclusiveNamespaces xmlns:ec="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"
642         PrefixList="env"/>
643     </ds:CanonicalizationMethod>
644     <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#eddsa-ed25519"/>
645     <ds:Reference URI="#_840b593a-a40f-40d8-a8fd-89591478e5df">
646       <!-- The (empty) SOAP body -->
647       <ds:Transforms>
648         <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
649       </ds:Transforms>
650       <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256" />
651       <ds:DigestValue>jyTXyVrh+cX3iJzgmXqIHdnJQxcX6kTGHPEs1YUYEs</ds:DigestValue>
652     </ds:Reference>
653     <ds:Reference URI="#_210bca51-e9b3-4ee1-81e7-226949ab6ff6">
654       <!-- the AS4 eb:Messaging header -->
655       <ds:Transforms>
656         <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
657       </ds:Transforms>
658       <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256" />
659       <ds:DigestValue>5RMz5/mSIFT11+amk+XLHsLR2yE7h5KFGAsLrHrya98</ds:DigestValue>
660     </ds:Reference>
661     <ds:Reference URI="cid:1400668830234@seller.eu">
662       <!-- A message payload in a MIME attachment -->
663       <ds:Transforms>
664         <ds:Transform
665           Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SwAProfile-
666 1.1#Attachment-Content-Signature-Transform"
667         />
668       </ds:Transforms>
669       <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256" />
670       <ds:DigestValue>vWgT8wKEsJl0005OjjQB/vw9mGsxiln/0dc9qeRqFM4</ds:DigestValue>
671     </ds:Reference>
672   </ds:SignedInfo>
673 <ds:SignatureValue>CyVaSr9Blh7m4KC7xNszOsmJNM6aJPKwQwNNqY5cvu3GgSIYBQWecg==</ds:SignatureValue>
674 <ds:KeyInfo Id="KI-29066baf-2595-444f-9d27-58667dc40da3">
675   <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR-a54b721a-0d19-4112-b1cf-06752cd826fa">
676     <wsse:Reference URI="#X509-48b6d459-777b-4226-81bd-df327f37b30c"
677       ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
678 profile-1.0#X509v3"
679     />
680   </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
681 </ds:KeyInfo>
682 </ds:Signature>
683 </wsse:Security>

```

#### 684 2.2.6.2.5 Alternative Elliptic Curve Cryptography Option

685 In order to provide a fall-back for the (highly unlikely) situation in which vulnerabilities are  
686 found in the algorithms for signing (based on Ed25519) or encryption (based on X25519), or  
687 for reasons of constraints relating to capabilities of issuing PKI Certification Authorities, AS4  
688 products supporting this profile SHOULD also support an alternative signing and encryption  
689 option based on alternative Elliptic Curve Cryptography. This section profiles this option.

690 Implementations MUST support at least the secp256r1, secp384r1, secp521r1,  
691 BrainpoolP256r1 curves but MAY also support other ECC curves. The URI attribute on  
692 **dsig11:NamedCurve** is to be set to a URN that uses the elliptic curve object identifier for the  
693 named curve as follows:

- 694 • For BrainpoolP256r1, the OID is 1.3.36.3.3.2.8.1.1.7. The value to use for the URI  
695 attribute on **dsig11:NamedCurve** is therefore urn:oid:1.3.36.3.3.2.8.1.1.7.
- 696 • For secp256r1 the attribute value is urn:oid:1.2.840.10045.3.1.7.
- 697 • For secp384r1 the attribute value is urn:oid:1.3.132.0.34.
- 698 • For secp521r1 the attribute value is urn:oid:1.3.132.0.35.
- 699 • For other curves, the attribute value is to be set analogously based on its OID.

#### 700 2.2.6.2.5.1 Signature using ECDSA

701 As a variant alternative to the specification in section 2.2.6.2.2, the signature algorithm MAY  
702 be set to <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#ecdsa-sha256>, as in [BDEW AS4].

703 For signature, the [BDEW AS4] profile still differs from the ENTISOG profile as follows:

- 704 • The ENTISOG AS4 profile is not restricted to Brainpool curves.

#### 705 2.2.6.2.5.2 Encryption using ECDH-ES

706 As a variant alternative to the specification in section 2.2.6.2.3, the ECDH-ES algorithm MAY  
707 be used. In this variant:

- 708 • The key agreement algorithm used is <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES>.
- 709 • The originator key is encoded as a **dsig11:ECKeyValue** element instead of a  
710 **dsig11:DEREncodedKeyValue** element.

711 The <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES> algorithm is also used in [BDEW AS4]. For  
712 encryption, that specification still differs from this ENTISOG profile as follows:

- 713 • In [BDEW AS4] the older <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ConcatKDF> is used  
714 whereas this ENTISOG profile uses <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#hkdf>.
- 715 • This ENTISOG AS4 profile is not limited to Brainpool curves.

716 The following XML snippet shows an **xenc:AgreementMethod** based on ECDH-ES instead of  
717 X25519. The 1.3.36.3.3.2.8.1.1.7 OID indicates that the BrainpoolP256r1 curve is used.

```
718 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
719 <xenc:AgreementMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES"
720   xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
721   xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
722   xmlns:dsig-more="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#"
723   xmlns:dsig11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmldsig11#"
724   xmlns:xenc11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#"
725   xmlns:wss="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
726   xmlns:wssu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd">
727   <xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod
728     Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#hkdf"
729     xmlns:xenc11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#">
```

```

730     <dsig-more:HKDFParams
731       xmlns:dsig-more="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#">
732       <dsig-more:PRF
733         Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#hmac-sha256"/>
734       <dsig-more:Salt>DXitIRbhMjQaOT3WXgi8NjliNaiy5UPCpdjwXwun8Mk=</dsig-more:Salt>
735       <dsig-more:Info>dGVzdClpbmZvLWRhdGE=</dsig-more:Info>
736       <dsig-more:KeyLength>16</dsig-more:KeyLength>
737     </dsig-more:HKDFParams>
738   </xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod>
739   <xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
740     <ds:KeyValue>
741       <dsig11:ECKeyValue xmlns:dsig11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmldsig11#">
742         <dsig11:NamedCurve URI="urn:oid:1.3.36.3.3.2.8.1.1.7"/>
743         <dsig11:PublicKey>
744           BAHQXIjLoPO4LBehXFzOveAzouszXfs3aTmkFiwPrsXwTgaV7lBy5B7mPRLYCB7NgPlWD/Yhx1Oq
745           JmSkrU+HjugU6AFPPPrUmNARhk7x+JKK+V5v8ErNO1+GSnB25X6N9y08rIHeYaaZT5Rc9YpdwEFBG
746           mPOciWlDJCOFRVLJtcRF2X6LQ==
747         </dsig11:PublicKey>
748       </dsig11:ECKeyValue>
749     </ds:KeyValue>
750   </xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
751   <xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
752     <ds:KeyValue>
753       <!-- Assumes the recipient key is has been shared as a certificate and can be
754         referenced using its SKI. -->
755     <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
756       <wsse:KeyIdentifier
757         EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-
758 message-security-1.0#Base64Binary"
759         ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
760 profile-1.0#X509SubjectKeyIdentifier"
761         > ENCODED </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
762       </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
763     </ds:KeyValue>
764   </xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
765 </xenc:AgreementMethod>

```

## 766 2.2.7 Networking

767 AS4 communication products compliant with this profile MUST support both IPv4 and IPv6  
768 and MUST be able to connect using either IP4 or IPv6. To support transition from IPv4 to  
769 IPv6, products SHOULD support the “happy eyeballs” requirements defined in [RFC8305].

## 770 2.2.8 Configuration Management

771 ENTSOG has identified a requirement for automated or semi-automated exchange and  
772 management of AS4 configuration data in order to allow parties to negotiate and automate  
773 updates to AS4 configurations using the exchange of AS4 messages. The main initial  
774 requirement is the automated exchange of X.509 certificates.

775 AS4 products compliant with this specification MUST provide an Application Programming  
776 Interface (API) to manage (i.e. create, read, update and delete) AS4 configuration data,  
777 including Processing Mode definitions and X.509 certificates used for AS4 message  
778 exchanges. This API MUST provide all functionality required to create and process ebCore  
779 Agreement Update messages (see section 2.4).

## 780 2.3 Usage Profile

781 This section contains implementation guidelines that specify how products that comply with  
782 the requirements of the ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler (section 2.2) SHOULD be configured and  
783 deployed. This is similar to the concept of Usage Agreements in section 5 of [AS4] as it does  
784 not constrain how AS4 products are implemented, but rather how they are configured and

785 used. The audience for this section are operators/administrators of AS4 products and B2B  
786 integration project teams. The structure of this chapter also partly mirrors the structure of  
787 [EBMS3], and furthermore covers some aspects outside core pure B2B messaging  
788 functionality.

### 789 2.3.1 Message Packaging

790 This usage profile constrains values for several elements in the AS4 message header.

#### 791 2.3.1.1 Party Identification

792 When exchanging messages in compliance with this profile, parties registered in the ENTSG  
793 Energy Identification Coding Scheme (EIC) for natural gas transmission MUST be identified  
794 using the appropriate EIC Code [EIC]. Entities that do not have an EIC code and need to use  
795 this profile MUST contact ENTSG or their Local Issuing Office (LIO) and request an EIC code.  
796 This value MUST be used as the content for the **PMode.Initiator.Party** and  
797 **PMode.Responder.Party** processing mode parameters, which AS4 message handlers use to  
798 populate the **UserMessage/PartyInfo/{From|to}/PartyId** elements.

799 The *type* attribute on the **PartyId** element MUST be present and set to the fixed value  
800 <http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x> which indicates that the value of the  
801 element is to be interpreted as an EIC code. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is  
802 not a URL that resolves to content on the ENTSOE web site. Note that AS4 party identifiers  
803 identify the communication partner. The communication partner may be:

- 804 1. The entity involved in the business transaction
- 805 2. A third party providing B2B communication services for other entities

806 In the second case, there are two options for setting the P-Mode parameters:

- 807 1. The communication partner may *impersonate* the business entity. In this case the  
808 **AS4 Party** identifier is the identifier of the business entity.
- 809 2. The business entity may explicitly *delegate* message processing to the  
810 communication partner. In this case the **AS4 Party** identifier is the identifier of the  
811 communication partner. Note that, when used to exchange EDIG@S documents, in  
812 this case the AS4 party identifier will differ from the value of the EDIG@S  
813 *{issuer/recipient}\_MarketParticipant.identification* elements, as the latter refer to the  
814 business partner.

815 Parties MAY use third party communication providers for AS4 communication. Such  
816 providers MAY use either the impersonation or delegation model, subject to approval by the  
817 business transaction partner.

818 The AS4 processing layer will validate the identifiers of Sender and Receiver specified in the  
819 ebMS3 headers against P-Mode configurations. This involves the validation of message  
820 signatures against configured X.509 certificates. In case of delegation, the X.509 certificates  
821 used at the AS4 level relate to the communication partners rather than to business partners  
822 on whose behalf the messages are exchanged. The exchanged payloads (EDIG@S or other)



823 typically also reference sending and receiving business entities. The responsibility of  
824 determining the validity of implied delegation relations between business document layer  
825 entities and entities at the AS4 layer is not in scope for the AS4 message handler, but MUST  
826 be addressed in business applications or integration middleware.

### 827 **2.3.1.2 Business Process Alignment**

828 Several mandatory headers in AS4 serve to carry metadata to align a message exchange to a  
829 business process or to a technical service.

#### 830 **2.3.1.2.1 Service**

831 The **Service** and **Action** header elements in the **UserMessage/ CollaborationInfo** group  
832 relate a message to the business process the message relates to and the roles that sender  
833 and receiver perform, or to a technical service. This Usage Profile is intended to be used with  
834 business processes that are currently being modelled by ENTSOG and EASEE-gas as well as  
835 future, possibly not yet identified, business processes. For current and future gas business  
836 processes, ENTSOG maintains and publishes, on its public Web site, a link to a table of  
837 **Service** and **Action** values to be used in AS4 messages compliant to this Usage Profile (see  
838 section 2.3.1.2.4).

839 The value of the **Service** element content MUST set as follows:

- 840 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the value content of **Service** is  
841 specified in the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table (section 2.3.1.2.4) which MUST be used  
842 for AS4 messages carrying specified messages. These values are taken from an  
843 EDIG@S process area code list. As not all EDIG@S message exchanges concern TSOs,  
844 it may be that not all **Service** values that are needed to fully cover the EDIG@S  
845 processes are in the table. The example message in section 3.1 uses the value *A06*,  
846 which is an EDIG@S code representing Nomination and Matching Processes.
- 847 • For the pre-defined test service (see section 2.3.6), the absolute **Service** URI value  
848 *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/service* defined in  
849 [EBMS3] MUST be used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It does not  
850 resolve to content on the OASIS web site.
- 851 • For ebCore Agreement Update messages used for certificate exchange (see section  
852 2.4), the absolute **Service** URI value *http://docs.oasis-*  
853 *open.org/ebcore/ns/CertificateUpdate/v1.0* defined in [ebcore-au-v1.0], section 4.1,  
854 MUST be used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is not a URL that  
855 resolves to content on the OASIS web site.
- 856 • For other services not related to gas business processes, or not related to gas  
857 business processes covered by EDIG@S, no convention is defined in or imposed by  
858 this Usage Profile. The ENTSOG list (or future versions of it) MAY specify other non-  
859 gas business services.

860 The value of the *type* attribute of the **Service** element MUST comply with the following:

- 861 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the value MUST be the fixed value  
862 *http://edigas.org/service*. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It does not  
863 resolve to a URL on the EDIGAS web sites
- 864 • For other services, the use (or non-use) of the *type* attribute on **Service** is not  
865 constrained by this Usage Profile.

866 In situations where the data exchange has not been classified, the service value  
867 *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/service* MAY be used. This is the default  
868 P-Mode value for this parameter specified in section 5.2.5 of [AS4]. With this value, the *type*  
869 attribute MUST NOT be used. The non-normative example in section 3.1 uses the value  
870 “A06” for the **Service** header element, which is an EDIG@S service code. The other non-  
871 normative example in section 3.2 uses the AS4 default P-Mode parameter value.

#### 872 **2.3.1.2.2 Action**

873 The **Action** header identifies an operation or activity in a **Service**.

- 874 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S in which EDIG@S XML documents are  
875 exchanged, ENTISO provides a value table listing actions (section 2.3.1.2.4). The  
876 value for **Action** in that table for a particular exchange MUST be used in AS4  
877 messages. The example messages in section 3.1 use the *http://docs.oasis-*  
878 *open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action* value, which is the default action defined in  
879 section 5.2.5 of the AS4 standard [AS4]. As not all EDIG@S message exchanges  
880 concern TSOs, it may be that not all **Action** values that are needed to fully cover the  
881 EDIG@S business processes are in the service metadata table.
- 882 • For the pre-defined test service (see section 2.3.6) the absolute **Action** URI value  
883 *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/test* defined in  
884 [EBMS3] MUST be used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is not a URL  
885 that resolves to content on the OASIS web site.
- 886 • For ebCore Agreement Update messages used for certificate exchange, the **Action**  
887 values *UpdateCertificate*, *ConfirmCertificateUpdate* and *RejectCertificateUpdate*  
888 defined in [ebcore-au-v1.0], section 4.1, MUST be used.
- 889 • For other services not related to gas business processes, and for any (hypothetical  
890 future) gas business processes not covered by EDIG@S, no convention is defined in  
891 or imposed by this Usage Profile.

#### 892 **2.3.1.2.3 Role**

893 The mandatory AS4 headers **UserMessage/PartyInfo/ {From|To}/Role** elements define the  
894 role of the entities sending and receiving the AS4 message for the specified **Service** and  
895 **Action**.

- 896 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the values MUST be set to values  
897 specified in the ENTISO AS4 Mapping Table (section 2.3.1.2.4). For gas business  
898 processes, that table will relate to information in the EDIG@S document content. In

899 EDIG@S, the sender and receiver role are expressed as EDIG@S header elements. For  
900 example, in an EDIG@S v5.1 Nomination document, these are called  
901 *issuer\_Marketparticipant\_marketRole.code* of type *IssuerRoleType* and  
902 *recipient\_Marketparticipant\_marketRole.code* of type *PartyType*.

903 • For the ebMS3 test service and for ebCore Agreement Update, the default initiator  
904 and responder roles [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-  
906 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-<br/>905 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator) and [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-  
908 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-<br/>907 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder) defined in section 5.2.5 of [AS4] MUST be  
used. These URI values are used as identifiers only. They are not URLs that resolve to  
content on the OASIS web site.

909 • For services not related to gas business processes, or services not covered by  
910 EDIG@S, no convention is defined in or imposed by this Usage Profile.

911 In situations where the data exchange has not been classified, the role values  
912 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator> MAY be used for  
913 the initiator role and [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-  
915 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-<br/>914 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder) for the responder role. These are the default P-  
Mode values for this parameter specified in section 5.2.5 of [AS4].

916 The non-normative example in section 3.1 uses the value “ZSH” for the initiating role header  
917 element (EDIG@S code for Shipper) and “ZSO” (EDIG@S code for Transmission System  
918 Operator) for the responding role header element. The other non-normative example in  
919 section 3.2 uses the AS4 default P-Mode parameter values.

#### 920 **2.3.1.2.4 ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table**

921 ENTSOG maintains and publishes, in a machine-processable format, in collaboration with  
922 EASEE-gas, the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table containing columns for the following values:

- 923 • EDIG@S process category (e.g. *A06 Nomination and Matching*).
- 924 • EDIG@S XML document schema (e.g. NOMINT).
- 925 • Document type element code for the **type** child element of the EDIG@S document  
926 root element (e.g. *ANC*).
- 927 • Document type value defined for the document type element code in the EDIG@S  
928 XML schema (e.g. *Forwarded single sided nomination*).
- 929 • **Service** value to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured  
930 as the **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service** P-Mode parameter). For gas industry  
931 exchanges, the values identify the gas business services that TSOs provide to each  
932 other and to other communication partners.
- 933 • **Action** value to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as  
934 the **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Action** P-Mode parameter). For exchanges that are  
935 modelled in a service-oriented approach, the values identify the operations or  
936 activities in a service. For exchanges that are not modelled in a service-oriented

937 approach, the default action *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*  
938 *msg/as4/200902/action* specified in the AS4 standard [AS4] will be used.

939 • **From/Role** to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as  
940 the AS4 **PMode.Initiator.Role** P-Mode parameter). This value matches the EDIG@S  
941 *recipient\_Marketparticipant\_marketRole.code* (e.g. *ZSH*). Corresponding sender role  
942 code value (e.g. *Shipper*)

943 • **To/Role** to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as the  
944 AS4 **PMode.Responder.Role** P-Mode parameter). This value matches the EDIG@S  
945 *issuer\_Marketparticipant\_marketRole.code* (e.g. *ZSO*). Corresponding receiver role  
946 code value (e.g. *Transit System Operator*)

947 Implementations of this profile MUST use the **Service, Action, From/Role** and **To/Role**  
948 values to use specified in this table for the data exchanges covered by the table.

949 For business services, AS4 **Role** values MUST indicate business roles. If a Service Provider  
950 sends or receives messages on behalf of some other organisation (whether in a delegation or  
951 impersonation mode), the AS4 role values used relates to the business role of that other  
952 organisation. There is no separate role value for Service Providers.

### 953 2.3.1.3 Message Correlation

954 AS4 provides multiple mechanisms to correlate messages within a particular flow.

955 1. **UserMessage/MessageInfo/RefToMessageId** provides a way to express that a  
956 message is a response to a single specific previous message. The **RefToMessageId**  
957 element is used in response messages in Two Way message exchanges. Whether two  
958 exchanges in a business process are modelled as a Two Way exchange or as two One  
959 Way exchanges is a decision made in the Business Requirements Specification for the  
960 business process. In this version of this Usage Profile, all exchanges are considered  
961 One Way.

962 2. **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/ConversationId** provides a more general way to  
963 associate a message with an ongoing conversation, without requiring a message to  
964 be a response to a single specific previous message, but allowing update messages to  
965 existing conversations from both Sender and Receiver of the original message.

966 In this version of this Usage Profile, the following rules shall apply:

967 1. **UserMessage/MessageInfo/RefToMessageId** MUST NOT be used. The default  
968 exchange is the One Way exchange.

969 2. **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/ ConversationId** MUST be included in any AS4  
970 message (as it is a mandatory element) with as content the empty string.

971 The **RefToMessageId** and **ConversationId** elements may be used in future versions of this  
972 Usage Profile, for example to support request-response interactions.

973 **2.3.2 Agreements**

974 The **AgreementRef** element is profiled as follows:

- 975 • The element **MUST** be present in every AS4 message.
- 976 • Its value **MUST** be agreed between each pair of gas industry parties exchanging AS4  
977 messages conforming to this profile.
- 978 • In ebMS3, in principle, any value will do as long as, between two parties, the selected  
979 identifier is unique and therefore distinguishes messaging using one agreement from  
980 messages using another. For consistency, it is **RECOMMENDED** to use the following  
981 URI naming convention:  
982 *http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/<EIC\_CODE\_Party\_A>/<EIC\_CODE\_Par*  
983 *ty\_B>/<version>*  
984 where **EIC\_CODE\_Party\_A** is the EIC code of the party that alphabetically precedes  
985 **EIC\_CODE\_Party\_B** of the other party, the version number is initially 1 and  
986 increments for any update.
- 987 • Its value **MUST** unambiguously identify each party's X.509 signing certificate and  
988 X.509 encryption certificate. In other words, if two AS4 messages from P1 to P2  
989 compliant with this Usage Profile have the same value for this element, they are  
990 signed using the same mutually known and agreed signing certificate (for P1) and  
991 their payloads are encrypted using the same mutually known and agreed encryption  
992 certificate (for P2). This is a deployment constraint on P-Mode configurations, in  
993 support of the introduction of the ebCore Agreement Update protocol [ebcore-au-  
994 v1.0].
- 995 • The attributes *pmode* and *type* **MUST NOT** be set.

996 Furthermore:

- 997 • It is **REQUIRED** that for every tuple of **<From/PartyId, From/Role, To/PartyId,**  
998 **To/Role, Service, Action, AgreementRef>** values, a unique processing mode is  
999 configured. This is another deployment constraint on P-Mode configurations.
- 1000 • For a tuple of **<From/PartyId, From/Role, To/PartyId, To/Role, Service, Action>**  
1001 values, organisations **MAY** agree to configure multiple processing modes differing on  
1002 other P-Mode parameters such as certificates used, or the URL of endpoints, for  
1003 different values of **AgreementRef**. This includes the AS4 test service (see section  
1004 2.3.6), meaning two parties can verify that they have consistent and properly  
1005 configured P-Modes and firewalls for a particular agreement by sending each other  
1006 AS4 test service messages using the corresponding **AgreementRef**.
- 1007 • Parties **MAY** also use different values for **AgreementRef** to target AS4 gateways in  
1008 different environments (see section 2.3.7), each having a different gateway endpoint  
1009 URL and possibly certificates.

### 1010 2.3.3 MPC

1011 The ebMS3 optional attribute *mpc* on UserMessage is mainly used to support the Pull  
1012 feature, which is not used in the current value of this Usage Profile. Therefore, the use of  
1013 *mpc* is profiled. The attribute:

- 1014 • MAY be present in the AS4 UserMessage. If this is the case, it MUST be set to the  
1015 value *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-  
1016 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultMPC*, which identifies the default MPC, and  
1017 therefore MUST NOT be set to some other value
- 1018 • MAY be omitted from the AS4 UserMessage. This is equivalent to it being present  
1019 with the default MPC value

### 1020 2.3.4 Security

1021 This section describes configuration and deployment considerations in the area of security.

#### 1022 2.3.4.1 Network Layer Security

1023 Commission Regulation 2015/703 states that the Internet shall be used to exchange AS4  
1024 messages [CR2015/703]. When using the public Internet, each organisation is individually  
1025 responsible to implement security measures to protect access to its IT infrastructure.

1026 Organisations use firewalls to restrict incoming or outgoing message flows to specific IP  
1027 addresses, or address ranges. This prevents unauthorised hosts from connecting to the AS4  
1028 communication server. Organisations therefore:

- 1029 • MUST use static IP addresses (or IP address ranges) for inbound and outbound AS4  
1030 HTTPS connections.
- 1031 • MUST communicate all IP addresses (or IP address ranges) used for outgoing and  
1032 incoming connections to their trading partners, also covering addresses of any  
1033 passive nodes in active-passive clusters. Note that the address of the HTTPS endpoint  
1034 which an AS4 server is to push messages to or pull messages from MAY differ from  
1035 the address (or addresses) used for outbound connections.
- 1036 • MUST notify their trading partners about any IP address changes sufficiently in  
1037 advance to allow firewall and other configuration changes to be applied.

#### 1038 2.3.4.2 Transport Layer Security

1039 The Transport Layer Security settings defined in section 2.2.6.1 MAY be implemented in the  
1040 AS4 communication server but TLS MAY also be offloaded to a separate infrastructure  
1041 component (such as a firewall, proxy server or router). In that case, the recommendations  
1042 on TLS version and cipher suites of 2.2.6.1 MUST be addressed by that component.

1043 The X.509 certificate used by such a separate component MAY follow the requirements of  
1044 section 2.3.4.4 and 2.3.4.5, but this is NOT REQUIRED.

1045 The TLS cipher suites recommended in section 2.2.6.1 are supported in recent versions of  
1046 TLS toolkits and which therefore are available for use. Support for these suites is  
1047 RECOMMENDED. Whether or not less secure cipher suites (which are only recommended for  
1048 legacy applications) are allowed is a local policy decision.

1049 This profile does NOT REQUIRE the use of client authentication. Client authentication MAY  
1050 be a requirement in the networking policy of individual organisations that the AS4  
1051 deployment needs to meet, but is NOT RECOMMENDED.

#### 1052 **2.3.4.3 Message Layer Security**

1053 The following parameters control configuration of security at the message layer:

- 1054 • The **PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Certificate** parameter MUST be set to a value  
1055 matching the requirements specified in section 2.3.4.4.
- 1056 • The **PMode[1].Security.X509.Encryption.Certificate** parameter MUST be set to a  
1057 value matching the requirements specified in section 2.3.4.4.
- 1058 • If a product allows selection of the type of security token reference, it MUST be set to  
1059 a type supported by the counterparty.

#### 1060 **2.3.4.4 Certificates and Public Key Infrastructure**

1061 In this Usage Profile, X.509 certificates are used to secure both Transport Layer and Message  
1062 Layer communication. Requirements on certificates can be sub-divided into three groups:

- 1063 • General requirements;
- 1064 • Requirements for Transport Layer Security;
- 1065 • Requirements for Message Layer Security.

1066 The following general requirements apply to all certificates:

- 1067 • A maximum three year validity period for leaf certificates is RECOMMENDED.
- 1068 • A certificate for use in a production environment MUST be issued by a Certification  
1069 Authority (CA).
- 1070 • The choice of Certification Authority issuing the certificate is left to implementations  
1071 but is subject to review by ENTSG.
- 1072 • The signature algorithm used by the CA to sign public keys SHOULD be based on  
1073 EdDSA as used in this profile. RSA or ECDSA signing keys MAY be used. As noted, the  
1074 type of key used to sign the certificate and the type of the key that is included in the  
1075 certificate data.
- 1076 • The issuing CA SHOULD complete a CA/Browser Forum approved independent third  
1077 party audit [CABF-AUDIT]. Alternative audit options include an audit of conformance  
1078 to [EN 319 411-1] or conformance to the WebTrust® Principles and criteria [CABF-  
1079 WEBTRUST].

1080 The following additional requirements apply for certificates for Transport Layer Security:

1081 • A TLS server certificate SHOULD comply with the certificate profile defined in [EN 319  
1082 412-4] or an equivalent policy.

1083 • If a single TLS server certificate is needed to secure host names on different base  
1084 domains, or to host multiple virtual HTTPS servers using a single IP address, it is  
1085 RECOMMENDED to use a Multi-Domain (Subject Alternative Name) certificate.  
1086 Alternatively, wild card certificates MAY be used.

1087 • No additional requirements are placed on TLS client certificates.

1088 The following additional requirements apply for certificates for Message Layer Security:

1089 • Organisations MAY use a certificate issued by EASEE-gas.

1090 • The type of certificate MUST be certificates for organisations, for which proof of  
1091 identity is required.

1092 • The issued certificate SHOULD comply with the certificate profile defined in [EN 319  
1093 412-3] or an equivalent policy.

1094 Section 2.3.4.5 references the EASEE-gas certificate profile. For certificates used for Message  
1095 Layer Security it follows the EASEE-gas convention of including the party EIC code (see  
1096 section 2.3.1.1) as recommended value for the Common Name. Alternatively, the EIC code  
1097 MAY be used as the Subject SerialNumber or as the Subject OrganisationIdentifier.

1098 B2B document exchange typically occurs in a community of known entities, where  
1099 communication between parties and counterparties is secured using pre-agreed certificates.  
1100 Such an environment is different from open environments, where certificates establish  
1101 identities for (possibly previously unknown) entities and Certification Authorities play an  
1102 essential role to establish trust. Entities MUST proactively notify all communication partners  
1103 of any updates to certificates used, and in turn MUST process any certificate updates from  
1104 their communication partners. This concerns both regular renewals of certificates at their  
1105 expiration dates and replacements for revoked certificates. See section 2.4 for a description  
1106 of the use of ebCore Agreement Update to exchange certificates.

1107 Organisations MAY also use Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL) or the Online Certificate Status  
1108 Protocol (OCSP). Individual companies should assess the potential impact on the availability  
1109 of the AS4 service when using such mechanisms, as their use may cause a certificate to be  
1110 revoked automatically and messages to be rejected.

#### 1111 **2.3.4.5 EASEE-gas Certificate Profile**

1112 X.509 certificates used to secure AS4 communication MAY use EASEE-gas certificates that  
1113 follow the EASEE-gas certificate profile.

#### 1114 **2.3.5 Message Payload and Flow Profile**

1115 A single AS4 UserMessage MUST reference, via the *PayloadInfo* header, a single structured  
1116 business document and MAY reference one or more other (structured or unstructured)



1117 payload parts. The business document is considered the “leading” payload part for business  
1118 processing. Any payload parts other than the business document are not to be processed in  
1119 isolation but only as adjuncts to the business document. Business document, attachments  
1120 and metadata MUST be submitted and delivered as a logical unit. The format of the business  
1121 document SHOULD be XML, but other datatypes MAY be supported in specific business  
1122 processes or contexts.

1123 For each business process, the Business Requirement Specification specifies the XML schema  
1124 definition (XSD) that the business document is expected to conform to.

1125 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, in which the value content of **Service**  
1126 is specified in the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table, the **Action** is set to the default action  
1127 and the exchanged business document is an EDIG@S XML document (section  
1128 2.3.1.2.4), for the business document part a **Property** SHOULD be included in the  
1129 **PartProperties** with a name *EDIGASDocumentType* set to the same value as the top-  
1130 level **type** element in the EDIG@S XML document, which is of type *DocumentType*.  
1131 The mapping from a combination of **From/PartyId** element, **To/PartyId** and  
1132 *EDIGASDocumentType* property values to XSDs MUST be agreed and unique, allowing  
1133 Receivers to validate XML documents using a specific (version of an) XML schema for  
1134 a particular sender, receiver and document type.

1135 • The part property *EDIGASDocumentType* MUST NOT be used with payloads that are  
1136 not EDIG@S XML business documents.

1137 • When using the ebMS3 test service (see section 2.3.6), no XML schema constraints  
1138 apply to any of the included payloads.

1139 • For certificate exchange (see section 2.4), the XML schemas specified in the ebCore  
1140 Agreement Update [ebcore-au-v1.0] specification for certificate update request,  
1141 update acceptance and update exception MUST be used with, respectively, the  
1142 *UpdateCertificate*, *ConfirmCertificateUpdate* and *RejectCertificateUpdate* values for  
1143 **Action**.

1144 • For other services, in case the **Action** is not set to the AS4 default action, the  
1145 mapping from **Service** and **Action** value pairs to XSDs MUST be unique, allowing  
1146 Receivers to validate XML documents using a specific XML schema.

1147 Some gas data exchanges are traditional batch-scheduled exchanges that can involve very  
1148 large payloads. The trend in the industry towards service-oriented and event-driven  
1149 exchanges is leading to more, and more frequent, exchanges, with smaller payloads per  
1150 exchange. It is expected that the vast majority of payloads will be less than 1 MB in size  
1151 (prior to compression), with rare exceptions up to 10 MB. The number of messages  
1152 exchanged over a period, their distribution over time and the peak load/average load ratio,  
1153 are dependent on business process and other factors. Parties MUST take peak message  
1154 volumes and maximum message size into account when initially deploying AS4. Parties  
1155 SHOULD also monitor trends in message traffic for existing processes and anticipate any new  
1156 business processes being deployed (and the expected increases in message and data  
1157 volumes), and adjust their deployments accordingly in a timely manner.

1158 In practice, there are limitations on the maximum size of payloads that business partners can  
1159 accept. These limitations may be caused by capabilities of the AS4 message product, or by  
1160 constraints of the business application, internal middleware, storage or other software or  
1161 hardware. When designing business processes and document schemas, and when  
1162 generating content based on those schemas, these requirements SHOULD be taken into  
1163 account. In particular, business processes in which large amounts of data are exchanged and  
1164 the business applications supporting these processes SHOULD be designed such that data  
1165 can be exchanged as a series of related messages, the payload size of each of which does not  
1166 exceed 10 MB, rather than as a single message carrying a single large payload that could  
1167 potentially be much larger.

### 1168 **2.3.6 Test Service**

1169 Section 5.2.2 of [EBMS3] defines a server test feature that allows an organisation to “Ping” a  
1170 communication partner. The feature is based on messages with the values of:

- 1171 • **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/Service** set to *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*  
1172 *msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/service*
- 1173 • **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/Action** set to *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*  
1174 *msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/test*.

1175 This feature MUST be supported so that parties can perform a basic test of the  
1176 communication configuration (including security at network, transport and message layer,  
1177 and reliability) in any environment, including the production environment, with any of their  
1178 communication partners. This functionality MAY be supported as a built-in feature of the  
1179 AS4 product. If not, a P-Mode MUST be configured with these values. The AS4 product MUST  
1180 be configured so that messages with these values are not delivered to any business  
1181 application.

### 1182 **2.3.7 Environments**

1183 B2B data exchange solutions are part of the overall IT service lifecycle, in which different  
1184 environments are operated (typically in parallel) for development, test, pre-production (in  
1185 some companies referred to as “acceptance environments” or “QA environments”) and  
1186 production. Development and test are typically internal environments in which trading  
1187 partners are simulated using stubs. When exchanging messages between organisations (in  
1188 either pre-production or production environments), they must target the appropriate  
1189 environment. In order to prevent a configuration error from causing non-production  
1190 messages to be delivered to production environments or vice versa, organisations SHOULD  
1191 configure processing modes at message handlers so that messages from one type of  
1192 environment cannot be accepted inadvertently in a different type of environment.

## 1193 **2.4 ebCore Agreement Update**

1194 Based on ENTSOG and other community requirements, an XML schema and exchange  
1195 protocol for Agreement Updates [ebcore-au-v1.0] was developed in the OASIS ebCore  
1196 Technical Committee. This specification is currently an OASIS Committee Specification (CS). A

1197 Committee Specification is an OASIS Standards Final Deliverable that is stable and suited for  
1198 implementation. The Agreement Update specification is similar to, but not to be confused  
1199 with, earlier work in the IETF defining a Certificate Exchange Message for EDIINT [CEM].

#### 1200 **2.4.1 Mandatory Support**

1201 As from 01.07.2017, implementers of the ENTSOG AS4 Usage Profile **MUST** be able to  
1202 support ebCore Agreement Update for Certificate Exchange with their communication  
1203 partners. Prior to that date, partners **MAY** use the mechanism, subject to bilateral  
1204 agreement.

1205 Support for ebCore Agreement Update requirement entails the following:

- 1206 • AS4 products **MUST** be able to exchange ebCore Agreement Update AS4 messages.  
1207 As AS4 is payload-agnostic, this imposes no special requirements on products. The  
1208 only requirement on implementers deploying AS4 products is that these messages  
1209 **MUST** use the **Service** and **Action** values specified in sections 2.3.1.2.1 and 2.3.1.2.2,  
1210 respectively.
- 1211 • Mechanisms to create an ebCore AU document; use it to submit an update to an AS4  
1212 configuration; convert the success/failure of such an update to a positive/negative  
1213 ebCore response document; provide an interface to the AS4 MSH for submission and  
1214 delivery of ebCore documents exchanged with communication partners.
- 1215 • ebCore AU documents **MUST** be signed and encrypted as any AS4 message  
1216 conformant to this profile.

1217 The AS4 configuration management API (see section 2.2.8) **MUST** provide all functionality to  
1218 implement ebCore Agreement Update. However, direct integration of any functionality to  
1219 process ebCore Agreement Update within the AS4 gateway is **NOT REQUIRED**. The  
1220 functionality **MAY** be implemented in some add-on component or in an application that both  
1221 uses the AS4 gateway for partner communication and is able to manipulate its configuration.

1222 It is **NOT REQUIRED** to implement a fully automated process to process certificate updates.  
1223 Organizations **MAY** implement a process that involves approval or other manual steps to  
1224 process certificate updates.

1225 Note that Agreement Update is also an EASEE-gas Common Business Practice [EGAU].

#### 1226 **2.4.2 Implementation Guidelines**

1227 When using Agreement Update for Certificate Update, the following guidelines apply:

- 1228 • A party **MUST** obtain the new certificate that it intends to replace an existing  
1229 certificate with significantly in advance of the expiration date of the certificate to be  
1230 replaced.
- 1231 • Once a party has obtained the new certificate, parties **MUST** determine the  
1232 communication partners and agreements that are using the old certificate. To each of

- 1233 these partners, and for all agreements, the party SHOULD send a Certificate Update  
1234 Request as soon as possible.
- 1235 • The **ActivateBy** value in the update requests MUST be set such that the period in  
1236 which the request is to be processed is sufficiently long. The definition of “sufficiently  
1237 long” is partner-dependent, but should take into account that the process on the  
1238 partner side may be a (partly) manual process. Therefore, time for validation of the  
1239 request, including validation of the certificate and the issuing Certification Authority;  
1240 time to create and perform a change request within the partner organization  
1241 SHOULD be taken into account.
  - 1242 • The specific **ActivateBy** value MUST be set to a date and time acceptable to the  
1243 receiving organization. This MAY depend on working hours and staff availability,  
1244 release schedules etc.
  - 1245 • When an updated agreement has been created and agreed, it MUST first be tested  
1246 using the test service, as described in section 2.3.6 of this document and section 3.5  
1247 of [ebcore-au-v1.0]. These tests MUST cover test messages in both directions.
  - 1248 • The **ActivateBy** value SHOULD be set to a date and time sufficiently in advance to the  
1249 expiration data and time of the old agreement, such that a fall-back to the old  
1250 agreement, and any necessary troubleshooting, is possible in case any blocking issue  
1251 occurs during tests.
  - 1252 • If the updated agreement has been tested successfully, the regular message flow that  
1253 used the old agreement SHOULD be re-deployed to the new agreement. The old  
1254 agreement SHOULD NOT be used any more for new exchanges.
  - 1255 • The ebCore Agreement also provides an explicit Agreement Termination feature. Use  
1256 of this feature is NOT REQUIRED, but may be agreed bilaterally.
  - 1257 • Even in case of successful deployment of the new agreement, the old agreement  
1258 SHOULD NOT be deactivated immediately. This is to allow any in-process messages  
1259 that use to old agreement to still be processed. For example, a message that was not  
1260 successfully sent and is being retransmitted due to AS4 reliable messaging may be  
1261 received at a time when the new agreement has already been deployed. In this case,  
1262 the configuration for the old agreement SHOULD still be available to successfully  
1263 receive, acknowledge and deliver the message.

### 1264 2.4.3 Use for Encryption Key Updates

1265 In addition to supporting updating the certificate used for AS4 message signing, ebCore  
1266 Certificate Update MAY be used to update the static key of the recipient used in the  
1267 ephemeral-static key exchange used for AS4 message encryption. In ideal cryptographic  
1268 protocols, ephemeral keys are only used once for establishing symmetric keys. It is  
1269 RECOMMENDED to change ephemeral keys as frequently as possible, giving potential  
1270 attackers less chance to break previous messages. Therefore, it is RECOMMENDED to use  
1271 ebCore Certificate Update to update key agreement keys such that keys are replaced within

1272 7 days. The 7 day limit is the maximum lifetime TLS 1.3 [RFC8446] uses for session tickets  
1273 which effectively break forward secrecy of TLS connections.

1274 Automatic processing of ebCore Certificate Update messages (i.e. processing of update  
1275 requests not requiring intervention by a human operator or non-immediate service  
1276 management process) allows low-overhead, frequent updates of the static key contained in  
1277 the certificate for the recipient for key exchange. The static key in practice approximates an  
1278 ephemeral key.

1279 While ebCore Certificate Update packages keys using certificates, the certificates containing  
1280 ECDH public keys do not need to be signed by a certification authority. As they are issued  
1281 using signed ebCore Agreement Update messages, their authenticity is established.

## 1282 2.4.4 Endpoint Update

1283 In addition to using the generic Certificate Update functionality, implementations MAY  
1284 provide more general update functionality using the extensibility feature of ebCore  
1285 Agreement Update. This functionality MAY include secure updates of:

- 1286 • Endpoint address URLs.
- 1287 • Messaging profiles or profile versions.
- 1288 • Security algorithms and related parameters.
- 1289 • Network security (whitelisting) address updates.

1290 To implement Endpoint Update, implementations MUST support the ebCore Agreement  
1291 Update as extended to Endpoint Update submitted to, and in the process of being  
1292 standardized by, the OASIS ebCore TC.

## 1293 3 Examples

### 1294 3.1 *Message with EDIG@S Payload*

1295 The following non-normative example is included to illustrate the structure of an AS4  
1296 message conforming to this profile, for a hypothetical `http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-  
1297 msg/as4/200902/action` action invoked by a hypothetical shipper 21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z on a  
1298 hypothetical service A06 exposed by a hypothetical transmission system operator 21X-EU-B-  
1299 PQ0QR-S. The detailed contents of the `wsse:Security` header is omitted.

```

1300 POST /as4handler HTTP/1.1
1301 Host: receiver.example.com:8893
1302 User-Agent: Turia
1303 Content-Type: multipart/related; start="<f8df1904-a6b9-422b-8239-6a971838503f@sender.example.com>";
1304 boundary= "c5bae1842d1e"; type="application/soap+xml"
1305 Content-Length: 472639
1306
1307 --c5bae1842d1e
1308 Content-Id: <f8df1904-a6b9-422b-8239-6a971838503f@sender.example.com>
1309 Content-Type: application/soap+xml; charset="UTF-8"
1310
1311 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
1312 xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
1313 xmlns:wssu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
1314 xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/">
```

```

1315 <S12:Header>
1316 <eb3:Messaging wsu:Id="_18f85fc2-a956-431e-a80e-09a10364871b">
1317 <eb3:UserMessage>
1318 <eb3:MessageInfo>
1319 <eb3:Timestamp>2016-04-03T14:49:28.886Z</eb3:Timestamp>
1320 <eb3:MessageId>2016-921@5209999001264@example.com</eb3:MessageId>
1321 </eb3:MessageInfo>
1322 <eb3:PartyInfo>
1323 <eb3:From>
1324 <eb3:PartyId
1325 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z</eb3:PartyId>
1326 <eb3:Role>ZSH</eb3:Role>
1327 </eb3:From>
1328 <eb3:To>
1329 <eb3:PartyId
1330 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S</eb3:PartyId>
1331 <eb3:Role>ZSO</eb3:Role>
1332 </eb3:To>
1333 </eb3:PartyInfo>
1334 <eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1335 <eb3:AgreementRef
1336 >http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z/21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S/3</eb3:AgreementRef>
1337 <eb3:Service type="http://edigas.org/service">A06</eb3:Service>
1338 <eb3:Action> http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action</eb3:Action>
1339 <eb3:ConversationId></eb3:ConversationId>
1340 </eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1341 <eb3:PayloadInfo>
1342 <eb3:PartInfo href="cid:0b960692-a3c6-4e85-80da-36009d3ae043@sender.example.com">
1343 <eb3:PartProperties>
1344 <eb3:Property name="MimeType">application/xml</eb3:Property>
1345 <eb3:Property name="CharacterSet">utf-8</eb3:Property>
1346 <eb3:Property name="CompressionType">application/gzip</eb3:Property>
1347 <eb3:Property name="EDIGASDocumentType">01G</eb3:Property>
1348 </eb3:PartProperties>
1349 </eb3:PartInfo>
1350 </eb3:PayloadInfo>
1351 </eb3:UserMessage>
1352 </eb3:Messaging>
1353 <wsse:Security xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
1354 secect-1.0.xsd"
1355 xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-
1356 1.0.xsd">
1357 <!-- details omitted -->
1358 </wsse:Security>
1359 </S12:Header>
1360 <S12:Body wsu:Id="_b656ef2c-516"/>
1361 </S12:Envelope>
1362
1363 --c5bae1842dle
1364 Content-Id: <0b960692-a3c6-4e85-80da-36009d3ae043@sender.example.com>
1365 Content-Type: application/octet-stream
1366 Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
1367
1368 BINARY CIPHER DATA
1369
1370 --c5bae1842dle-

```

### 1370 3.2 Alternative Using Defaults

1371 The following example fragment is a variant of the sample message shown in section 3.1. for  
1372 a data exchange that has not been classified using EDIG@S code values for **Service** and **Role**.  
1373 Instead of an EDIG@S service code, it uses the default service value, as described in section  
1374 2.3.1.2.1. Instead of EDIG@S role codes, it uses the default initiator and responder roles, as  
1375 described in section 2.3.1.2.3.

```

1376 ...
1377 <eb3:PartyInfo>
1378 <eb3:From>
1379 <eb3:PartyId

```

```

1380     type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z</eb3:PartyId>
1381     <eb3:Role>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator</eb3:Role>
1382 </eb3:From>
1383 <eb3:To>
1384     <eb3:PartyId
1385         type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S</eb3:PartyId>
1386     <eb3:Role>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder</eb3:Role>
1387 </eb3:To>
1388 </eb3:PartyInfo>
1389 <eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1390     <eb3:AgreementRef
1391         >http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z/21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S/3</eb3:AgreementRef>
1392     <eb3:Service>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/service</eb3:Service>
1393     <eb3:Action>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action</eb3:Action>
1394     <eb3:ConversationId></eb3:ConversationId>
1395 </eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1396 ...

```

#### 1397 4 Processing Modes

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode.ID	Not used
PMode.Agreement	http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/<EIC_CODE_Party_A>/<EIC_CODE_Party_B>/<version> @pmode and @type attributes not used.
PMode.MEP	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/twoWay
PMode.MEPBinding	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/pushAndPush
PMode.Initiator.Party	Value is an EIC code. The @type attribute is required with fixed value http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x
PMode.Initiator.Role	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table or to AS4 default for test and AU.
PMode.Initiator.Authorisation.username	Not used
PMode.Initiator.Authorisation.password	Not used
PMode.Responder.Party	Value is an EIC code. @type attribute required with value http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode.Responder.Role	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table for business services.
PMode.Responder.Authorisation.username	Not used
PMode.Responder.Authorisation.password	Not used
PMode[1].Protocol.Address	Required, HTTPS URL of the receiver.
PMode[1].Protocol.SOAPVersion	1.2
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table, for business services. Default service for test; ebCore AU service for certificate update.
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Action	Default values from AS4, <a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action">http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action</a> , for business services. Test action for test. The ebCore AU values for AU.
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Properties	Optional
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.MPC	Either not used or (equivalently) set to the ebMS3 default MPC.
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo	Not used
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo	Not used
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse	True
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer	True (Recommended)
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.DeliveryFailuresNotifyProducter	True (Recommended)
PMode[1].Reliability	Not used



P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode[1].Security.WSSVersion	1.1.1
PMode[1].Security.X509.Sign	True
PMode[1].Security.X509. Signature.Certificate	Signing Certificate of the Sender
PMode[1].Security.X509. Signature.HashFunction	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256">http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256</a>
PMode[1].Security.X509. Signature.Algorithm	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#eddsa-ed25519">http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#eddsa-ed25519</a>
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.Encrypt	True
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.Certificate	Encryption Certificate of the Receiver
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.Algorithm	Key agreement: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#x25519">http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#x25519</a> Key wrapping: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128">http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128</a> Key derivation: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#hkdf">http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#hkdf</a> Content encryption: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm">http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm</a>
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.MinimalStrength	128
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken. username	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken. password	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken.Digest	Not used

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMoDe[1].Security. UsernameToken.Nonce	Not used
PMoDe[1].Security. UsernameToken.Created	Not used
PMoDe[1].Security. PMoDeAuthorise	False
PMoDe[1].Security.SendReceipt	True
PMoDe[1].Security.SendReceipt. NonRepudiation	True
PMoDe[1].Security.SendReceipt. ReplyPattern	Response
PMoDe[1].PayloadService. CompressionType	application/gzip
PMoDe[1].ReceptionAwareness	True
PMoDe[1].ReceptionAwareness. Retry	True
PMoDe[1].ReceptionAwareness. Retry.Parameters	Not profiled
PMoDe[1].ReceptionAwareness. DuplicateDetection	True
PMoDe[1].ReceptionAwareness. DetectDuplicates.Parameters	Not profiled
PMoDe[1].BusinessInfo. subMPCext	Not used

1399 **5 Revision History**

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
v0r1	2013-10-29	PvdE	First Draft for discussion
V0r2	2013-11-18	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Textual updates from discussions at F2F 2013-11-04.</li> <li>• Improved separation of the AS4 feature set (chapter 2.2) and the usage profile (2.3). For the feature set the audience are vendors and for the usage profile users/implementers.</li> <li>• Provided guidance for TLS based on ENISA and other guidelines (section 2.2.6.1).</li> <li>• Provided guidance on WS-Security based on ENISA guidelines, advice from XML Security experts (section 2.2.6.2).</li> <li>• Added test service (section 2.3.6).</li> <li>• Added support for CL3055 (section 2.3.1.1).</li> <li>• Guidance on correlation is now mentioned as an option only, leaving choice between document-oriented and service-oriented exchanges (section 2.3.1.3).</li> <li>• More guidance on certificates (section 2.3.4.4).</li> <li>• Added a section on environments (section 2.3.7).</li> <li>• Added an example message (section 3.1).</li> <li>• Values to be confirmed: five minutes for retries (section 2.2.5), 10 MB total payload size (section 2.3.5)</li> </ul>
V0r3	2013-11-29	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Textual updates from F2F on 2013-11-21.</li> <li>• Added messaging model diagram (section 2.2.1).</li> <li>• Add note that Pull is not required to summary (section 2.2)</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added a diagram of AS4 message structure (section 2.2.3).</li> <li>• All payloads are carried in separate MIME parts; no support for external payloads; renamed from “attachments” to “payloads” (section 2.2.3.2).</li> <li>• The reference to TLS cipher suites is more general (section 2.2.6.1).</li> <li>• Simplified party identifiers, only EIC codes are allowed (section 2.3.1.1).</li> <li>• ENTSOG will publish Service/Action info (section 2.3.1.2).</li> <li>• Guidance on correlation is left to business processes (section 2.3.1.3).</li> <li>• Client authentication not recommended (section 2.3.4.2).</li> <li>• No preferred CA; state the 3072 is for future applications (section 2.3.4.4).</li> <li>• The test service is now in the Usage Profile as it can be provided via configuration (section 2.3.6).</li> <li>• The section on separating environments is simplified (section 2.3.7).</li> <li>• The usage profile on reliable messaging is removed.</li> <li>• Fixed reference to BSI TLS document (section 6).</li> </ul>
V0r4	2013-12-04		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updates based on discussions at F2F, 2013-12-03</li> <li>• Disclaimer added.</li> <li>• In 2.2.1, explained Sender-Receiver concepts are orthogonal to Initiator-Responder.</li> <li>• Updated guidance on payload size.</li> <li>• Added RFC 6176 reference.</li> <li>• Improved wording on environments.</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anonymous EIC codes in example.</li> </ul>
V0r5	2013-12-06	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draft finalized in team teleconference.</li> </ul>
V0r6	2014-02-14	PvdE, EJVN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updates based on team teleconference</li> <li>• Generalized title of 2.3.4.4 and updated content to reflect the new appendix on certificate requirements.</li> <li>• Added discussion on key transport algorithms.</li> <li>• Updated AES encryption from to <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc">http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128- cbc</a> to <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-gcm">http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128- gcm</a> following [XMLENC1].</li> </ul>
V0r7	2014-04-22	PvdE	<p>ENISA comments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In 2.3.4.1, change use of firewalls from MAY to SHOULD.</li> <li>• New section 2.2.7 which recommends IPv6.</li> </ul>
V0r8	2014-07-28	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The AES-GCM encryption URI is identified using <a href="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm">http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128- gcm</a>.</li> <li>• Moved the certificate profile into the Usage Profile section.</li> <li>• Minor editorial changes.</li> </ul>
V0r9	2014-07-30	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed header dates. Accepted all changes to fix Microsoft Word change track formatting errors.</li> </ul>
V1r0	2014-09-22	JDK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove “draft” and “not for implementation”. Add reference to PoC in introduction.</li> </ul>
V1r1	2015-03-05	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New draft V1r1 incorporating first updates for 2015: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Updates on Role, Service, Action based on meeting of 2015-02-17 (section 2.3.1.2).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Message identifiers to be universally unique (2.2.3.1).</li> <li>● Updated the example in section 3.1 accordingly.</li> <li>● New profiling for <b>AgreementRef</b>, in support of certificate rollover (section 2.2.3.1 and 2.3.2).</li> <li>● No need to be able to set MessageId, RefToMessageId and ConversationId as we're not using them (section 2.2.3.1).</li> </ul>
V1r2	2015-03-09	JM, PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Service and Action in example are changed to their coded values.</li> <li>● Corrected the current EDIG@S version to 5.1.</li> <li>● Various spelling corrections.</li> <li>● Profiling for MPC (another feature that is not used currently).</li> <li>● Added missing AgreementRef in message example.</li> <li>● Changed year in timestamps in example to 2016.</li> <li>● In section 2.2.1, the requirement to support Two Way MEPs no longer makes sense as it is inconsistent with the profiling of 2.3.1.3, which says that <i>RefToMessageId is not used</i>. Added a note that it may be added in the future.</li> </ul>
V1r3	2015-03-18	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Accepted all changes up to and including v1r2 for ease of review.</li> <li>● Added more clarification on Communication vs Business partners.</li> <li>● Changed language on mapping table to not preclude that a future version of the table may be maintained somewhere else/by someone else.</li> <li>● Removed the BRS reference from the mapping table column list.</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added some comments on the relation (degree of overlap) between EDIG@S process categories and ENTSOG Service/Action values.</li> <li>Added some text for a change (to be confirmed) from using EDIG@S process category names instead of category numbers, and from using Document Type names instead of Document Type code, and of Role names instead of Role codes. These are marked as comments and to be processed before finalizing the document.</li> </ul>
V1r4	2015-03-24	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In Service example, add a prefix <a href="http://entsog.eu/services/EDIG@S/">http://entsog.eu/services/EDIG@S/</a> to indicate that a Service is based on an EDIG@S service category.</li> </ul>
V1r5	2015-04-02	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accepted all changes up to v1r4 for readability.</li> </ul> <p>Updates based on conference call of 2015-04-01</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In section 2.3.5, introduced the <i>EDIGASDocumentType</i> property and added further profiling of the PartInfo element.</li> <li>Renamed the Service Metadata Mapping Table to ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table.</li> <li>Introduced the AS4 default action.</li> <li>Changed the example in section 3.1 to use agreed values.</li> <li>Clarified that roles are business roles in 2.3.1.2.4.</li> <li>In 2.3.5, allowed XSDs to be agreed not just per Service/Action, but also for a partner.</li> </ul>
V1r6	17/04/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accepted some formatting changes and corrected some small editorial errors.</li> </ul>
V1r7	20/04/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accepted all changes</li> </ul>
V1r8	19/05/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>New section 2.2.8 on configuration management.</li> </ul>

V1r9	26/5/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Update on certificate requirements</li> </ul>
V1r10	2/6/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part property <i>"EDIGASDocumentType"</i> was replaced by an incorrect value in the message example in section 3.1.</li> </ul>
V1r11	09/06/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Service Field in message example with EDIG@S Code</li> </ul>
V1r12	15/06/15	PvDE/JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved discussion of ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table</li> <li>Editorial clean up</li> <li>Updated reference to Network Code to the Commission Regulation 2015/703.</li> <li>Removed a reference to an unpublished overview of certificate standards and requirements.</li> <li>Updated Agreement Update reference to ebCore Working Draft.</li> </ul>
V2r0	17/06/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Revised to Version number to 2 for publication</li> </ul>
V2r1	05/01/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added in confirmation of algorithm requirements</li> </ul>
V2r2	09/06/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type attribute on PartyId in section 2.3.1.1 added.</li> <li>Type attribute on Service in section 2.3.1.2.1 added.</li> <li>In section 2.3.2, provided a URI-based naming conventions for agreements.</li> <li>In section 2.3.5, the schema is fixed for sender and document type for each receiver.</li> <li>In section 2.3.5, added that EDIG@S XML documents are encoded in UTF-8.</li> <li>Updated example in section 3.1.</li> </ul>



			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New section 4, PMode table.</li> <li>• Updated reference to ebCore AU to current version.</li> </ul>
V2r3	30/06/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removed statement on UTF-8 encoding of EDIG@S</li> <li>• Added UTF-8 and BOM clarification to SOAP envelope encoding.</li> <li>• In the example in section 3.1, added a missing closing tag <code>&lt;/eb3:Property&gt;</code> and made ConversationId an empty element as per section 2.3.1.3.</li> <li>• Added BP20 reference to bibliography.</li> <li>• Removed an obsolete duplicate comment on type attribute on PartyId.</li> <li>• Added discussion of security token references and indicated a preference for BST in 2.2.6.2.</li> <li>• In 2.3.4.3, indicated that parties must select a compatible option for security token references.</li> </ul>
V2r4	19/07/16	ICT KG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reviewed at ITC KG meeting</li> </ul>
V2r5	22/08/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated Legal Disclaimer</li> </ul>
V2r6	4/10/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated status of ebCore Agreement Update, due its approval as Committee Specification in the OASIS ebCore TC</li> <li>• Updated Configuration Management API discussion in section 2.2.8</li> <li>• New section 2.4 on Agreement Update.</li> <li>• Updated discussion of <b>Service</b> and <b>Action</b> also for ebCore messages.</li> <li>• Fixed a typo in section 3.1, message ID was not RFC 2822 compliant.</li> <li>• Many editorial changes, a.o. redundant white space.</li> </ul>

V2.7	18/10/16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accepted all changes</li> <li>• In 2.2.3.2, changed to reflect that compression is not guaranteed to take place when the compression P-Mode is set.</li> <li>• In 2.2.6.1 changed “support TLS 1.2” to “at least support TLS 1.2”.</li> <li>• In 2.3.1.2.4, added “For business services,”.</li> <li>• In 2.3.1.3, rephrased as “as content the empty string”.</li> <li>• Fixed the wording in the first bullet in 2.3.5.</li> <li>• In section, improved definition of PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service, Action and Role to include test and AU.</li> </ul>
V2.8	24/10/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reviewed and corrected grammatical errors</li> <li>• Created Rev 3 for publication following ITC KG &amp; INT WG approval</li> </ul>
V2.9	2/11/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minor editorial</li> <li>• In section 2.2.3.1, add requirement that a Receiving MSH MUST use AgreementRef to select the P-Mode to use for a message: <i>“A compliant product, acting as Receiver, MUST take the value of the AS4 AgreementRef header into account when selecting the applicable P-Mode.”</i> This is needed so that the right certificates are selected.</li> <li>• In section 2.3.1.2.4, added the underlined eight words to the sentence <i>“Implementations of this profile MUST use the Service, Action, From/Role and To/Role values to use specified in this table <u>for the data exchanges covered by the table</u>”</i> to explain that for other exchanges, the</li> </ul>

			<p>profile does not apply. This is intended to help users that also want to use AS4 for other exchanges.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In section 2.3.4.5, removed “Class 2” terminology for requirements, as the term creates confusion. Some CAs have different categories and/or constraints. The reference to NCP is now the only constraint.</li> <li>• Renamed title of a section to include TLS as well.</li> <li>• In CA section, clarified that many CAs do not support the use of EIC codes as CN in certificates, and that therefore this is not mandatory.</li> <li>• In section certificate section, KeyAgreement requirement dropped.</li> <li>• In the References section, upgraded to references to the ENISA report from the 2013 to the (most recent) 2014 version.</li> </ul>
V3.0	PvdE		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added back in the 2013 ENISA reference as requested by ITC KG</li> <li>• Approved as v3.0 by ITC KG</li> </ul>
V3r1	PvdE		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated the references of ETSI ESI European Norms to the current versions.</li> <li>• Some re-structuring of requirements on certificates, making it clear the review process applies to all certificates and CAs.</li> <li>• Harmonized “CA” as abbreviation for <b>Certification Authority</b>.</li> <li>• Mention that EV certificates may be used.</li> <li>• Mentioned options for EIC code in certificate.</li> </ul>
V3r2	PvdE	2016-12-23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incorporated improvements in the sections on Certificates, TLS and IP networking from the Interactive and</li> </ul>

			<p>Integrated profiles, to create a common base and consistency with the other documents.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New minor section “Networking” in Usage Profile to cover IPv4/IPv6.</li> <li>• Removed reference to private networks, as the network code states that the Internet is to be used and for consistency with other profiles.</li> </ul>
V3.3	PvdE	2017-02-13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Specified the use of the AS4 P-Mode values for <i>Service</i> and <i>Role</i> for situations where the data exchange is not classified. (For <i>Action</i>, the default value was already specified).</li> </ul>
V3.4	PvdE	2017-02-24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added an example of unclassified exchanges using default Service and Role values in section 3.2. The other example is now in the subsection 3.1.</li> </ul>
V3.5	PvdE	2017-02-24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In section 2.3.5, changed the requirement on presence of the <b>EDIGASDocumentType</b> part property from MUST to SHOULD.</li> </ul>
V3.6	PvdE	2018-03-27	<p>After feedback from implementators, ITC kernel group reviewed all “recommendations” (e.g. SHOULD instead of MUST) and checked whether they could be tightened. This version incorporates the decisions of the ITC KG.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Section 2.2.3.1, UUID in MessageId.</li> <li>• Section 2.2.6.2, BinarySecurityToken.</li> <li>• Section 2.2.6.2, Key Transport Algorithms.</li> <li>• Section 2.3.1.1, checking delegation relations.</li> <li>• Section 2.3.4.1, use of firewalls.</li> </ul>
V4.0 internal draft	PvdE	2023-03-06	DRAFT UPDATE

			<p>Major revision on security algorithm and parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added references to eDelivery in sections 1 and 6.</li> <li>• Added reference to ISO 15000 in 1 and 2.</li> <li>• 2.2.6 is completely revised for both TLS and message layer security.</li> <li>• Simplified the certificate profile in 2.3.4.5. The previous text was out-of-date and did not add much value compared to the referenced sources.</li> <li>• Removed the section on networking in the usage profile that discussed IPv4 / IPv6 transition. This profile requires AS4 products to support both as stated in 2.2.7 so no additional usage profiling is required.</li> <li>• Updated section 6 (references), additional and updated.</li> </ul>
V4.0 internal draft	PvdE	2023-04-10	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated references for ETSI standards referenced in certificate section to their current versions.</li> <li>• Made EDIG@S reference version-neutral.</li> <li>• Removed obsolete references to the CA Browser forum.</li> <li>• Fixed URLs for some EASEE-gas links.</li> <li>• Updated several IETF references.</li> <li>• Added reference to EASEE-gas CBP on Agreement Update.</li> </ul>
V4.0 internal draft	PvdE	2023-06-11	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Processed comments from TSWG</li> </ul>

V4.0 internal draft	PvdE	2023-09-18	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved description of encryption with ECDH aligned with eDelivery</li> <li>Minor editorial</li> </ul>
V4.0 internal draft	PvdE	2024-02-07	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved the sections on WS-Security in particular the one on encryption based on discussion and review of all content with the EC eDelivery team.</li> <li>HKDF instead of ConcatKDF aligned with the upcoming [rfc9231bis].</li> <li>Added a section 2.2.6.2.5 with alternative algorithms based on ECC, as fallback.</li> <li>Added some text on the rational for 4.0 in the introduction section.</li> </ul>
V4.0 Public Consultation Draft	PvdE	2025-01-02	<p>Updated final draft for approval</p> <p>Section 1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added note that this version of ENTSOG AS4 is not compatible with previous versions.</li> </ul> <p>In 2.2.3.3:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For alignment, set CompressionType to recommended and copied some text from the related section of eDelivery AS4.</li> </ul> <p>In section 2.2.6.2.3,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explained that the recipient key agreement key may be statically configured or updated using ebCore Certificate Update.</li> <li>Also explained the use of the salt and info parameters of HKDF and packaging of X25519 keys in X509 certificates.</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The example <b>dsig11:DEREncodedKeyValue</b> element content. The Base64 encoded ASN.1 content included the algorithm.parameters field with a NULL value. This is incorrect according to RFC 8410 that states that the parameters MUST be absent.</li> <li>• Explained that an X25519 key can only be used for encryption, so it can only be shared in a certificate signed using a valid signing key.</li> <li>• When referencing a recipient key agreement key that was shared as certificate, it should be done using a <b>wsse:SecurityTokenReference</b> placed as a direct child of the <b>xenc:RecipientKeyInfo</b>, not a child of an intermediate <b>ds:KeyValue</b> under that element.</li> <li>• Clarified steps 5 and 6.</li> </ul> <p>In 2.2.6.2.4:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated the example to match the eDelivery AS4 2.0 content.</li> </ul> <p>In 2.2.6.2.5:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added the word “alternative” to “option”.</li> <li>• Mandated support for some curves and specified their OIDs for interoperability.</li> <li>• Explained the differences to BDEW AS4 in general, for encryption and signature.</li> </ul> <p>In 2.3.4.4:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Align with CA/B Forum for audit requirements (ETSI or WebTrust).</li> </ul>
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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add “or equivalent” to CP requirements, allowing CPs other than ETSI ones.</li> </ul> <p>In 2.4:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added subsection 2.4.4. on Endpoint Update.</li> </ul> <p>Bibliography:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated reference to eDelivery AS4 in section to the published eDelivery AS4 2.0 specification.</li> <li>• Added missing data to some references.</li> <li>• Removed some unreferenced entries.</li> </ul>
2025-01-23	PvdE	2025-01-23	Updated document to INT2819_25 AS4 Usage Profile_Rev_ 4.0 FINAL 2025-01-27 after approval by ITC KG and INT WG for Public Consultation.



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