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ENTSOLOG AS4 Profile

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7 **This document provides only specific technical information given for indicative purposes**
8 **and, as such, it can be subject to further modifications. The information contained in the**
9 **document is non-exhaustive as well as non-contractual in nature and closely connected**
10 **with the completion of the applicable process foreseen by the relevant provisions of**
11 **Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/703 of 30 April 2015 establishing a network code on**
12 **interoperability and data exchange rules.**
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16	Table of contents	
17	1 Introduction.....	5
18	2 AS4 Profile	6
19	2.1 AS4 and Conformance Profiles.....	6
20	2.1.1 AS4 Standard	6
21	2.1.2 AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile	6
22	2.2 ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler Feature Set.....	6
23	2.2.1 Messaging Model	7
24	2.2.2 Message Pulling and Partitioning.....	8
25	2.2.3 Message Packaging	9
26	2.2.3.1 UserMessage.....	10
27	2.2.3.2 Payloads	10
28	2.2.3.3 Message Compression	10
29	2.2.4 Error Handling	10
30	2.2.5 Reliable Messaging and Reception Awareness.....	11
31	2.2.6 Security.....	11
32	2.2.6.1 Transport Layer Security.....	12
33	2.2.6.1.1 Use of TLS	12
34	2.2.6.1.2 TLS Versions.....	12
35	2.2.6.1.3 TLS Cipher Suites	12
36	2.2.6.1.4 Supported Groups for (EC)DH Key Exchange	13
37	2.2.6.1.5 Certificate Key Lengths.....	13
38	2.2.6.1.6 TLS Client Authentication	14
39	2.2.6.2 Message Layer Security.....	14
40	2.2.6.2.1 Use of WS-Security	14
41	2.2.6.2.2 Message Signing	14
42	2.2.6.2.3 Message Encryption	15
43	2.2.6.3 Security Processing Example.....	16
44	2.2.7 Networking.....	19
45	2.2.8 Configuration Management.....	19
46	2.3 Usage Profile	19

47	2.3.1 Message Packaging	20
48	2.3.1.1 Party Identification	20
49	2.3.1.2 Business Process Alignment	21
50	2.3.1.2.1 Service	21
51	2.3.1.2.2 Action	22
52	2.3.1.2.3 Role	22
53	2.3.1.2.4 ENTISO AS4 Mapping Table	23
54	2.3.1.3 Message Correlation	24
55	2.3.2 Agreements	24
56	2.3.3 MPC	25
57	2.3.4 Security	26
58	2.3.4.1 Network Layer Security	26
59	2.3.4.2 Transport Layer Security	26
60	2.3.4.3 Message Layer Security	27
61	2.3.4.4 Certificates and Public Key Infrastructure	27
62	2.3.4.5 EASEE-gas Certificate Profile	28
63	2.3.5 Message Payload and Flow Profile	28
64	2.3.6 Test Service	30
65	2.3.7 Environments	30
66	2.4 ebCore Agreement Update	30
67	2.4.1 Mandatory Support	30
68	2.4.2 Implementation Guidelines	31
69	2.4.3 Use for Encryption Key Updates	32
70	3 Examples	33
71	3.1 Message with EDIG@S Payload	33
72	3.2 Alternative Using Defaults	34
73	4 Processing Modes	34
74	5 Revision History	39
75	6 References	50
76		

Deleted: 04

Deleted: 10

Deleted: 25

Deleted: 26

Deleted: 31

Deleted: 1	Introduction	8
2	AS4 Profile	9
2.1	AS4 and Conformance Profiles	9
2.1.1	AS4 Standard	9
2.1.2	AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile	9
2.2	ENTSO AS4 ebHandler Feature Set	9
2.2.1	Messaging Model	10
2.2.2	Message Pulling and Partitioning	11
2.2.3	Message Packaging	12
2.2.3.1	UserMessage	13
2.2.3.2	Payloads	13
2.2.3.3	Message Compression	13
2.2.4	Error Handling	13
2.2.5	Reliable Messaging and Reception Awareness	14
2.2.6	Security	14
2.2.6.1	Transport Layer Security	15
2.2.6.1.1	Use of TLS	15
2.2.6.1.2	TLS Versions	15
2.2.6.1.3	TLS Cipher Suites	15
2.2.6.1.4	Supported Groups for (EC)DH Key Exchange	16
2.2.6.1.5	Certificate Key Lengths	16
2.2.6.1.6	TLS Client Authentication	17
2.2.6.2	Message Layer Security	17
2.2.6.2.1	Use of WS-Security	17
2.2.6.2.2	Message Signing	17
2.2.6.2.3	Message Encryption	18
2.2.6.3	Security Processing Example	19
2.2.7	Networking	22
2.2.8	Configuration Management	22
2.3	Usage Profile	22
2.3.1	Message Packaging	23
2.3.1.1	Party Identification	23
2.3.1.2	Business Process Alignment	24
2.3.1.2.1	Service	24
2.3.1.2.2	Action	25
2.3.1.2.3	Role	25
2.3.1.2.4	ENTSO AS4 Mapping Table	26
2.3.1.3	Message Correlation	27
2.3.2	Agreements	27
2.3.3	MPC	28
2.3.4	Security	29
2.3.4.1	Network Layer Security	29
2.3.4.2	Transport Layer Security	29
2.3.4.3	Message Layer Security	30
2.3.4.4	Certificates and Public Key Infrastructure	30
2.3.4.5	EASEE-gas Certificate Profile	31
2.3.5	Message Payload and Flow Profile	31
2.3.6	Test Service	33
2.3.7	Environments	33
2.4	ebCore Agreement Update	33
2.4.1	Mandatory Support	34
2.4.2	Implementation Guidelines	34
2.4.3	Use for Encryption Key Updates	35
3	Examples	36
3.1	Message with EDIG@S Payload	36
3.2	Alternative Using Defaults	37
4	Processing Modes	37
5	Revision History	42

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197 **1 Introduction**

198 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/703 of 30 April 2015 establishing a network code on
199 interoperability and data exchange rules published on 30 April 2015 by the European
200 Commission (EC) specifies that *"The following common data exchange solutions shall be used*
201 *[for the communication] protocol: AS4"* [CR2015/703] for document-based exchanges. This
202 document defines an ENTSOG AS4 Profile that aims to support cross-enterprise collaboration
203 in the gas sector using secure and reliable exchange of business documents based on the
204 AS4 standard [AS4], now also standardized internationally as part two of the ISO 15000
205 series [ISO 15000-2]. This is done by providing an ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler profile and a usage
206 profile for the AS4 communication protocol that allow actors in the gas sector to deploy AS4
207 communication platforms in a consistent and interoperable way. This document also
208 specifies a mechanism to manage certificate exchanges and updates for AS4 using ebCore
209 Agreement Update [AU].

210 The main goals of this profile are to:

- 211 • Support exchange of EDIG@S XML documents and other payloads ~~[EDIG@S]~~,
- 212 • Support business processes of Transmission System Operators for gas, as well as
213 future business processes.
- 214 • Leverage previous experience with AS2 as described in the EASEE-gas
215 implementation guide [EGMTP].
- 216 • Provide security guidance based on state-of-the-art best practices.
- 217 • Provide suppliers of AS4-enabled B2B communication solutions with guidance
218 regarding the required AS4 functionality.
- 219 • Align with similar profiles of AS4 developed by other user communities, in particular
220 the eDelivery AS4 Building Block [eDeliveryAS4].
- 221 • Facilitate management and exchange of certificates for AS4 by users deploying the
222 profile.

Deleted: [EDIG@S][EDIG@SEDIG@S]

223 This profile adopts document conventions common in technical specifications for Internet
224 protocols and data formats. The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL",
225 "SHALL", "NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in
226 this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

228 **2 AS4 Profile**

229 This specification defines the ENTSOG AS4 profile as the selection of a specific conformance
230 profile of the AS4 standard [AS4], which is profiled further for increased consistency and
231 ease of configuration, and an AS4 Usage Profile that defines how to use a compliant
232 implementation for gas industry document exchange. Section 2.1 describes the AS4
233 ebHandler Conformance Profile, of which this profile is an extended subset. Section 2.2
234 describes the feature set that conformant products are REQUIRED to support. Section 2.3 is
235 a usage guide that describes configuration and deployment options for conformant
236 products. Section 2.4 describes how certificates for use with AS4 configurations for this
237 profile can be exchanged and managed using ebCore Agreement Update [AU].

238 **2.1 AS4 and Conformance Profiles**

239 **2.1.1 AS4 Standard**

240 This ENTSOG AS4 profile is based on the AS4 Profile of ebMS 3.0 Version 1.0. OASIS Standard
241 [AS4]. AS4 itself is based on other standards, in particular on OASIS ebXML Messaging
242 Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Features OASIS Standard [EBMS3], which in turn is based
243 on various Web Services specifications. AS4 is also part 2 of the ISO 15000 series [ISO 15000-
244 2].

245 The OASIS Technical Committee responsible for maintaining the AS4, ebMS 3.0 Core and
246 other related specifications is tracking and resolving issues in the specifications, which it
247 intends to publish as a consolidated Specification Errata. Implementations of the ENTSOG
248 AS4 Profile SHOULD track and implement resolutions at [https://tools.oasis-
249 open.org/issues/browse/EBXMLMSG](https://tools.oasis-open.org/issues/browse/EBXMLMSG).

250 **2.1.2 AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile**

251 The AS4 standard [AS4] defines multiple conformance profiles, which define specific
252 functional subsets of the version 3.0 ebXML Messaging, Core Specification [EBMS3]. A
253 conformance profile corresponds to a class of compliant applications. This version of the
254 ENTSOG AS4 Profile is based on an extended subset of the **AS4 ebHandler Conformance
255 Profile** and a Usage Profile. It aims to support gas business processes such as Capacity
256 Allocation Mechanism and Nomination, in which documents are to be transmitted securely
257 and reliably to Receivers with a minimal delay.

258 **2.2 ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler Feature Set**

259 The ENTSOG AS4 feature set is, with some exceptions, a subset of the feature set of the AS4
260 ebHandler Conformance Profile. This section selects specific options in situations where the
261 AS4 ebHandler provides more than one option. This section is addressed to providers of AS4
262 products and can be used as a checklist of features to be provided in AS4 products. The
263 structure of this chapter mirrors the structure of the ebMS3 Core Specification [EBMS3].

264 Compared to the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile, this profile adds, or updates, some
265 functionality:

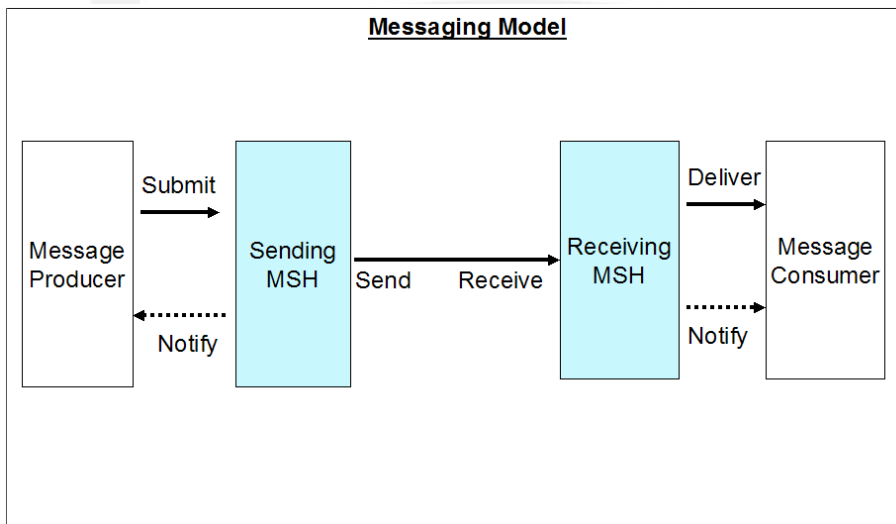
- 266 • There is an added recommendation to support the Two Way Message Exchange
267 Pattern (MEP) (cf. section 2.2.1).
- 268 • Transport Layer Security processing, if handled in the AS4 handler, is profiled (cf.
269 section 2.2.6.1).
- 270 • Algorithms specified for securing messages at the Message Layer are updated to
271 current guidelines (cf. section 2.2.6.2).

272 It also relaxes some requirements:

- 273 • Support for **Pull** mode in AS4 will only be REQUIRED when business processes
274 determine that **Pull** mode exchanges are necessary (cf. section 2.2.2).
- 275 • All payloads are exchanged in separate MIME parts (cf. section 2.2.3.2).
- 276 • Asynchronous reporting of receipts and errors is not REQUIRED (cf. sections 2.2.4,
277 2.2.5).
- 278 • WS-Security support is limited to the X.509 Token Profile (cf. section 2.2.6.2).

279 2.2.1 Messaging Model

280 This profile constrains the channel bindings of message exchanges between two AS4
281 Message Service Handlers (MSHs), one of which acts as Sending MSH and the other as the
282 Receiving MSH. The following diagram (from [EBMS3]) shows the various actors and
283 operations in message exchange:



284
285 **Figure 1 AS4 Messaging Model**

286 Business applications or middleware, acting as *Producer*, *Submit* message content and
287 metadata to the Sending MSH, which packages this content and sends it to the Receiving
288 MSH of the business partner, which in turn *Delivers* the message to another business
289 application that *Consumes* the message content and metadata. Subject to configuration,
290 Sending and Receiving MSH may *Notify Producer* or *Consumer* of particular events. Note that
291 there is a difference between *Sender* and *Initiator*. For **Push** exchanges, the Sending MSH
292 initiates the transmission of the message. For **Pull** exchanges, the transmission is initiated by
293 the Receiving MSH.

294 The AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile is the AS4 conformance profile that provides
295 support for Sending and Receiving roles using **Push** channel bindings. Support is REQUIRED
296 for the following Message Exchange Pattern:

- 297 • *One Way / Push*

298 For **PMode.MEP**, support is therefore REQUIRED for the following values:

- 299 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay>

300 While the AS4 ebHandler does not require support for the Two-Way MEP, support for this
301 MEP may be added in future versions of this ENTOSOG AS4 profile (see section 2.3.1.3). A
302 message handler that supports Two Way MEPs allows the Producer submitting a message
303 unit to set the optional *RefToMessageId* element in the *MessageInfo* section in support of
304 request-response exchanges. For **PMode.MEP**, support is therefore RECOMMENDED for the
305 following value:

- 306 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/twoWay>

307 For **PMode.MEPbinding**, support is REQUIRED for:

- 308 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push>

309 Note that these values are identifiers only and do not resolve to content on the OASIS site.

310 2.2.2 Message Pulling and Partitioning

311 Business processes currently under consideration for this version of this profile are time-
312 critical and considered only supported by the **Push** channel binding, because it allows the
313 *Sender* to control the timing of transmission of the message. Future versions of this profile
314 MAY also support business processes with less time-critical timing requirements. These
315 future uses could benefit from the ebMS3 **Pull** feature. For **PMode.MEPbinding**, applications
316 SHOULD therefore also support:

- 317 • <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/pull>

318 This allows implementations of this profile to also support the following Message Exchange
319 Patterns:

- 320 • *One Way / Pull*
- 321 • *Two Way / Push-and-Pull*

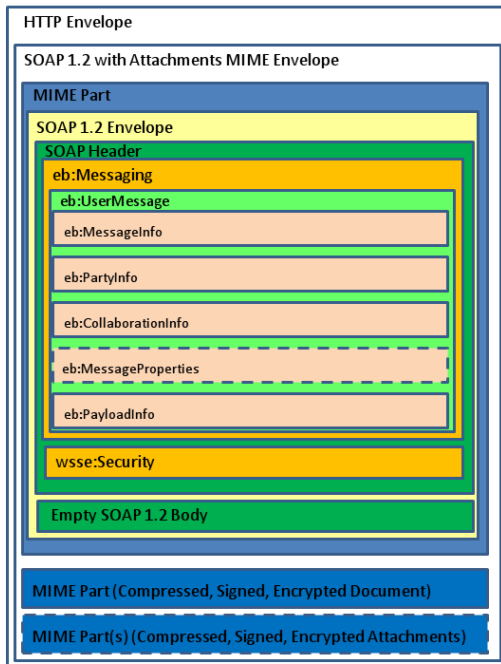
322 • *Two Way / Pull-and-Push*

323 • *Two Way / Pull-and-Pull*

324 Note that any compliant AS4 ebHandler is **REQUIRED** to support the first of these options.
325 That requirement is relaxed in this profile. The other three options combine Two Way
326 exchanges (see section 2.2.1) with the **Pull** feature.

327 2.2.3 Message Packaging

328 The AS4 message structure (see Figure 2) provides a standard message header that
329 addresses B2B requirements and offers a flexible packaging mechanism based on SOAP and
330 MIME enveloping. Dashed line style is used for optional message components.



331
332 Figure 2 AS4 Message Structure

333 The SOAP envelope **SHOULD** be encoded as UTF-8 (see [EBMS3], section 5.1.2.5). If the SOAP
334 envelope is correctly encoded in UTF-8 and the character set header is set to UTF-8,
335 receivers **MUST** support the presence of the Unicode Byte Order Mark (BOM; see [BP20],
336 section 3.1.2).

337 2.2.3.1 UserMessage

338 AS4 defines the ebMS3 **Messaging** SOAP header, which envelopes **UserMessage** XML
339 structures, which provide business metadata to exchanged payloads. In AS4, ebMS3
340 messages other than receipts or errors carry a single **UserMessage**. The ENTSG AS4 profile
341 follows the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile in requiring full configurability for “General”
342 and “BusinessInfo” P-Mode parameters as per sections 2.1.3.1 and 2.1.3.3 of [AS4].

343 A compliant product MUST allow the Producer, when submitting messages, to set a value for
344 **AgreementRef**, to select a particular P-Mode. A compliant product, acting as Receiver, MUST
345 take the value of the AS4 **AgreementRef** header into account when selecting the applicable
346 P-Mode. It MUST be able to send and receive messages in which the optional *pmode*
347 attribute of **AgreementRef** is not set.

348 The ebMS3 and AS4 specifications do not constrain the value of **MessageId** beyond
349 conformance to the Internet Message Format [RFC2822], which requires the value to be
350 unique. Products can do this by including a UUID string in the *id-left* part of the identifier set
351 using randomly (or pseudo-randomly) chosen values.

352 As in the AS4 ebHandler profile, support for **MessageProperties** is REQUIRED in this profile.

353 2.2.3.2 Payloads

354 Section 5.1.1 of the ebMS3 Core Specification [EBMS3] requires implementations to process
355 both non-multipart (simple SOAP) messages and multipart (SOAP-with-attachments)
356 messages, and this is a requirement for the AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile. Due to the
357 mandatory use of the AS4 compression feature in this profile (see section 2.2.3.3), XML
358 payloads MAY be converted to binary data, which is carried in separate MIME parts and not
359 in the SOAP Body. AS4 messages based on this profile always have an empty SOAP Body.

360 The ebMS3 mechanism of supporting “external” payloads via hyperlink references (as
361 mentioned in section 5.2.2.12 of [EBMS3]) MUST NOT be used.

362 2.2.3.3 Message Compression

363 The AS4 specification defines payload compression as one of its additional features. Payload
364 compression is a useful feature for many content types, including XML content.

- 365 • The parameter **PMode[1].PayloadService.CompressionType** MUST be set to the
366 value *application/gzip*. (Note that GZIP is the only compression type currently
367 supported in AS4).

368 Mandatory use of the AS4 compression feature is consistent with current practices for gas
369 B2B data exchange, such as the EASEE-gas AS2 profile [EGMTP]. Compressed payloads are in
370 separate MIME parts.

371 2.2.4 Error Handling

372 This profile specifies that errors MUST be reported and transmitted synchronously to the
373 Sender and SHOULD be reported to the Consumer.

374 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse** MUST be set to the
375 value *true*.

376 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer**
377 SHOULD be set to the value *true*.

378 2.2.5 Reliable Messaging and Reception Awareness

379 This profile specifies that non-repudiation receipts MUST be sent synchronously for each
380 message type.

381 • The parameter **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.NonRepudiation** MUST be set to the
382 value *true*.

383 • The parameter **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern** MUST be set to the
384 value *Response*.

385 This profile requires the use of the AS4 Reception Awareness feature. This feature provides a
386 built-in *Retry* mechanism that can help overcome temporary network or other issues and
387 detection of message duplicates.

388 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness** MUST be set to *true*.

389 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry** MUST be set to *true*.

390 • The parameter **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection** MUST be set to
391 *true*.

392 The parameters **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry.Parameters** and related
393 **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection.Parameters** are sets of parameters
394 configuring retries and duplicate detection. These parameters are not fully specified in [AS4]
395 and implementation-dependent. Products MUST support configuration of parameters for
396 retries and duplicate detection.

397 Reception awareness errors generated by the Sender MUST be reported to the Submitting
398 application:

399 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.MissingReceiptNotifyProducer**
400 MUST be set to *true*.

401 • The parameter **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo** MUST NOT be set.
402 There is no support for reporting sender errors to a third party.

403 2.2.6 Security

404 AS4 message exchanges can be secured at multiple communication layers: the network
405 layer, the transport layer, the message layer and the payload layer. The first and last of these
406 are not normally handled by B2B communication software and therefore out of scope for
407 this section. Transport layer security is addressed, even though its functionality MAY be
408 offloaded to another infrastructure component.

409 This section provides parameter settings based on multiple published sets of best practices.
410 It is noted that after publication of this document, vulnerabilities may be discovered in the
411 security algorithms, formats and exchange protocols specified in this section. Such
412 discoveries MUST lead to revisions to this specification.

413 2.2.6.1 Transport Layer Security

414 2.2.6.1.1 Use of TLS

415 When using AS4, Transport Layer Security (TLS) provides content confidentiality and
416 authentication. Server authentication, using a server certificate, allows the client to make
417 sure the HTTPS connection is set up with the right server. When a message is pushed, the
418 Sending MSH authenticates the HTTPS server of the Receiving MSH.

419 TLS can be directly handled by the AS4 message handler or be off-loaded to some
420 infrastructure component. In the following, we refer to the TLS processing component as TLS
421 implementation. For every TLS implementation conformant with this profile, the following
422 rules shall apply:

- 423 • TLS versions and cipher suites MUST follow international and national minimum
424 standard requirements and best practices such as [ECRYPT CSA], [NIST 800-52r2], [BSI
425 TR-02102-2] and [RFC9325]. The decision which, if any, of these publications to
426 follow is not specified in this profile as it may depend on other international, national
427 and/or sectorial regulation or other factors.
- 428 • It MUST be possible to configure the accepted TLS version(s) in the TLS
429 implementation.
- 430 • It MUST be possible to configure accepted TLS cipher suites in the TLS
431 implementation. Note that naming conventions and recommendations for suites are
432 specific to TLS versions.

433 2.2.6.1.2 TLS Versions

434 Implementations conformant with this profile:

- 435 • MUST NOT use SSL 3.0, TLS 1.0 and 1.1.
- 436 • MUST therefore at a minimum support TLS 1.2 [RFC5246]. TLS 1.2 is considered
437 sufficient and offers good cryptographic primitives. With proper configuration of
438 cipher suites it is considered sufficient for many years.
- 439 • SHOULD support the use of TLS 1.3 [RFC8446]. Note that [NIST 800-52r2] requires
440 support for TLS 1.3 as from January 1, 2024.

441 2.2.6.1.3 TLS Cipher Suites

442 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following TLS 1.3 cipher
443 suites:

- 444 • TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

445 • TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

446 • TLS_AES_128_CCM_SHA256

447 These cipher suites are recommended by [BSI TR-02102-2] and [NIST 800-52r2]. Note that
448 [ECRYPT CSA] does not make any explicit restrictions regarding TLS 1.3 cipher suites.
449 [RFC9325] recommends to follow the recommendations from [RFC8446].

450 In addition, TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 may be used [RFC8446].

451 For TLS 1.2, this profile recommends the usage of Perfect Forward Secure (PFS) cipher suites.
452 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following TLS 1.2 cipher
453 suites:

454 • TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

455 • TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

456 • TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM

457 • TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM

458 • TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

459 • TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

460 These cipher suites are compatible with the recommendations of [BSI TR-02102-2], [NIST
461 800-52r2], [ECRYPT CSA]and [RFC9325].

462 Further cipher suites may be used when following specific regulations. For example, [ECRYPT
463 CSA]recommends the usage of Camellia for record layer encryption. [BSI TR-02102-2], [NIST
464 800-52r2], and [ECRYPT CSA] recommend the usage of TLS_DHE_* cipher suites.

465 **2.2.6.1.4 Supported Groups for (EC)DH Key Exchange**

466 Implementations conformant with this profile SHOULD support the following elliptic curves:

467 • secp256r1

468 • secp384r1

469 • secp521r1

470 • x25519

471 • x448

472 When using Finite Field Diffie Hellman, at least ffdhe3072 should be used.

473 **2.2.6.1.5 Certificate Key Lengths**

474 Implementations conformant with this profile MUST use RSA, ECDSA, or EdDSA X.509
475 certificates. For RSA certificates, keys larger than 3000 bits are mandatory. For ECDSA, keys
476 larger than 250 bits are REQUIRED.

477 **2.2.6.1.6 TLS Client Authentication**

478 Transport Layer client authentication authenticates the Sender (when used with the Push
479 MEP binding) or Receiver (when used with Pull). Since this profile uses WS-Security for
480 message authentication, the use of client authentication at the Transport Layer can be
481 considered redundant. Whether or not client authentication is to be used depends on the
482 deployment environment. To support deployments that do require client authentication,
483 implementations MUST allow Transport Layer client authentication to be configured for an
484 AS4 HTTPS endpoint. Mutual Authentication or “two way” TLS Authentication is a
485 combination of client and server authentication.

486 **2.2.6.2 Message Layer Security**

487 **2.2.6.2.1 Use of WS-Security**

488 To provide message layer protection for AS4 messages, this profile REQUIRES the use of the
489 following Web Services Security version 1.1.1 OASIS specifications, profiled in ebMS3.0
490 [EBMS3] and AS4 [AS4]:

- 491 • Web Services Security SOAP Message Security [WSSMS].
- 492 • Web Services Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile [WSSX509].
- 493 • Web Services Security SOAP Message with Attachments (SwA) Profile [WSSSWA].

494 The X.509 Certificate Token Profile supports the signing and encryption of AS4 messages.
495 This profile REQUIRES the use of X.509 tokens for message signing and encryption, for all AS4
496 exchanges. The AS4 option of using Username Tokens, which is supported in the AS4
497 ebHandler Conformance Profile, MUST NOT be used. The AS4 message MUST be signed prior
498 to being encrypted (see section 7.6 of [EBMS3]).

499 **2.2.6.2.2 Message Signing**

500 AS4 message signing is based on the W3C XML Signature recommendation used by WS-
501 Security. AS4 can be configured to use specific digest and signature algorithms based on
502 identifiers defined in this recommendation. At the time of publication of the AS4
503 specification [AS4], the current version of W3C XML Signature was the June 2008, XML
504 Signature, Second Edition specification [XMLDSIG]. The current version is the April 2013,
505 Version 1.1 specification [XMLDSIG1] defines important new algorithm identifiers. In
506 addition, the Ed25519 algorithm is available based on [RFC8410] and [RFC9231].

507 This AS4 profile uses the following AS4 parameters and values:

- 508 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Sign]** parameter MUST be set in accordance with section
509 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 of [AS4].
- 510 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Signature.HashFunction]** parameter MUST be set to
511 <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256>.

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- 512 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Signature.Algorithm]** parameter MUST be set to
513 <http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmlsig-more#eddsa-ed25519>.

514 This AS4 profile anticipates an update to the OASIS AS4 specification to reference this newer
515 version of the XML Signature specification.

516 The use of XML Signature in AS4 provides Non Repudiation of Origin (NRO) at Message
517 Exchange level.

518 Note that the usage of the Ed25519 curve implies that the message signer has an EdDSA
519 certificate using the Ed25519 curve [to sign AS4 messages](#). This certificate is signed by a CA
520 that might use a different signing algorithm (RSA or ECDSA). This profile does not prescribe
521 any algorithms for CAs. [When issuing certificates, the CA uses its key to sign the certificate](#)
522 [data for the party that requests the certificate. The signed data in the certificate includes the](#)
523 [public key of the requesting party. Interoperability is not an issue as the type of public key of](#)
524 [the requesting party is not relevant for the signing of the certificate as for the CA signature,](#)
525 [because that signed public key is just data.](#)

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526 2.2.6.2.3 Message Encryption

527 For encryption, WS-Security leverages the W3C XML Encryption recommendation used by
528 WS-Security. The following AS4 parameters configure this feature:

- 529 • The **PMode[.Security.X509.Encryption.Encrypt]** parameter MUST be set in
530 accordance with section 5.1.6 and 5.1.7 of [AS4].
- 531 • The parameter **PMode[.Security.X509.Encryption.Algorithm]** MUST be set to
532 <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm>. This is the algorithm used as value
533 for the Algorithm attribute of xenc:EncryptionMethod on xenc:EncryptedData. This
534 means that in this profile, AES MUST NOT be used in CBC mode.
- 535 • AS4 does not have a parameter to set key agreement protocol.

536 As specified in section 5.1.6 of [AS4] and in [https://issues.oasis-](https://issues.oasis-open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111)
537 [open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111](https://issues.oasis-open.org/browse/EBXMLMSG-111), when XML Encryption is used, all and only payload MIME
538 parts MUST be encrypted. The eb:Messaging header and any of its sub-elements MUST NOT
539 be encrypted at message layer. Note that this header remains encrypted at transport layer.

540 In WS-Security, there are three mechanisms to reference a security token (see section 3.2 in
541 [WSSX509]). The ebMS3 and AS4 specifications do not constrain this; neither do they
542 provide a P-Mode parameter to select a specific option. For interoperability,
543 implementations SHOULD therefore implement all three options. It is RECOMMENDED that
544 implementations allow configuration of security token reference type, so that a compatible
545 type can be selected for a communication partner. Note that as BinarySecurityToken is the
546 most widely implemented option for security token references in AS4 implementations,
547 implementations SHOULD implement this option. To allow certificate chain validation, the
548 ValueType attribute SHOULD be set to the X509PKIPathv1 URI.

549 In this version of this AS4 profile, message encryption is based on the Elliptic Curve Diffie-
550 Hellman Key Exchange algorithm.

- 552
- 553
- 554
- For encryption algorithm, <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128>. This is the algorithm used as a value for the Algorithm attribute of xenc:EncryptionMethod in xenc:EncryptedKey. It describes the key encryption key.
 - For the key agreement method, <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES>. This is the algorithm used as value for the Algorithm attribute of xenc:AgreementMethod in ds:KeyInfo. This MUST be used with X25519 keys[RFC8410, RFC9231].
 - When using X25519 public keys, the originator key info has a ds:KeyValue containing a ds11:EKKeyValue element. That element has a ds11:NamedCurve with URI set to urn:oid:1.3.101.110 [RFC8410].
 - For the key derivation method, the <http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ConcatKDF> MUST be used. This is the algorithm used as a value for the Algorithm attribute of xenc11:KeyDerivationMethod in xenc:AgreementMethod.
 - The values of the attributes PartyUInfo and PartyVInfo of the xenc11:ConcatKDFParams element MUST be set to empty strings.

566 In the base implementation, ECDH is used in so-called ephemeral-static mode (ECDH-ES) in
567 which the sender creates an agreed encryption key based on a short-lived sender key in
568 combination with a long-lived recipient key.

569 Alternatively, optionally, sender or recipient may use ebCore Certificate Update to update
570 the static key frequently, as explained below in section 2.4 below.

571 2.2.6.3 Security Processing Example

572 A sending MSH performs security processing and constructs the security header as follows:

- 573
- 574
1. The message parts that are to be signed (header, empty body and MIME parts) are selected in accordance with AS4.
 2. Message digests are computed for all parts following [WSSSWA].
 3. A SignedInfo section is created and the message is signed using sender's signing key, determined from the applicable P-Mode. (As noted below in 4.7, the static P-Mode configuration may be updated prior to its expiration using ebCore Certificate Update).
 4. A per-message ephemeral originator key agreement key is constructed of the required curve type.
 5. The recipient's static public key information is determined from the applicable P-Mode. (As noted below in X.Y, the static public key agreement key may be frequently updated using ebCore Certificate Update).
 6. A shared secret is constructed from the two keys using key ECDH-ES agreement.
 7. The shared secret is used as an input into the key derivation method (ConcatKDF) to derive an AES key wrap key.
- 586
- 587

- 588 8. An AES symmetric key is generated at random.
- 589 9. The AES key generated at step 8 is wrapped and used to encrypt the MIME payload
- 590 parts following [WSSSWA].
- 591 10. An EncryptedData element is added representing the parts encryption.

592 The resulting WS-Security header might look as follows:

593

```

594 <wsse:Security xmlns:env="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
595   xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
596   xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
597   env:mustUnderstand="true">
598   <xenc:EncryptedKey xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
599     xmlns:xenc1="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
600     wsu:Id="EK-6263cc2e-e01a-4bd2-a2f3-39f9c74e82ab">
601     <xenc:EncryptionMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#kw-aes128"/>
602     <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#" Id="KI-c0afa373">
603       <xenc:AgreementMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc1#ECDH-ES">
604         <xenc1:KeyDerivationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc1#ConcatKDF">
605           <xenc1:ConcatKDFParams AlgorithmID="" PartyUInfo="" PartyVInfo="">
606             <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256"/>
607           </xenc1:ConcatKDFParams>
608         </xenc1:KeyDerivationMethod>
609       <xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
610         <ds:KeyValue>
611           <ds11:ECKeyValue xmlns:ds11="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmldsig11#">
612             <!-- Public ephemeral X25519 key.
613              See http://oid-info.com/get/1.3.101.110 and RFC 8410
614             -->
615             <ds11:NamedCurve URI="urn:oid:1.3.101.110"/>
616             <ds11:PublicKey ENCODED </ds11:PublicKey>
617           </ds11:ECKeyValue>
618         </ds:KeyValue>
619       </xenc:OriginatorKeyInfo>
620     <xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
621       <ds:KeyValue>
622         <!-- Assumes the recipient key is exchanged using some other mechanism.
623          It has therefore has been shared as a certificate and can be referenced
624          using its SKI.
625         -->
626       <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
627         <wsse:KeyIdentifier
628           EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-
629           wss-soap-message-security-1.0#Base64Binary"
630           ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
631           x509-token-profile-1.0#X509SubjectKeyIdentifier"
632           > ENCODED </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
633         </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
634       </ds:KeyValue>
635     </xenc:RecipientKeyInfo>
636   </xenc:AgreementMethod>
637 </ds:KeyInfo>
638 <xenc:CipherData>
639   <xenc:CipherValue>ENCODED</xenc:CipherValue>
640 </xenc:CipherData>
641 <xenc:ReferenceList>
642   <xenc:DataReference URI="#ED-ad394cf3-a2c0-442e-9943-f01cea6782cb"/>
643 </xenc:ReferenceList>
644 </xenc:EncryptedKey>
645
646 <xenc:EncryptedData xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
647   Id="ED-ad394cf3-a2c0-442e-9943-f01cea6782cb" MimeType="application/gzip"
648   Type="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SwAProfile-1.1#Attachment-Content-Only">
649   <xenc:EncryptionMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc1#aes128-gcm"/>
650   <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
651     <wsse:SecurityTokenReference
652       xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
653       secext-1.0.xsd"
654       xmlns:wss1="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.1.xsd"

```

```

655         wssell:TokenType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-soap-message-security-
656 1.1#EncryptedKey">
657         <wsse:Reference URI="#EK-6263cc2e-e01a-4bd2-a2f3-39f9c74e82ab"/>
658         </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
659         </ds:KeyInfo>
660         <xenc:CipherData>
661         <xenc:CipherReference URI="cid:1400668830234@tso.eu">
662         <xenc:Transforms>
663         <ds:Transform xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
664           Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SWAPProfile-
665 1.1#Attachment-Ciphertext-Transform"
666           />
667         </ds:Transforms>
668         </xenc:CipherReference>
669         </xenc:CipherData>
670         </xenc:EncryptedData>
671
672         <wsse:BinarySecurityToken
673           EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-message-security-
674 1.0#Base64Binary"
675           ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-
676 1.0#X509v3"
677           wsu:Id="X509-48b6d459-777b-4226-81bd-df327f37b30c"> ENCODED </wsse:BinarySecurityToken>
678         <ds:Signature xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
679           Id="SIG-adccc058-ddac-4437-8902-ab37cf037ca4">
680         <ds:SignedInfo>
681         <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"
682           <ec:InclusiveNamespaces xmlns:ec="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"
683             PrefixList="env"/>
684         </ds:CanonicalizationMethod>
685         <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#eddsa-ed25519"/>
686         <ds:Reference URI="# 840b593a-a40f-40d8-a8fd-89591478e5df">
687         <!-- The (empty) SOAP body -->
688         <ds:Transforms>
689         <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
690         </ds:Transforms>
691         <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmenc#sha256"/>
692         <ds:DigestValue>jyTXyVrh+cX3iJzgmXqIHdnJQxcX6kTGHPES1YUYEs=</ds:DigestValue>
693         </ds:Reference>
694         <ds:Reference URI="#_210bca51-e9b3-4ee1-81e7-226949ab6ff6">
695         <!-- the AS4 eb:Messaging header -->
696         <ds:Transforms>
697         <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
698         </ds:Transforms>
699         <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmenc#sha256"/>
700         <ds:DigestValue>5RMz5/mSIFTI1+amk+XLHsLR2yE7h5KFGAsLrHrya98=</ds:DigestValue>
701         </ds:Reference>
702         <ds:Reference URI="cid:1400668830234@tso.eu">
703         <!-- A message payload in a MIME attachment -->
704         <ds:Transforms>
705         <ds:Transform
706           Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SWAPProfile-
707 1.1#Attachment-Content-Signature-Transform"
708           />
709         </ds:Transforms>
710         <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmenc#sha256"/>
711         <ds:DigestValue>wVgT8wREsJl00050jJB/vw9mGsx1n/0dc9qeRqFM4=</ds:DigestValue>
712         </ds:Reference>
713         </ds:SignedInfo>
714
715         <ds:SignatureValue>CyVaSr9Blh7m4KC7xNszOsmJNM6aNPkQwNNqY5cvu3GgSIYBQWecg==</ds:SignatureValue>
716         <ds:KeyInfo Id="KI-29066baf-2595-444f-9d27-58667dc40da3">
717         <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="STR-a54b721a-0d19-4112-b1cf-06752cd826fa">
718         <wsse:Reference URI="#X509-48b6d459-777b-4226-81bd-df327f37b30c"
719           ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
720 profile-1.0#X509v3"
721           />
722         </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
723         </ds:KeyInfo>
724         </ds:Signature>
725         </wsse:Security>

```

726 The receiving AS4 MSH processes the secured message containing this security header as
727 follows.

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- 728 1. It identifies the EncryptedData element (Id="ED-ad394cf3-a2c0-442e-9943-
729 f01cea6782cb"). In order to decrypt the encrypted data, it needs to process the
730 **EncryptedKey** element that is referenced in the **SecurityTokenReference** element
731 (URI="#EK-6263cc2e-e01a-4bd2-a2f3-39f9c74e82ab").
- 732 2. It processes the **AgreementMethod** element in the **EncryptedKey**. Using the
733 **OriginatorKeyInfo** public key value and the private key identified by
734 **RecipientKeyInfo**, it performs the ephemeral-static X25519 key agreement. The
735 result of this operation is used as an input into the **ConcatKDF** key derivation
736 algorithm.
- 737 3. The result of **ConcatKDF** can be used to unwrap the key using AES-KW which is
738 located in the **CipherData** element.
- 739 4. The receiving corner can now use AES-GCM to decrypt data referenced in
740 **EncryptedData**.
- 741 5. It identifies the XML Signature, validates all the references, and the signature value
742 by using the public key from the sender certificate.

743 2.2.7 Networking

744 AS4 communication products compliant with this profile MUST support both IPv4 and IPv6
745 and MUST be able to connect using either IP4 or IPv6. To support transition from IPv4 to
746 IPv6, products SHOULD support the "happy eyeballs" requirements defined in [\[RFC8305\]](#).

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747 2.2.8 Configuration Management

748 ENTSOG has identified a requirement for automated or semi-automated exchange and
749 management of AS4 configuration data in order to allow parties to negotiate and automate
750 updates to AS4 configurations using the exchange of AS4 messages. The main initial
751 requirement is the automated exchange of X.509 certificates.

752 AS4 products compliant with this specification MUST provide an Application Programming
753 Interface (API) to manage (i.e. create, read, update and delete) AS4 configuration data,
754 including Processing Mode definitions and X.509 certificates used for AS4 message
755 exchanges. This API MUST provide all functionality required to create and process ebCore
756 Agreement Update messages (see section 2.4).

757 2.3 Usage Profile

758 This section contains implementation guidelines that specify how products that comply with
759 the requirements of the ENTSOG AS4 ebHandler (section 2.2) SHOULD be configured and
760 deployed. This is similar to the concept of Usage Agreements in section 5 of [AS4] as it does
761 not constrain how AS4 products are implemented, but rather how they are configured and
762 used. The audience for this section are operators/administrators of AS4 products and B2B
763 integration project teams. The structure of this chapter also partly mirrors the structure of
764 [EBMS3], and furthermore covers some aspects outside core pure B2B messaging
765 functionality.

767 **2.3.1 Message Packaging**

768 This usage profile constrains values for several elements in the AS4 message header.

769 **2.3.1.1 Party Identification**

770 When exchanging messages in compliance with this profile, parties registered in the ENTSOG
771 Energy Identification Coding Scheme (EIC) for natural gas transmission MUST be identified
772 using the appropriate EIC Code [EIC]. Entities that do not have an EIC code and need to use
773 this profile MUST contact ENTSOG or their Local Issuing Office (LIO) and request an EIC code.
774 This value MUST be used as the content for the **PMode.Initiator.Party** and
775 **PMode.Responder.Party** processing mode parameters, which AS4 message handlers use to
776 populate the **UserMessage/PartyInfo/{From|to}/PartyId** elements.

777 The *type* attribute on the **PartyId** element MUST be present and set to the fixed value
778 <http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x> which indicates that the value of the
779 element is to be interpreted as an EIC code. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is
780 not a URL that resolves to content on the ENTSOE web site. Note that AS4 party identifiers
781 identify the communication partner. The communication partner may be:

- 782 1. The entity involved in the business transaction
- 783 2. A third party providing B2B communication services for other entities

784 In the second case, there are two options for setting the P-Mode parameters:

- 785 1. The communication partner may *impersonate* the business entity. In this case the
786 AS4 **Party** identifier is the identifier of the business entity.
- 787 2. The business entity may explicitly *delegate* message processing to the
788 communication partner. In this case the AS4 **Party** identifier is the identifier of the
789 communication partner. Note that, when used to exchange EDIG@S documents, in
790 this case the AS4 party identifier will differ from the value of the EDIG@S
791 *{issuer/recipient}_MarketParticipant.identification* elements, as the latter refer to the
792 business partner.

793 Parties MAY use third party communication providers for AS4 communication. Such
794 providers MAY use either the impersonation or delegation model, subject to approval by the
795 business transaction partner.

796 The AS4 processing layer will validate the identifiers of Sender and Receiver specified in the
797 ebMS3 headers against P-Mode configurations. This involves the validation of message
798 signatures against configured X.509 certificates. In case of delegation, the X.509 certificates
799 used at the AS4 level relate to the communication partners rather than to business partners
800 on whose behalf the messages are exchanged. The exchanged payloads (EDIG@S or other)
801 typically also reference sending and receiving business entities. The responsibility of
802 determining the validity of implied delegation relations between business document layer
803 entities and entities at the AS4 layer is not in scope for the AS4 message handler, but MUST
804 be addressed in business applications or integration middleware.

805 **2.3.1.2 Business Process Alignment**

806 Several mandatory headers in AS4 serve to carry metadata to align a message exchange to a
807 business process or to a technical service.

808 **2.3.1.2.1 Service**

809 The **Service** and **Action** header elements in the **UserMessage/ CollaborationInfo** group
810 relate a message to the business process the message relates to and the roles that sender
811 and receiver perform, or to a technical service. This Usage Profile is intended to be used with
812 business processes that are currently being modelled by ENTSOG and EASEE-gas as well as
813 future, possibly not yet identified, business processes. For current and future gas business
814 processes, ENTSOG maintains and publishes, on its public Web site, a link to a table of
815 **Service** and **Action** values to be used in AS4 messages compliant to this Usage Profile (see
816 section 2.3.1.2.4).

817 The value of the **Service** element content MUST set as follows:

- 818 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the value content of **Service** is
819 specified in the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table (section 2.3.1.2.4) which MUST be used
820 for AS4 messages carrying specified messages. These values are taken from an
821 EDIG@S process area code list. As not all EDIG@S message exchanges concern TSOs,
822 it may be that not all **Service** values that are needed to fully cover the EDIG@S
823 processes are in the table. The example message in section 3.1 uses the value *A06*,
824 which is an EDIG@S code representing Nomination and Matching Processes.
- 825 • For the pre-defined test service (see section 2.3.6), the absolute **Service** URI value
826 *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/service* defined in
827 [EBMS3] MUST be used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It does not
828 resolve to content on the OASIS web site.
- 829 • For ebCore Agreement Update messages used for certificate exchange (see section
830 2.4), the absolute **Service** URI value *http://docs.oasis-*
831 *open.org/ebcore/ns/CertificateUpdate/v1.0* defined in [AU], section 4.1, MUST be
832 used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is not a URL that resolves to
833 content on the OASIS web site.
- 834 • For other services not related to gas business processes, or not related to gas
835 business processes covered by EDIG@S, no convention is defined in or imposed by
836 this Usage Profile. The ENTSOG list (or future versions of it) MAY specify other non-
837 gas business services.

838 The value of the *type* attribute of the **Service** element MUST comply with the following:

- 839 • For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the value MUST be the fixed value
840 *http://edigas.org/service*. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It does not
841 resolve to a URL on the EDIGAS web sites

- 842
- For other services, the use (or non-use) of the *type* attribute on **Service** is not
- 843 constrained by this Usage Profile.

844 In situations where the data exchange has not been classified, the service value
845 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/service> MAY be used. This is the default
846 P-Mode value for this parameter specified in section 5.2.5 of [AS4]. With this value, the *type*
847 attribute MUST NOT be used. The non-normative example in section 3.1 uses the value
848 "A06" for the **Service** header element, which is an EDIG@S service code. The other non-
849 normative example in section 3.2 uses the AS4 default P-Mode parameter value.

850 2.3.1.2.2 Action

851 The **Action** header identifies an operation or activity in a **Service**.

- For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S in which EDIG@S XML documents are
852 exchanged, ENTSOG provides a value table listing actions (section 2.3.1.2.4). The
853 value for **Action** in that table for a particular exchange MUST be used in AS4
854 messages. The example messages in section 3.1 use the [http://docs.oasis-](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action)
855 [open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action) value, which is the default action defined in
856 section 5.2.5 of the AS4 standard [AS4]. As not all EDIG@S message exchanges
857 concern TSOs, it may be that not all **Action** values that are needed to fully cover the
858 EDIG@S business processes are in the service metadata table.
- For the pre-defined test service (see section 2.3.6) the absolute **Action** URI value
860 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/test> defined in
861 [EBMS3] MUST be used. This value is a URI used as an identifier only. It is not a URL
862 that resolves to content on the OASIS web site.
- For ebCore Agreement Update messages used for certificate exchange, the **Action**
864 values *UpdateCertificate*, *ConfirmCertificateUpdate* and *RejectCertificateUpdate*
865 defined in [AU], section 4.1, MUST be used.
- For other services not related to gas business processes, and for any (hypothetical
866 future) gas business processes not covered by EDIG@S, no convention is defined in
867 or imposed by this Usage Profile.

870 2.3.1.2.3 Role

871 The mandatory AS4 headers **UserMessage/PartyInfo/ {From|To}/Role** elements define the
872 role of the entities sending and receiving the AS4 message for the specified **Service** and
873 **Action**.

- For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, the values MUST be set to values
874 specified in the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table (section 2.3.1.2.4). For gas business
875 processes, that table will relate to information in the EDIG@S document content. In
876 EDIG@S, the sender and receiver role are expressed as EDIG@S header elements. For
877 example, in an EDIG@S v5.1 Nomination document, these are called
878

879 *issuer_Marketparticipant_marketRole.code* of type *IssuerRoleType* and
880 *recipient_Marketparticipant_marketRole.code* of type *PartyType*.

- 881 • For the ebMS3 test service and for ebCore Agreement Update, the default initiator
882 and responder roles [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
884 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
883 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator) and [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
886 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
885 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder) defined in section 5.2.5 of [AS4] MUST be
used. These URI values are used as identifiers only. They are not URLs that resolve to
content on the OASIS web site.
- 887 • For services not related to gas business processes, or services not covered by
888 EDIG@S, no convention is defined in or imposed by this Usage Profile.

889 In situations where the data exchange has not been classified, the role values
890 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator> MAY be used for
891 the initiator role and [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
893 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
892 msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder) for the responder role. These are the default P-
Mode values for this parameter specified in section 5.2.5 of [AS4].

894 The non-normative example in section 3.1 uses the value “ZSH” for the initiating role header
895 element (EDIG@S code for Shipper) and “ZSO” (EDIG@S code for Transmission System
896 Operator) for the responding role header element. The other non-normative example in
897 section 3.2 uses the AS4 default P-Mode parameter values.

898 **2.3.1.2.4 ENT SOG AS4 Mapping Table**

899 ENT SOG maintains and publishes, in a machine-processable format, in collaboration with
900 EASEE-gas, the ENT SOG AS4 Mapping Table containing columns for the following values:

- 901 • EDIG@S process category (e.g. *A06 Nomination and Matching*).
- 902 • EDIG@S XML document schema (e.g. NOMINT).
- 903 • Document type element code for the **type** child element of the EDIG@S document
904 root element (e.g. *ANC*).
- 905 • Document type value defined for the document type element code in the EDIG@S
906 XML schema (e.g. *Forwarded single sided nomination*).
- 907 • **Service** value to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured
908 as the **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service** P-Mode parameter). For gas industry
909 exchanges, the values identify the gas business services that TSOs provide to each
910 other and to other communication partners.
- 911 • **Action** value to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as
912 the **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Action** P-Mode parameter). For exchanges that are
913 modelled in a service-oriented approach, the values identify the operations or
914 activities in a service. For exchanges that are not modelled in a service-oriented
915 approach, the default action [http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/as4/200902/action](http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
916 msg/as4/200902/action) specified in the AS4 standard [AS4] will be used.

917 • **From/Role** to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as
918 the AS4 **PMode.Initiator.Role** P-Mode parameter). This value matches the EDIG@S
919 *recipient_Marketparticipant_marketRole.code* (e.g. *ZSH*). Corresponding sender role
920 code value (e.g. *Shipper*)

921 • **To/Role** to use in an AS4 message carrying the EDIG@S document (configured as the
922 AS4 **PMode.Responder.Role** P-Mode parameter). This value matches the EDIG@S
923 *issuer_Marketparticipant_marketRole.code* (e.g. *ZSO*). Corresponding receiver role
924 code value (e.g. *Transit System Operator*)

925 Implementations of this profile MUST use the **Service, Action, From/Role** and **To/Role**
926 values to use specified in this table for the data exchanges covered by the table.

927 For business services, AS4 **Role** values MUST indicate business roles. If a Service Provider
928 sends or receives messages on behalf of some other organisation (whether in a delegation or
929 impersonation mode), the AS4 role values used relates to the business role of that other
930 organisation. There is no separate role value for Service Providers.

931 2.3.1.3 Message Correlation

932 AS4 provides multiple mechanisms to correlate messages within a particular flow.

933 1. **UserMessage/MessageInfo/RefToMessageId** provides a way to express that a
934 message is a response to a single specific previous message. The **RefToMessageId**
935 element is used in response messages in Two Way message exchanges. Whether two
936 exchanges in a business process are modelled as a Two Way exchange or as two One
937 Way exchanges is a decision made in the Business Requirements Specification for the
938 business process. In this version of this Usage Profile, all exchanges are considered
939 One Way.

940 2. **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/ConversationId** provides a more general way to
941 associate a message with an ongoing conversation, without requiring a message to
942 be a response to a single specific previous message, but allowing update messages to
943 existing conversations from both Sender and Receiver of the original message.

944 In this version of this Usage Profile, the following rules shall apply:

945 1. **UserMessage/MessageInfo/RefToMessageId** MUST NOT be used. The default
946 exchange is the One Way exchange.

947 2. **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/ ConversationId** MUST be included in any AS4
948 message (as it is a mandatory element) with as content the empty string.

949 The **RefToMessageId** and **ConversationId** elements may be used in future versions of this
950 Usage Profile, for example to support request-response interactions.

951 2.3.2 Agreements

952 The **AgreementRef** element is profiled as follows:

953 • The element MUST be present in every AS4 message.

- 954 • Its value MUST be agreed between each pair of gas industry parties exchanging AS4
955 messages conforming to this profile.
- 956 • In ebMS3, in principle, any value will do as long as, between two parties, the selected
957 identifier is unique and therefore distinguishes messaging using one agreement from
958 messages using another. For consistency, it is RECOMMENDED to use the following
959 URI naming convention:
960 *http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/<EIC_CODE_Party_A>/<EIC_CODE_Par*
961 *ty_B>/<version>*
962 where **EIC_CODE_Party_A** is the EIC code of the party that alphabetically precedes
963 **EIC_CODE_Party_B** of the other party, the version number is initially 1 and
964 increments for any update.
- 965 • Its value MUST unambiguously identify each party's X.509 signing certificate and
966 X.509 encryption certificate. In other words, if two AS4 messages from P1 to P2
967 compliant with this Usage Profile have the same value for this element, they are
968 signed using the same mutually known and agreed signing certificate (for P1) and
969 their payloads are encrypted using the same mutually known and agreed encryption
970 certificate (for P2). This is a deployment constraint on P-Mode configurations, in
971 support of the introduction of the ebCore Agreement Update protocol [AU].
- 972 • The attributes *pmode* and *type* MUST NOT be set.
- 973 Furthermore:
- 974 • It is REQUIRED that for every tuple of **<From/PartyId, From/Role, To/PartyId,**
975 **To/Role, Service, Action, AgreementRef>** values, a unique processing mode is
976 configured. This is another deployment constraint on P-Mode configurations.
- 977 • For a tuple of **<From/PartyId, From/Role, To/PartyId, To/Role, Service, Action>**
978 values, organisations MAY agree to configure multiple processing modes differing on
979 other P-Mode parameters such as certificates used, or the URL of endpoints, for
980 different values of **AgreementRef**. This includes the AS4 test service (see section
981 2.3.6), meaning two parties can verify that they have consistent and properly
982 configured P-Modes and firewalls for a particular agreement by sending each other
983 AS4 test service messages using the corresponding **AgreementRef**.
- 984 • Parties MAY also use different values for **AgreementRef** to target AS4 gateways in
985 different environments (see section 2.3.7), each having a different gateway endpoint
986 URL and possibly certificates.

987 2.3.3 MPC

988 The ebMS3 optional attribute *mpc* on UserMessage is mainly used to support the Pull
989 feature, which is not used in the current value of this Usage Profile. Therefore, the use of
990 *mpc* is profiled. The attribute:

- 991 • MAY be present in the AS4 UserMessage. If this is the case, it MUST be set to the
992 value *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*

993 *msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultMPC*, which identifies the default MPC, and
994 therefore MUST NOT be set to some other value

- 995 • MAY be omitted from the AS4 UserMessage. This is equivalent to it being present
996 with the default MPC value

997 2.3.4 Security

998 This section describes configuration and deployment considerations in the area of security.

999 2.3.4.1 Network Layer Security

1000 Commission Regulation 2015/703 states that the Internet shall be used to exchange AS4
1001 messages [CR2015/703]. When using the public Internet, each organisation is individually
1002 responsible to implement security measures to protect access to its IT infrastructure.

1003 Organisations use firewalls to restrict incoming or outgoing message flows to specific IP
1004 addresses, or address ranges. This prevents unauthorised hosts from connecting to the AS4
1005 communication server. Organisations therefore:

- 1006 • MUST use static IP addresses (or IP address ranges) for inbound and outbound AS4
1007 HTTPS connections.
- 1008 • MUST communicate all IP addresses (or IP address ranges) used for outgoing and
1009 incoming connections to their trading partners, also covering addresses of any
1010 passive nodes in active-passive clusters. Note that the address of the HTTPS endpoint
1011 which an AS4 server is to push messages to or pull messages from MAY differ from
1012 the address (or addresses) used for outbound connections.
- 1013 • MUST notify their trading partners about any IP address changes sufficiently in
1014 advance to allow firewall and other configuration changes to be applied.

1015 2.3.4.2 Transport Layer Security

1016 The Transport Layer Security settings defined in section 2.2.6.1 MAY be implemented in the
1017 AS4 communication server but TLS MAY also be offloaded to a separate infrastructure
1018 component (such as a firewall, proxy server or router). In that case, the recommendations
1019 on TLS version and cipher suites of 2.2.6.1 MUST be addressed by that component.

1020 The X.509 certificate used by such a separate component MAY follow the requirements of
1021 section 2.3.4.4 and 2.3.4.5, but this is NOT REQUIRED.

1022 The TLS cipher suites recommended in section 2.2.6.1 are supported in recent versions of
1023 TLS toolkits and which therefore are available for use. Support for these suites is
1024 RECOMMENDED. Whether or not less secure cipher suites (which are only recommended for
1025 legacy applications) are allowed is a local policy decision.

1026 This profile does NOT REQUIRE the use of client authentication. Client authentication MAY
1027 be a requirement in the networking policy of individual organisations that the AS4
1028 deployment needs to meet, but is NOT RECOMMENDED.

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1029 **2.3.4.3 Message Layer Security**

1030 The following parameters control configuration of security at the message layer:

- 1031 • The **PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Certificate** parameter MUST be set to a value
- 1032 matching the requirements specified in section 2.3.4.4.
- 1033 • The **PMode[1].Security.X509.Encryption.Certificate** parameter MUST be set to a
- 1034 value matching the requirements specified in section 2.3.4.4.
- 1035 • If a product allows selection of the type of security token reference, it MUST be set to
- 1036 a type supported by the counterparty.

1037 **2.3.4.4 Certificates and Public Key Infrastructure**

1038 In this Usage Profile, X.509 certificates are used to secure both Transport Layer and Message
1039 Layer communication. Requirements on certificates can be sub-divided into three groups:

- 1040 • General requirements;
- 1041 • Requirements for Transport Layer Security;
- 1042 • Requirements for Message Layer Security.

1043 The following general requirements apply to all certificates:

- 1044 • A maximum three year validity period for [leaf](#) certificates is RECOMMENDED.
- 1045 • A certificate for use in a production environment MUST be issued by a Certification
- 1046 Authority (CA).
- 1047 • The choice of Certification Authority issuing the certificate is left to implementations
- 1048 but is subject to review by ENTSOG.
- 1049 • The signature algorithm used by the CA to sign public keys SHOULD be based on
- 1050 EdDSA as used in this profile. RSA or ECDSA signing keys MAY be used. [As noted, the](#)
- 1051 [type of key used to sign the certificate and the type of the key that is included in the](#)
- 1052 [certificate data](#).
- 1053 • The issuing CA SHOULD, at a minimum, meet the Normalised Certificate Policy (NCP)
- 1054 requirements specified in [**Error! Reference source not found.**].

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1055 The following additional requirements apply for certificates for Transport Layer Security:

- 1056 • A TLS server certificate SHOULD comply with the certificate profile defined in [EN 319
- 1057 412-4].
- 1058 • If a single TLS server certificate is needed to secure host names on different base
- 1059 domains, or to host multiple virtual HTTPS servers using a single IP address, it is
- 1060 RECOMMENDED to use a Multi-Domain (Subject Alternative Name) certificate.
- 1061 Alternatively, wild card certificates MAY be used.
- 1062 • No additional requirements are placed on TLS client certificates.

- 1065 The following additional requirements apply for certificates for Message Layer Security:
- 1066 • Organisations MAY use a certificate issued by EASEE-gas.
 - 1067 • The type of certificate MUST be certificates for organisations, for which proof of
1068 identity is required.
 - 1069 • The issued certificate SHOULD comply with the certificate profile defined in [EN 319
1070 412-3].
- 1071 Section 2.3.4.5 references the EASEE-gas certificate profile. For certificates used for Message
1072 Layer Security it follows the EASEE-gas convention of including the party EIC code (see
1073 section 2.3.1.1) as recommended value for the Common Name. Alternatively, the EIC code
1074 MAY be used as the Subject SerialNumber or as the Subject OrganisationIdentifier.
- 1075 B2B document exchange typically occurs in a community of known entities, where
1076 communication between parties and counterparties is secured using pre-agreed certificates.
1077 Such an environment is different from open environments, where certificates establish
1078 identities for (possibly previously unknown) entities and Certification Authorities play an
1079 essential role to establish trust. Entities MUST proactively notify all communication partners
1080 of any updates to certificates used, and in turn MUST process any certificate updates from
1081 their communication partners. This concerns both regular renewals of certificates at their
1082 expiration dates and replacements for revoked certificates. See section 2.4 for a description
1083 of the use of ebCore Agreement Update to exchange certificates.
- 1084 Organisations MAY also use Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL) or the Online Certificate Status
1085 Protocol (OCSP). Individual companies should assess the potential impact on the availability
1086 of the AS4 service when using such mechanisms, as their use may cause a certificate to be
1087 revoked automatically and messages to be rejected.
- 1088 **2.3.4.5 EASEE-gas Certificate Profile**
- 1089 X.509 certificates used to secure AS4 communication MAY use EASEE-gas certificates that
1090 follow the EASEE-gas certificate profile.
- 1091 **2.3.5 Message Payload and Flow Profile**
- 1092 A single AS4 UserMessage MUST reference, via the *PayloadInfo* header, a single structured
1093 business document and MAY reference one or more other (structured or unstructured)
1094 payload parts. The business document is considered the “leading” payload part for business
1095 processing. Any payload parts other than the business document are not to be processed in
1096 isolation but only as adjuncts to the business document. Business document, attachments
1097 and metadata MUST be submitted and delivered as a logical unit. The format of the business
1098 document SHOULD be XML, but other datatypes MAY be supported in specific business
1099 processes or contexts.
- 1100 For each business process, the Business Requirement Specification specifies the XML schema
1101 definition (XSD) that the business document is expected to conform to.

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- For gas business processes covered by EDIG@S, in which the value content of **Service** is specified in the ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table, the **Action** is set to the default action and the exchanged business document is an EDIG@S XML document (section 2.3.1.2.4), for the business document part a **Property** SHOULD be included in the **PartProperties** with a name *EDIGASDocumentType* set to the same value as the top-level **type** element in the EDIG@S XML document, which is of type *DocumentType*. The mapping from a combination of **From/PartyId** element, **To/PartyId** and *EDIGASDocumentType* property values to XSDs MUST be agreed and unique, allowing Receivers to validate XML documents using a specific (version of an) XML schema for a particular sender, receiver and document type.
 - The part property *EDIGASDocumentType* MUST NOT be used with payloads that are not EDIG@S XML business documents.
 - When using the ebMS3 test service (see section 2.3.6), no XML schema constraints apply to any of the included payloads.
 - For certificate exchange (see section 2.4), the XML schemas specified in the ebCore Agreement Update [AU] specification for certificate update request, update acceptance and update exception MUST be used with, respectively, the *UpdateCertificate*, *ConfirmCertificateUpdate* and *RejectCertificateUpdate* values for **Action**.
 - For other services, in case the **Action** is not set to the AS4 default action, the mapping from **Service** and **Action** value pairs to XSDs MUST be unique, allowing Receivers to validate XML documents using a specific XML schema.
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1124 Some gas data exchanges are traditional batch-scheduled exchanges that can involve very
1125 large payloads. The trend in the industry towards service-oriented and event-driven
1126 exchanges is leading to more, and more frequent, exchanges, with smaller payloads per
1127 exchange. It is expected that the vast majority of payloads will be less than 1 MB in size
1128 (prior to compression), with rare exceptions up to 10 MB. The number of messages
1129 exchanged over a period, their distribution over time and the peak load/average load ratio,
1130 are dependent on business process and other factors. Parties MUST take peak message
1131 volumes and maximum message size into account when initially deploying AS4. Parties
1132 SHOULD also monitor trends in message traffic for existing processes and anticipate any new
1133 business processes being deployed (and the expected increases in message and data
1134 volumes), and adjust their deployments accordingly in a timely manner.

1135 In practice, there are limitations on the maximum size of payloads that business partners can
1136 accept. These limitations may be caused by capabilities of the AS4 message product, or by
1137 constraints of the business application, internal middleware, storage or other software or
1138 hardware. When designing business processes and document schemas, and when
1139 generating content based on those schemas, these requirements SHOULD be taken into
1140 account. In particular, business processes in which large amounts of data are exchanged and
1141 the business applications supporting these processes SHOULD be designed such that data
1142 can be exchanged as a series of related messages, the payload size of each of which does not

1143 exceed 10 MB, rather than as a single message carrying a single large payload that could
1144 potentially be much larger.

1145 2.3.6 Test Service

1146 Section 5.2.2 of [EBMS3] defines a server test feature that allows an organisation to “Ping” a
1147 communication partner. The feature is based on messages with the values of:

- 1148 • **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/Service** set to *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*
1149 *msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/service*
- 1150 • **UserMessage/CollaborationInfo/Action** set to *http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-*
1151 *msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/test*.

1152 This feature MUST be supported so that parties can perform a basic test of the
1153 communication configuration (including security at network, transport and message layer,
1154 and reliability) in any environment, including the production environment, with any of their
1155 communication partners. This functionality MAY be supported as a built-in feature of the
1156 AS4 product. If not, a P-Mode MUST be configured with these values. The AS4 product MUST
1157 be configured so that messages with these values are not delivered to any business
1158 application.

1159 2.3.7 Environments

1160 B2B data exchange solutions are part of the overall IT service lifecycle, in which different
1161 environments are operated (typically in parallel) for development, test, pre-production (in
1162 some companies referred to as “acceptance environments” or “QA environments”) and
1163 production. Development and test are typically internal environments in which trading
1164 partners are simulated using stubs. When exchanging messages between organisations (in
1165 either pre-production or production environments), they must target the appropriate
1166 environment. In order to prevent a configuration error from causing non-production
1167 messages to be delivered to production environments or vice versa, organisations SHOULD
1168 configure processing modes at message handlers so that messages from one type of
1169 environment cannot be accepted inadvertently in a different type of environment.

1170 2.4 ebCore Agreement Update

1171 Based on ENTSOG and other community requirements, an XML schema and exchange
1172 protocol for Agreement Updates [AU] was developed in the OASIS ebCore Technical
1173 Committee. This specification is currently an OASIS Committee Specification (CS). A
1174 Committee Specification is an OASIS Standards Final Deliverable that is stable and suited for
1175 implementation. The Agreement Update specification is similar to, but not to be confused
1176 with, earlier work in the IETF defining a Certificate Exchange Message for EDIINT [CEM].

1177 2.4.1 Mandatory Support

1178 As from 01.07.2017, implementers of the ENTSOG AS4 Usage Profile MUST be able to
1179 support ebCore Agreement Update for Certificate Exchange with their communication

1180 partners. Prior to that date, partners MAY use the mechanism, subject to bilateral
1181 agreement.

1182 Support for ebCore Agreement Update requirement entails the following:

- 1183 • AS4 products MUST be able to exchange ebCore Agreement Update AS4 messages.
1184 As AS4 is payload-agnostic, this imposes no special requirements on products. The
1185 only requirement on implementers deploying AS4 products is that these messages
1186 MUST use the **Service** and **Action** values specified in sections 2.3.1.2.1 and 2.3.1.2.2,
1187 respectively.
- 1188 • Mechanisms to create an ebCore AU document; use it to submit an update to an AS4
1189 configuration; convert the success/failure of such an update to a positive/negative
1190 ebCore response document; provide an interface to the AS4 MSH for submission and
1191 delivery of ebCore documents exchanged with communication partners.

1192 The AS4 configuration management API (see section 2.2.8) MUST provide all functionality to
1193 implement ebCore Agreement Update. However, direct integration of any functionality to
1194 process ebCore Agreement Update within the AS4 gateway is NOT REQUIRED. The
1195 functionality MAY be implemented in some add-on component or in an application that both
1196 uses the AS4 gateway for partner communication and is able to manipulate its configuration.

1197 It is NOT REQUIRED to implement a fully automated process to process certificate updates.
1198 Organizations MAY implement a process that involves approval or other manual steps to
1199 process certificate updates.

1200 Note that Agreement Update is also an EASEE-gas Common Business Practice [EGAU].

1201 2.4.2 Implementation Guidelines

1202 When using Agreement Update for Certificate Update, the following guidelines apply:

- 1203 • A party MUST obtain the new certificate that it intends to replace an existing
1204 certificate with significantly in advance of the expiration date of the certificate to be
1205 replaced.
- 1206 • Once a party has obtained the new certificate, parties MUST determine the
1207 communication partners and agreements that are using the old certificate. To each of
1208 these partners, and for all agreements, the party SHOULD send a Certificate Update
1209 Request as soon as possible.
- 1210 • The **ActivateBy** value in the update requests MUST be set such that the period in
1211 which the request is to be processed is sufficiently long. The definition of “sufficiently
1212 long” is partner-dependent, but should take into account that the process on the
1213 partner side may be a (partly) manual process. Therefore, time for validation of the
1214 request, including validation of the certificate and the issuing Certification Authority;
1215 time to create and perform a change request within the partner organization
1216 SHOULD be taken into account.

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- The specific **ActivateBy** value MUST be set to a date and time acceptable to the receiving organization. This MAY depend on working hours and staff availability, release schedules etc.
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- 1221
- 1222
- When an updated agreement has been created and agreed, it MUST first be tested using the test service, as described in section 2.3.6 of this document and section 3.5 of [AU]. These tests MUST cover test messages in both directions.
- 1223
- 1224
- 1225
- 1226
- The **ActivateBy** value SHOULD be set to a date and time sufficiently in advance to the expiration data and time of the old agreement, such that a fall-back to the old agreement, and any necessary troubleshooting, is possible in case any blocking issue occurs during tests.
- 1227
- 1228
- 1229
- If the updated agreement has been tested successfully, the regular message flow that used the old agreement SHOULD be re-deployed to the new agreement. The old agreement SHOULD NOT be used any more for new exchanges.
- 1230
- 1231
- The ebCore Agreement also provides an explicit Agreement Termination feature. Use of this feature is NOT REQUIRED, but may be agreed bilaterally.
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- Even in case of successful deployment of the new agreement, the old agreement SHOULD NOT be deactivated immediately. This is to allow any in-process messages that use to old agreement to still be processed. For example, a message that was not successfully sent and is being retransmitted due to AS4 reliable messaging may be received at a time when the new agreement has already been deployed. In this case, the configuration for the old agreement SHOULD still be available to successfully receive, acknowledge and deliver the message.

1239 2.4.3 Use for Encryption Key Updates

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1240 In addition to supporting updating the certificate used for AS4 message signing, ebCore

1241 Certificate Update MAY be used to update the static key of the recipient used in the

1242 ephemeral-static key exchange [used for AS4 message encryption](#). In ideal cryptographic

1243 protocols, ephemeral keys are only used once for establishing symmetric keys. It is

1244 RECOMMENDED to [change](#) ephemeral keys as frequently as possible, giving potential

1245 attackers less chance to break previous messages. Therefore, it is RECOMMENDED to use

1246 ebCore Certificate Update to update keys such that keys are replaced within 7 days. The 7

1247 day limit is the maximum lifetime TLS 1.3 [RFC8446] uses for session tickets which effectively

1248 break forward secrecy of TLS connections.

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1249 Automatic processing of ebCore Certificate Update messages (i.e. processing of update

1250 requests not requiring intervention by a human operator or non-immediate service

1251 management process) allows low-overhead, frequent updates of the static key contained in

1252 the certificate for the recipient for key exchange. The static key in practice approximates an

1253 ephemeral key.

1256 While ebCore Certificate Update packages keys using certificates, the certificates containing
1257 ECDH public keys do not need to be signed by a certification authority. As they are issued
1258 using signed ebCore Agreement Update messages, their authenticity is established.

1259 3 Examples

1260 3.1 *Message with EDIG@S Payload*

1261 The following non-normative example is included to illustrate the structure of an AS4
1262 message conforming to this profile, for a hypothetical `http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-`
1263 `msg/as4/200902/action` action invoked by a hypothetical shipper 21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z on a
1264 hypothetical service A06 exposed by a hypothetical transmission system operator 21X-EU-B-
1265 POQ0R-S. The detailed contents of the `wsse:Security` header is omitted.

```

1266 POST /as4handler HTTP/1.1
1267 Host: receiver.example.com:8893
1268 User-Agent: Turia
1269 Content-Type: multipart/related; start="<f8df1904-a6b9-422b-8239-6a971838503f@sender.example.com>";
1270 boundary="c5bae1842d1e"; type="application/soap+xml"
1271 Content-Length: 472639
1272
1273 --c5bae1842d1e
1274 Content-Id: <f8df1904-a6b9-422b-8239-6a971838503f@sender.example.com>
1275 Content-Type: application/soap+xml; charset="UTF-8"
1276
1277 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
1278 xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
1279 xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
1280 xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/">
1281 <S12:Header>
1282 <eb3:Messaging wsu:Id="_18f85fc2-a956-431e-a80e-09a10364871b">
1283 <eb3:UserMessage>
1284 <eb3:MessageInfo>
1285 <eb3:Timestamp>2016-04-03T14:49:28.886Z</eb3:Timestamp>
1286 <eb3:MessageId>2016-921@520999001264@example.com</eb3:MessageId>
1287 </eb3:MessageInfo>
1288 <eb3:PartyInfo>
1289 <eb3:From>
1290 <eb3:PartyId
1291 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z</eb3:PartyId>
1292 <eb3:Role>ZSH</eb3:Role>
1293 </eb3:From>
1294 <eb3:To>
1295 <eb3:PartyId
1296 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-B-POQ0R-S</eb3:PartyId>
1297 <eb3:Role>ZSO</eb3:Role>
1298 </eb3:To>
1299 </eb3:PartyInfo>
1300 <eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1301 <eb3:AgreementRef
1302 >http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z/21X-EU-B-POQ0R-S/3</eb3:AgreementRef>
1303 <eb3:Service type="http://edigas.org/service">A06</eb3:Service>
1304 <eb3:Action> http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action</eb3:Action>
1305 <eb3:ConversationId</eb3:ConversationId>
1306 </eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1307 <eb3:PayloadInfo>
1308 <eb3:PartInfo href="cid:0b960692-a3c6-4e85-80da-36009d3ae043@sender.example.com">
1309 <eb3:PartProperties>
1310 <eb3:Property name="MimeType">application/xml</eb3:Property>
1311 <eb3:Property name="CharacterSet">utf-8</eb3:Property>
1312 <eb3:Property name="CompressionType">application/gzip</eb3:Property>
1313 <eb3:Property name="EDIGASDocumentType">01G</eb3:Property>
1314 </eb3:PartProperties>
1315 </eb3:PartInfo>
1316 </eb3:PayloadInfo>
1317 </eb3:UserMessage>
1318 </eb3:Messaging>

```

```

1319 <wsse:Security xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
1320 seceext-1.0.xsd"
1321 xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-
1322 1.0.xsd">
1323 <!-- details omitted -->
1324 </wsse:Security>
1325 </S12:Header>
1326 <S12:Body wsu:Id="_b656ef2c-516"/>
1327 </S12:Envelope>
1328
1329 --c5bae1842d1e
1330 Content-Id: <0b960692-a3c6-4e85-80da-36009d3ae043@sender.example.com>
1331 Content-Type: application/octet-stream
1332 Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
1333
1334 BINARY CIPHER DATA
1335
1335 --c5bae1842d1e-

```

1336 3.2 Alternative Using Defaults

1337 The following example fragment is a variant of the sample message shown in section 3.1. for
1338 a data exchange that has not been classified using EDIG@S code values for **Service** and **Role**.
1339 Instead of an EDIG@S service code, it uses the default service value, as described in section
1340 2.3.1.2.1. Instead of EDIG@S role codes, it uses the default initiator and responder roles, as
1341 described in section 2.3.1.2.3.

```

1342 ...
1343 <eb3:PartyInfo>
1344 <eb3:From>
1345 <eb3:PartyId
1346 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z</eb3:PartyId>
1347 <eb3:Role>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator</eb3:Role>
1348 </eb3:From>
1349 <eb3:To>
1350 <eb3:PartyId
1351 type="http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x">21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S</eb3:PartyId>
1352 <eb3:Role>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder</eb3:Role>
1353 </eb3:To>
1354 </eb3:PartyInfo>
1355 <eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1356 <eb3:AgreementRef
1357 >http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/21X-EU-A-X0A0Y-Z/21X-EU-B-P0Q0R-S/</eb3:AgreementRef>
1358 <eb3:Service>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/service</eb3:Service>
1359 <eb3:Action>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action</eb3:Action>
1360 <eb3:ConversationId></eb3:ConversationId>
1361 </eb3:CollaborationInfo>
1362 ...

```

1363 4 Processing Modes

1364

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode.ID	Not used
PMode.Agreement	http://entsog.eu/communication/agreements/<EIC_CODE_Party_A>/<EIC_CODE_Party_B>/<version> @pmode and @type attributes not used.

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode.MEP	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/twoWay
PMode.MEPBinding	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/pushAndPush
PMode.Initiator.Party	Value is an EIC code. The @type attribute is required with fixed value http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x
PMode.Initiator.Role	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table or to AS4 default for test and AU.
PMode.Initiator.Authorisation.username	Not used
PMode.Initiator.Authorisation.password	Not used
PMode.Responder.Party	Value is an EIC code. @type attribute required with value http://www.entsoe.eu/eic-codes/eic-party-codes-x
PMode.Responder.Role	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table for business services.
PMode.Responder.Authorisation.username	Not used
PMode.Responder.Authorisation.password	Not used
PMode[1].Protocol.Address	Required, HTTPS URL of the receiver.
PMode[1].Protocol.SOAPVersion	1.2
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service	Set in accordance with ENTSOG AS4 Mapping Table, for business services. Default service for test; ebCore AU service for certificate update.
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Action	Default values from AS4, http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/as4/200902/action , for business services. Test action for test. The ebCore AU values for AU.

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Properties	Optional
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.MPC	Either not used or (equivalently) set to the ebMS3 default MPC.
PMode[1].Errorhandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo	Not used
PMode[1].Errorhandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo	Not used
PMode[1].Errorhandling.Report.AsResponse	True
PMode[1].Errorhandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer	True (Recommended)
PMode[1].Errorhandling.DeliveryFailuresNotifyProducter	True (Recommended)
PMode[1].Reliability	Not used
PMode[1].Security.WSSversion	1.1.1
PMode[1].Security.X509.Sign	True
PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Certificate	Signing Certificate of the Sender
PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.HashFunction	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256
PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Algorithm	http://www.w3.org/2021/04/xmldsig-more#eddsa-ed25519
PMode[1].Security.X509.Encryption.Encrypt	True
PMode[1].Security.X509.Encryption.Certificate	Encryption Certificate of the Receiver

P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.Algorithm	http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm
Key agreement algorithm	http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES
PMode[1].Security.X509. Encryption.MinimalStrength	128
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken. username	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken. password	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken.Digest	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken.Nonce	Not used
PMode[1].Security. UsernameToken.Created	Not used
PMode[1].Security. PModeAuthorise	False
PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt	True
PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt. NonRepudiation	True
PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt. ReplyPattern	Response
PMode[1].PayloadService. CompressionType	application/gzip
PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness	True

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P-Mode Parameter	Profile Value
PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness. Retry	True
PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness. Retry.Parameters	Not profiled
PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness. DuplicateDetection	True
PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness. DetectDuplicates.Parameters	Not profiled
PMode[1].BusinessInfo. subMPCext	Not used

1365

1366 **5 Revision History**

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
v0r1	2013-10-29	PvdE	First Draft for discussion
V0r2	2013-11-18	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Textual updates from discussions at F2F 2013-11-04. • Improved separation of the AS4 feature set (chapter 2.2) and the usage profile (2.3). For the feature set the audience are vendors and for the usage profile users/implementers. • Provided guidance for TLS based on ENISA and other guidelines (section 2.2.6.1). • Provided guidance on WS-Security based on ENISA guidelines, advice from XML Security experts (section 2.2.6.2). • Added test service (section 2.3.6). • Added support for CL3055 (section 2.3.1.1). • Guidance on correlation is now mentioned as an option only, leaving choice between document-oriented and service-oriented exchanges (section 2.3.1.3). • More guidance on certificates (section 2.3.4.4). • Added a section on environments (section 2.3.7). • Added an example message (section 3.1). • Values to be confirmed: five minutes for retries (section 2.2.5), 10 MB total payload size (section 2.3.5)
V0r3	2013-11-29	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Textual updates from F2F on 2013-11-21. • Added messaging model diagram (section 2.2.1). • Add note that Pull is not required to summary (section 2.2) • Added a diagram of AS4 message structure (section 2.2.3). • All payloads are carried in separate MIME parts;

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			<p>no support for external payloads; renamed from “attachments” to “payloads” (section 2.2.3.2).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The reference to TLS cipher suites is more general (section 2.2.6.1). • Simplified party identifiers, only EIC codes are allowed (section 2.3.1.1). • ENTSOG will publish Service/Action info (section 2.3.1.2). • Guidance on correlation is left to business processes (section 2.3.1.3). • Client authentication not recommended (section 2.3.4.2). • No preferred CA; state the 3072 is for future applications (section 2.3.4.4). • The test service is now in the Usage Profile as it can be provided via configuration (section 2.3.6). • The section on separating environments is simplified (section 2.3.7). • The usage profile on reliable messaging is removed. • Fixed reference to BSI TLS document (section 6).
V0r4	2013-12-04		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updates based on discussions at F2F, 2013-12-03 • Disclaimer added. • In 2.2.1, explained Sender-Receiver concepts are orthogonal to Initiator-Responder. • Updated guidance on payload size. • Added RFC 6176 reference. • Improved wording on environments. • Anonymous EIC codes in example.
V0r5	2013-12-06	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draft finalized in team teleconference.
V0r6	2014-02-14	PvdE, EJvN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updates based on team teleconference • Generalized title of 2.3.4.4 and updated content to reflect the new appendix on certificate

			<p>requirements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added discussion on key transport algorithms. Updated AES encryption from to http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc to http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-gcm following [XMLENC1].
V0r7	2014-04-22	PvdE	<p>ENISA comments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In 2.3.4.1, change use of firewalls from MAY to SHOULD. New section 2.2.7 which recommends IPv6.
V0r8	2014-07-28	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The AES-GCM encryption URI is identified using http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm. Moved the certificate profile into the Usage Profile section. Minor editorial changes.
V0r9	2014-07-30	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixed header dates. Accepted all changes to fix Microsoft Word change track formatting errors.
V1r0	2014-09-22	JDK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove “draft” and “not for implementation”. Add reference to PoC in introduction.
V1r1	2015-03-05	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New draft V1r1 incorporating first updates for 2015: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updates on Role, Service, Action based on meeting of 2015-02-17 (section 2.3.1.2). Message identifiers to be universally unique (2.2.3.1). Updated the example in section 3.1 accordingly. New profiling for AgreementRef, in support of certificate rollover (section 2.2.3.1 and 2.3.2). No need to be able to set MessageId, RefToMessageId and ConversationId as we’re not using them (section 2.2.3.1).

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V1r2	2015-03-09	JM, PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service and Action in example are changed to their coded values. • Corrected the current EDIG@S version to 5.1. • Various spelling corrections. • Profiling for MPC (another feature that is not used currently). • Added missing AgreementRef in message example. • Changed year in timestamps in example to 2016. • In section 2.2.1, the requirement to support Two Way MEPs no longer makes sense as it is inconsistent with the profiling of 2.3.1.3, which says that <i>RefToMessageId is not used</i>. Added a note that it may be added in the future.
V1r3	2015-03-18	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes up to and including v1r2 for ease of review. • Added more clarification on Communication vs Business partners. • Changed language on mapping table to not preclude that a future version of the table may be maintained somewhere else/by someone else. • Removed the BRS reference from the mapping table column list. • Added some comments on the relation (degree of overlap) between EDIG@S process categories and ENTSOG Service/Action values. • Added some text for a change (to be confirmed) from using EDIG@S process category names instead of category numbers, and from using Document Type names instead of Document Type code, and of Role names instead of Role codes. These are marked as comments and to be processed before finalizing the document.
V1r4	2015-03-24	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Service example, add a prefix http://entsog.eu/services/EDIG@S/ to indicate

			that a Service is based on an EDIG@S service category.
V1r5	2015-04-02	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accepted all changes up to v1r4 for readability. <p>Updates based on conference call of 2015-04-01</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In section 2.3.5, introduced the <i>EDIGASDocumentType</i> property and added further profiling of the PartInfo element. Renamed the Service Metadata Mapping Table to ENTOSG AS4 Mapping Table. Introduced the AS4 default action. Changed the example in section 3.1 to use agreed values. Clarified that roles are business roles in 2.3.1.2.4. In 2.3.5, allowed XSDs to be agreed not just per Service/Action, but also for a partner.
V1r6	17/04/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accepted some formatting changes and corrected some small editorial errors.
V1r7	20/04/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accepted all changes
V1r8	19/05/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New section 2.2.8 on configuration management.
V1r9	26/5/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update on certificate requirements
V1r10	2/6/15	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part property "<i>EDIGASDocumentType</i>" was replaced by an incorrect value in the message example in section 3.1.
V1r11	09/06/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated Service Field in message example with EDIG@S Code
V1r12	15/06/15	PvDE/JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved discussion of ENTOSG AS4 Mapping Table Editorial clean up Updated reference to Network Code to the Commission Regulation 2015/703. Removed a reference to an unpublished

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			<p>overview of certificate standards and requirements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated Agreement Update reference to ebCore Working Draft.
V2r0	17/06/15	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised to Version number to 2 for publication
V2r1	05/01/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added in confirmation of algorithm requirements
V2r2	09/06/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type attribute on PartyId in section 2.3.1.1 added. Type attribute on Service in section 2.3.1.2.1 added. In section 2.3.2, provided a URI-based naming conventions for agreements. In section 2.3.5, the schema is fixed for sender and document type for each receiver. In section 2.3.5, added that EDIG@S XML documents are encoded in UTF-8. Updated example in section 3.1. New section 4, PMode table. Updated reference to ebCore AU to current version.
V2r3	30/06/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removed statement on UTF-8 encoding of EDIG@S Added UTF-8 and BOM clarification to SOAP envelope encoding. In the example in section 3.1, added a missing closing tag <code></eb3:Property></code> and made ConversationId an empty element as per section 2.3.1.3. Added BP20 reference to bibliography. Removed an obsolete duplicate comment on type attribute on PartyId. Added discussion of security token

			<p>references and indicated a preference for BST in 2.2.6.2.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In 2.3.4.3, indicated that parties must select a compatible option for security token references.
V2r4	19/07/16	ICT KG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reviewed at ITC KG meeting
V2r5	22/08/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated Legal Disclaimer
V2r6	4/10/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated status of ebCore Agreement Update, due its approval as Committee Specification in the OASIS ebCore TC Updated Configuration Management API discussion in section 2.2.8 New section 2.4 on Agreement Update. Updated discussion of Service and Action also for ebCore messages. Fixed a typo in section 3.1, message ID was not RFC 2822 compliant. Many editorial changes, a.o. redundant white space.
V2.7	18/10/16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accepted all changes In 2.2.3.2, changed to reflect that compression is not guaranteed to take place when the compression P-Mode is set. In 2.2.6.1 changed "support TLS 1.2" to "at least support TLS 1.2". In 2.3.1.2.4, added "For business services,". In 2.3.1.3, rephrased as "as content the empty string". Fixed the wording in the first bullet in 2.3.5. In section, improved definition of PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service, Action and Role to include test and AU.
V2.8	24/10/16	JM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reviewed and corrected grammatical errors

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Created Rev 3 for publication following ITC KG & INT WG approval
V2.9	2/11/16	PvdE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minor editorial In section 2.2.3.1, add requirement that a Receiving MSH MUST use AgreementRef to select the P-Mode to use for a message: <i>"A compliant product, acting as Receiver, MUST take the value of the AS4 AgreementRef header into account when selecting the applicable P-Mode."</i> This is needed so that the right certificates are selected. In section 2.3.1.2.4, added the underlined eight words to the sentence <i>"Implementations of this profile MUST use the Service, Action, From/Role and To/Role values to use specified in this table <u>for the data exchanges covered by the table</u>"</i> to explain that for other exchanges, the profile does not apply. This is intended to help users that also want to use AS4 for other exchanges. In section 2.3.4.5, removed "Class 2" terminology for requirements, as the term creates confusion. Some CAs have different categories and/or constraints. The reference to NCP is now the only constraint. Renamed title of a section to include TLS as well. In CA section, clarified that many CAs do not support the use of EIC codes as CN in certificates, and that therefore this is not mandatory. In section certificate section, KeyAgreement requirement dropped. In the References section, upgraded to references to the ENISA report from the 2013 to the (most recent) 2014 version.

V3.0	PvdE		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added back in the 2013 ENISA reference as requested by ITC KG Approved as v3.0 by ITC KG
V3r1	PvdE		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the references of ETSI ESI European Norms to the current versions. Some re-structuring of requirements on certificates, making it clear the review process applies to all certificates and CAs. Harmonized "CA" as abbreviation for Certification Authority. Mention that EV certificates may be used. Mentioned options for EIC code in certificate.
V3r2	PvdE	2016-12-23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorporated improvements in the sections on Certificates, TLS and IP networking from the Interactive and Integrated profiles, to create a common base and consistency with the other documents. New minor section "Networking" in Usage Profile to cover IPv4/IPv6. Removed reference to private networks, as the network code states that the Internet is to be used and for consistency with other profiles.
V3.3	PvdE	2017-02-13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specified the use of the AS4 P-Mode values for <i>Service</i> and <i>Role</i> for situations where the data exchange is not classified. (For <i>Action</i>, the default value was already specified).
V3.4	PvdE	2017-02-24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added an example of unclassified exchanges using default Service and Role values in section 3.2. The other example is now in the subsection 3.1.
V3.5	PvdE	2017-02-24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In section 2.3.5, changed the requirement on presence of the EDIGASDocumentType part property from MUST to SHOULD.

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V3.6	PvdE	2018-03-27	<p>After feedback from implementators, ITC kernel group reviewed all “recommendations” (e.g. SHOULD instead of MUST) and checked whether they could be tightened. This version incorporates the decisions of the ITC KG.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section 2.2.3.1, UUID in MessageId. • Section 2.2.6.2, BinarySecurityToken. • Section 2.2.6.2, Key Transport Algorithms. • Section 2.3.1.1, checking delegation relations. • Section 2.3.4.1, use of firewalls.
V4.0	PvdE	2023-03-06	<p>DRAFT UPDATE</p> <p>Major revision on security algorithm and parameters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added references to eDelivery in sections 1 and 6. • Added reference to ISO 15000 in 1 and 2. • 2.2.6 is completely revised for both TLS and message layer security. • Simplified the certificate profile in 2.3.4.5. The previous text was out-of-date and did not add much value compared to the referenced sources. • Removed the section on networking in the usage profile that discussed IPv4 / IPv6 transition. This profile requires AS4 products to support both as stated in 2.2.7 so no additional usage profiling is required. • Updated section 6 (references), additional and updated.
	PvdE	2023-04-10	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated references for ETSI standards referenced in certificate section to their current versions.

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Made EDIG@S reference version-neutral. • Removed obsolete references to the CA Browser forum. • Fixed URLs for some EASEE-gas links. • Updated several IETF references. • Added reference to EASEE-gas CBP on Agreement Update.
	PvdE	2023-06-11	<p>DRAFT UPDATE continued</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processed comments from TSWG

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